The Courier-Journal.

VOL. XXXIX. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1869. NEW SERIES—NUMBER 356.

WASHINGTON.

Delay in Issuing the New Currency.

The Printing to be Removed to the Treasury Department.

Return of the British Minister to the Capital.

State Action on the Fifteenth Amendment.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

THE NEW CURRENCY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 24.—The Treasury Department report that the bank-note companies are still unable to furnish the requisite supply of legal-tender and fractional currency notes. They are now forwarding to the Treasury about forty thousand dollars per day, but at least two hundred thousand dollars is required to meet the pressing demands for all parts of the country. About $75,000 per day is required for issue in place of the mutilated currency redeemed, to say nothing of the innumerable applications from assistant treasurers, national banks and others. From present appearances it will be utterly impossible to meet the demand until the work is brought back to this city, where it can be executed promptly and with dispatch and not be retarded by strikes. The Department will on no account issue more currency from the old plates, and upon the return of Secretary Boutwell it is highly probable he will direct that the work be brought back to the Department.

The designs for the new five, ten, twenty and fifty dollars legal tender notes have not been determined upon, hence it will be some time before they will be ready for circulation.

MR. EDWARD THORNTON,

the British Minister, returned to Washington to-day from his summer vacation.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts for August average half a million dollars a day.

[To the Associated Press.]

STATE ACTION ON THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The records of the State Department show the following regarding State action on the fifteenth amendment to the National Constitution. Complete ratification—North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida—12. Defective ratification—Kansas and Missouri—2. Rejected in Delaware and Kentucky.

PAYMENT OF GOLD INTEREST.

On the first of September about $4,804,125 in coin will be taken from the Treasury to pay semi-annual interest on the 10-40 bonds. Amount of bonds outstanding $194,567,300. No further payments of gold interest will fall due until the first of November next, when $28,000,000 will be required to pay the semi-annual instalment of interest on the 5-20's.

A TENNESSEE DELEGATION.

Gov. Senter, Col. Nelson, Gen. J. A. Mowry, and Col. Jno. B. Brownlow, of Tennessee, are here, en route for New York. Governor Senter will return in a few days for the purpose of calling on President Grant.

ST. LOUIS.

ook Store Burned—Two Steamboats Destroyed by Fire—The New Orleans Sugar Frauds.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—A fire occurred this ening in the cellar of Frary, Cowan & ath's book store, corner of Olive and fth streets. Loss mainly by water, which nnot be ascertained to-night. The stock in re is valued at about $50,000; insured for 5,000.

eamers Evening Star and War Eagle re burned at the levee here about four lock this morning.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—The loss by steamboat fire this morning was: War le, $9,000; insured, $2,500 each in the tional of Boston, and the Home of New ven. Evening Star, Underwriters' valuation, $16,000; insured for $3,000 in the Home New Haven, and $10,000 in unknown offices, probably Pittsburg and Cincinnati.

enry N. Soria, of New Orleans, who was sted here last week charged with shipping foreign sugar upon which no duty had n paid, was examined to-day before U. S. mmissioner Eaton and his bond fixed at ,000. An officer from New Orleans has ved with a warrant for his arrest, and he l probably be taken there for trial.

CHICAGO.

arrest of a Murderer—Telegraphic—Kerosene Lamp Accident.

ICAGO, August 24.—Ike Berry, the mur r of Pratt, the deputy sheriff of Taze l county, who escaped, has been recaptur nd lodged in Pekin jail. His arrival cre l so much excitement in Pekin that the icers deemed it the part of safety to take to Peoria, where he is now safely ed.

hn J. Dickey, chief clerk in the office of superintendent Western Union telegraph his city, has been appointed superintendent of the Union Pacific telegraph line, with dquarters at Omaha. He enters upon the ition on the 1st of September. Mr. Dickey on of T. Lyle Dickey, of Ottawa, Ill., Assistant Attorney General of the United es. Mr. Dickey has had ten or twelve ' experience in the telegraph business.

rs. Patrick Haley and one of her children burned to death last night, and another er children seriously injured, by the explo f a kerosene lamp, the contents of which nd was pouring into the fire to make rn.

MADISON.

Rea Murder Trial—No Verdict—Body Found—Convalescing.

ADISON, IND., Aug. 24.—The jury in the of J. W. Rea, on trial for murder, has out since 4 o'clock yesterday, and up to lock to-day had failed to agree upon a ict. The general impression is that the will be discharged and the case tried n.

e Evening Courier has an account of the ng of the body of a man in the Ohio , at Plow-handle Point, supposed to be of a deck-hand that fell from the steamer Franklin on Saturday night.

nel M. C. Garber, senior editor of the ison Courier, who has been confined to room for several days with a severe attack nflammatory rheumatism, is now conva nt.

BUFFALO.

ival of Father McMahon—The International Exhibition.

FFALO, Aug. 24.—Father McMahon, long as a Fenian convict by the Canada au ities arrived to-day after an absence of three years.

kmen to-day commenced to erect an ional building adjoining the skating rink commodate engines and heavy machinery e international exhibition to commence ember 6th.

TOBACCO.

Crop Prospects in Southern Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, etc.

respondence of the Paducah Herald.]

first place, I would speak of the Lyon, Caldwell and Crittenden from all parts of which counties I farmers and others nearly every day. ot yet conversed with the first one not represent the tobacco crop as e poorest one for many years—not rd of the quantity planted has yet been . Another third of the crop may be topping within the next three . As for the balance, if it is ever topped have to be in October or November by frost.

m all the information I can gather, not three-fourths of the number of acres d last year have been set this summer, aking due allowance for seasons, etc., three counties will not make more than e quantity they did last year, and much must be of very poor quality.

Missouri I learn that the crop is forty per cent. more than it was last season, the crop was a very small one, and that injured by the frost.

the Ohio river, including Henderson, and Daviess counties, and a few of the s adjoining back of them, the crop is e nearly or quite equal to last year's, good seasons from this on, they will about as much as they did last season, ugh from this section we have some t of danger to the crop by frenching.

n the Western District of Tennessee and on Purchase, the crop, it is thought, better than last year's, though within last week we have complaints from rter as to the crops being cut short ght, etc.

Clarksville District, and the Green ntry, the crop is looked upon as lia e cut short one-third or more in y, while the quality must be inferior, unt of late planting of much of the

Virginia crop I have but little infor but so far it is said the crop in that will be one-third less than last crop. corn crop in some neighborhoods will light, while in others it will be a fair from no section do we hear that it is

wheat crop in our immediate vicinity is better one than last year's.

AN OLD TOBACCO DEALER.

NASHVILLE.

The Political Situation in Tennessee—The Senatorship—The Future Status of the Negro—State Convention—Weather—The Agricultural and Mechanical Fair.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

NASHVILLE, Aug. 24.—Affairs in Tennessee are about as quiet now as they have ever been in its history. Intolerance and proscription of any kind is almost unheard of, and, barring the newspaper discussions concerning the United States Senatorship, and whether there will be a convention or not, the material interest of the State mainly occupies the attention of the people.

Andrew Johnson will be in Nashville in a day or two on his way to Red Sulphur Springs, in Macon county, where he proposes to sojourn for a little time. The country press in Middle and West Tennessee are generally averse to Andy's Senatorial aspirations. His visit to the springs in Middle Tennessee is perhaps not so much to improve the tone of his physical system as to infuse a healthy Johnsonian tone into certain legislative individuals in that section of the State.

The statement of the New York World, which has elicited comment in certain Radical journals, that a great majority of the people of Tennessee desire to deprive the negro of his political rights, is utterly groundless. It is extremely doubtful if in a body of nearly one hundred conservative legislators there are five men who would feel disposed to interfere with the political status of the colored man in Tennessee.

A convention to amend the constitution will doubtless be called immediately after the convening of the Legislature, although the opinion obtains among the best lawyers of the State that the Legislature has full power in itself to make the necessary changes in the organic law, especially in relation to the removal of political disabilities from the whites now disfranchised.

It is raining to-night for the first time in six weeks, except a slight shower on the 8th.

The first annual fair of the Tennessee Agricultural and Mechanical Association will be held at Nashville during the week beginning October 18th. The prospects promise a fair that shall eclipse anything ever held outside of St. Louis, and will rival the famous affairs of that city. The buildings alone of the association under contract cost $90,000. Premiums to the amount of $16,000 are offered. Entrance free and open to the world. The association propose making it a complete and permanent affair, connecting with it a museum and library, and making it the exponent of Tennessee's motto—"Commerce and Agriculture." Prof. M. F. Maury is expected to deliver the opening address.

CAIRO.

Death from a Fall—Death from Heat—Prostration—The Weather.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

CAIRO, Aug. 24.—John Hamilton, whose fall through the hatchway of his furniture warehouse was reported some weeks ago, died at noon to-day. He had nearly recovered, but ventured in the intense heat of yesterday, became exhausted, fell and rolled off the sidewalk ten feet down a steep bank. The heat and fall combined caused his death. He leaves a wife and one child and was greatly esteemed.

Last night at 11 o'clock the thermometer indicated 90 degrees.

Mrs. Ellen Wayne went to bed at 10 and was found dead before 11 o'clock. It is not known whether heat or heart disease caused her death, but probably both.

Mike Mahony was prostrated by heat last evening. He is very low, but may recover.

Thermometer 97 in the coolest shade at 2 P. M. A storm arose at 3 P. M., lasting until dark, reducing the temperature to 80 degrees.

U. S. GRANT.

The Programme for a Three Days' Trip.

CONCORD, N. H., August 24.—President Grant will arrive here on Wednesday and stop a few minutes at Lowell and Manchester. A public reception will be held on his arrival at the State House. He will dine with Gov. Stearns and be his guest for the night. He leaves on a special train on Thursday morning for the Crawford House, via Littleton, and make the ascent of Mount Washington, then to Profile House and spend the night. Friday morning he will go to Burlington, via the Vermont Central railroad, and thence to Saratoga.

PROVIDENCE, August 24.—President Grant attended a re-union of the G. A. R. to-day, on the bay, three miles below this city. Secretary Boutwell, Senator Morgan and wife, Senator Anthony, and other distinguished parties were also present. At the college, he was received with a salute by the marine artillery, and welcomed by Gen. H. Rogers, to whose address the President briefly responded. Probably 10,000 people were assembled. The President was entertained at a clambake, visited various points of interest, and at two o'clock re-embarked with his friends for Newport.

PHILADELPHIA.

Fire—Scarcity of Water—Advance in Paper.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—At 2 o'clock this evening a fire broke out in a large four-story brick building on the northwest corner of Ninth and Wallace streets, used for manufacturing purposes, which in a short time was completely destroyed. The building was worth $50,000, and insured for nearly its value. The occupants, D. & W. King, woolen yarn manufacturers, have insurance of $18,000, which covers their loss. J. & J. Sled, in the same business lose $8,000; insurance $2,200. J. O. Mead & Co., silver ware manufactures suffer heavy loss. Four private dwellings were burned. The total loss will probably reach $100,000.

Owing to the stoppage of paper mills at Manyunk, which were run by water, the price of paper has advanced ½@¾c per pound. Some of the manufacturers are arranging to put in steam engines. These mills made fifteen tons of paper daily.

Accident on the Reading Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.—A report has reached here of a collision on the Reading Railroad this morning, above Morristown, by which nearly one hundred coal cars were demolished and two men killed. Two coal trains collided and were run into by another train. All the passenger trains have been delayed on that road to-day.

RAILROADS.

Opening of the Newburg and New York Railroad.

NEWBURG, N. Y., August 24.—The celebration of the opening of the Newburg and New York railroad at Newburg to-day was a very enthusiastic affair. A grand banquet was given at Moore's opera house. After dinner speeches were made by Judge Taylor, Mayor Clark, Judge M. J. Fisk, Jr., Homer Ramsdell and others. During the day flags of the city were displayed and salutes fired. The trains are now running regularly on the new road.

CUBA.

Emigrants Retreating Eastward—A Denial.

HAVANA, August 24.—The Governor of Matanzas, in a communication to the Captain General, says the insurgents have been driven from the neighborhood of Sagnala Grande, and that they retreated eastward.

Advices from Santo Esperitu are to the effect that General Quesada's forces had not appeared at that place, as was expected.

Weather Items.

MADISON, IND., August 24.—The thermometer stands at 99 degrees in the shade and 125 in the sun.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 24.—There was one case of fatal sun-stroke here to-day. Thermometer 90 degrees in the shade.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—Another hot day, the mercury standing at 97 this P. M. There is a strong breeze this evening, however, and indications of a storm from the north, which will doubtless break the intense heat which has prevailed for the past ten or twelve days. Several more deaths occurred to-day from the effects of heat and whisky.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—Thermometer at noon 91; during the afternoon 94. Sky hazy this evening.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The heat has been intense in Peoria during the past few days. Five cases of sun-stroke occurred there yesterday.

At Quincy, Illinois, to-day the thermometer ranged from 96 to 100.

RICHMOND, Aug. 24.—Weather showery yesterday and cloudy to-day. There were heavy showers yesterday and to-night at Staunton, Lexington, and old Sweet Springs.

Intolerant Newspaper Proprietors.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Aug. 24.—The proprietors of the Herald office to-day discharged their entire force of printers and filled their places with men from St. Louis. There was no difficulty about prices, but the proprietors claimed the right to manage their own business in their own way, which, it seems, was denied by the printers.

Base Ball.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24.—The game of base ball between the Mutuals, of New York, and the Olympics, of this city, this afternoon, resulted in another defeat for the Mutuals by a score of 15 to 33.

NEW YORK.

Financial and Commercial Markets.

Strong Speculative Movement in Railway Shares.

Last Phase of the Erie and Susquehanna Litigation.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Money shows no change. Call loans easy at 6@7 per cent. The volume of currency going West is somewhat reduced as compared with last week. The banks are taking very little paper. Gold was firmer on account of the decline in Federal bonds abroad, but exchange continues depressed. The exports of merchandise from New York the past week exceed four million dollars in gold value.

BONDS.

Government bonds were dull but held firm in view of the large purchases to be made by the Federal Treasury during the present week. Southern State securities were dull.

RAILROAD SHARES, AC.,

opened with a strong speculative movement for a decline. The leading fancies were hammered with much vigor. New York Central declined to 195, Harlem to 159¾, Hudson River to 177¼, Michigan Southern to 105¼, Wabash to 81½, Northwestern common to 84, Rock Island to 114¼, St. Paul to 77, and Pacific Mail to 98¼. From these prices there was some recovery in the afternoon, which was most marked in the Vanderbilt stocks, Northwestern, and St. Paul. This reaction was, however, mainly due to a demand to cover shorts, and confidence is general that prices must go much lower before any safe or permanent reaction can be obtained.

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

LIVE STOCK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Beeves—Receipts, 1,[illegible]; fair demand for a Tuesday's market, and fat cattle a shade firmer. Prime heavy Kentucky steers sold at 15¾c; light thin to fair Illinois droves, 12@13½c.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,374. The offerings better than usual, and fine qualities sold well. Sheep, 4@5c; lambs, 6@8½c; but fair sheep would not bring over 5¼c.

Swine—Receipts, 2,641. The sales included [illegible] rough Michigan, 187 lbs, 9¼c; prime Illinois quoted 10c; city dressed lower at 11¾c.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour is very depressed and good lines of extra State not salable at over $5 75. Wheat speculators [illegible] few loads entered store for account of consignees. Corn—Prime mixed not salable at the close at over $1 12. Oats—Several cargoes were closed out at 60c. The cheapness of oats has a depressing influence upon corn.

PROVISIONS.

Pork closed more active. Nearly 1,000 bbls were taken for trade and export, closing at $[illegible] 25. Lard sold down to 19c for prime steam. Cut meats very heavy.

GROCERIES.

Coffee quiet; Rio 23¼c. Sugar dull and in fair demand; prime grocery 11¾@12¼c.

FREIGHTS.

Small shipments of wheat at 8¾d by sail and 10d by steam to Liverpool and 10½d by steam to Glasgow.

EXPORTS

For the past week—Flour, forty-four thousand; wheat, six hundred and thirty thousand; rye, seventeen thousand; pork, seven hundred and forty; bacon, six hundred and sixty thousand; lard, million two hundred thousand; hops, eight hundred bales.

[To the Associated Press.]

THE ERIE AND SUSQUEHANNA LITIGATION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The Erie and Susquehanna litigation made its reappearance in the Supreme Court to-day before Justice Barnard, on the motion to punish Van Valkenburg and Pruyn for contempt in violating an injunction of the court restraining them with interference with the management of the road after the appointment of a Receiver by Justice Barnard. Messrs. Valkenburg and Ramsey were examined relative to the transactions of the Board of Directors since the injunction, and also as to the disposition of the books of the company, which are still carefully concealed, the only important information elicited being that the books are still at Albany, and not in the custody of Pruyn. The case was then adjourned over.

A BOGUS CHECK OPERATOR.

G. M. Lawrence, alias Matt Biddell, arrested for swindling a St. Louis firm, is also charged with bogus check operations.

STEAMSHIPS ARRIVED.

The steamers Cuba and City of Paris, from Liverpool, arrived this morning.

The steamers Silesia, from Hamburg, and the City of Dublin, from Antwerp, have arrived.

PROFITABLE SCAVENGERING.

The profit of one year's scavengering in our public streets, under the contract as at present arranged, amounted to $335,200.

THE QUARREL AT THE MORGUE.

The undertaker's quarrel over the dead body of Mrs. Somnoon, at the Morgue, was concluded yesterday by the interposition of the police, who gave the body over to the undertaker selected by the Coroner. It was then removed for burial.

GETTYSBURG.

Examination of the Battle-field—The Future Programme.

GETTYSBURG, PA., Au. 24—At a meeting of the officers this morning Col. Batchelder was invited to take charge of the exercises of the day. The party then repaired to the field for the purpose of definitely fixing the position of the troops in the first day's battle. Many interesting incidents of the contest were related as the party passed from point to point. Principal points of field roads, by which opposing troops advanced and retired, and places where prominent officers fell, were studied. Work to-day was confined to the ground covered by troops in the first day's fight, including Seminary Ridge. Examination was conducted in a spirit of fairness, the desire being to settle the controverted points.

On this afternoon the position of the 11th corps in the first day's engagement was determined. A large number arrived this morning, including many officers of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 6th and 12th corps.

To-morrow, Culps Hill, Cemetery Hill and vicinity will be visited.

On Wednesday evening there will be a ball in honor of the military and invited guests.

The Pennsylvania Coal Strike.

NEW YORK, August 24.—A special dispatch from Scranton, Pa., to-day, says the striking miners in all the recently striking districts in this section at a private meeting last evening voted to accept the terms offered by owners, and will resume work before the 1st of September. The agreement now is that workmen shall receive the same high prices for labor as miners employed by the Philadelphia Coal Company, at Pittston.

Accident of the Jeffersonville Railroad.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 24.—The freight train on the Jeffersonville road, leaving here at 7:05 P. M., broke through the bridge over Pleasant Run, three miles from this city. The Engine passed over safely but wrecked the tender and thirteen freight cars. One brakeman was hurt but not dangerously.

INDIANA PIONEERS.

Some Hunters of Kentucky Among Them.

A very interesting meeting of the old settlers of Rushville, Eastern Indiana, came off there the other day. Among the old men present were Joseph McPike 87, Peter Looney 84, James Blake 78, S. S. Durbin 77, John P. Thompson 75, Joseph Nicholas 74, Isaac Patterson 74, John Walker 72, Ryland T. Brown 69. The following queer old relics were exhibited: An old German bible, printed in 1618. An Irish hackle, brought from Ireland over a hundred years ago, by John Jenkins. A Latin edition of Isocrates, date 1553. A spectacle case, of wood, made by Rev. Robert Mooster, of whom it is said that he preached the first Methodist sermon this side of the Allegheny Mountains. A singular quilt containing over two thousand flowers, and no two just alike. Garments of different kinds, from fifty to one hundred years old. Peter Looney's old chair, made by himself, in Kentucky, in 1810. Colonel Joe Nicholas opened the ball in the speech line, and gave some interesting sketches of his early career. Born in Virginia, August [illegible], 1795, he had lived to see the population of this country grow from four to forty millions. He lived in Ohio in 1801, and came to the Indiana Territory in 1818. Elder John P. Thompson said he came from Kentucky to Rush county in 1821, with a wife, two children, a horse and two cows. He told of traveling straight through Rush county by making three circles and coming out where he started in the morning. He was followed by Peter Looney. Mr. Looney was born in Virginia, married in 1811 in Kentucky, and came to Indiana November 22, 1821.

☞ The Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston, intends to give a series of concerts in the Western States this winter.

WHEELING.

Four Sudden Deaths—One Suicide.

WHEELING, W. VA., Aug. 24.—Sabbath morning Sarah George, an elderly lady, residing in North Wheeling, was found dead in her bed. She retired the night before in good health.

An intelligent German named Wm. Berkley, clerk in Rhodes & Co.'s dry goods establishment, was found dead in his chair yesterday morning. His family had gone to the country Saturday previous. It was his intention to have joined them. Sunday morning, upon his wife's return, he was discovered as above stated. The jury returned a verdict of death from some unknown cause. He was a resident of this city.

A young man named Samuel Bradley, who had been visiting a friend in Parkersburg, was missed on Sunday. No clew of his whereabouts was obtained until this morning, when he was discovered in a carpenter shop, hung. It is supposed that he committed suicide. Cause unknown.

WHEELING, August 24.—In addition to the sudden deaths reported in previous telegrams, it is announced that a German named Louis Bergen, aged 39 years, was found dead in his bed this morning. Cause unknown. It is conjectured that the intense heat of the past few days has had a bearing upon these sudden deaths.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Democratic State Convention—J. Q. Adams Nominated for Governor.

WORCESTER, MASS., 24.—The Massachusetts Democratic State Convention met to-day, Hon. Chas. L. Woodbury, presiding, who, in his remarks advocated immediate freedom of the Canadas and of Cuba from the European subjections, looking to their ultimate annexation to the United States. Hon. John Q. Adams was nominated for Governor, and S. O. Lamber Greenfield for Lieut. Governor. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the prohibitory law, condemning the Legislature for granting charters to certain labor organizations, recognizing the duty of acquiescing in results already arrived at in national affairs, &c. The convention in the main was harmonious.

THE TURF.

Springfield Club Races.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., August 24.—The fall meeting of the Springfield Club opened very successfully. The race for horses that never trotted better than 2:38, was won by D. Bigler's b. m. Fanny, in 2:38¾, 2:41, 2:41, 2:43¾, and 2:39.

The purse for horses that have never trotted better than 3 minutes, was won by M. Carroll's b. g. Prince in 2:42¼, 2:43, and 2:41.

Eleven horses trotted. The races will be continued on Wednesday and Thursday.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Canvass Fairly Opened.

JACKSON, August 24.—The canvass has opened in Mississippi. J. E. Williams, a Conservative colored orator from Tennessee, and S. W. Manaway, colored, of Virginia, are here at work for the Conservatives. Judges Jefferds and Williams to-day publish their lists of appointments to address the people.

PITTSBURG.

Death from Sun-stroke—Killed by Cars.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24.—Thos. Anderson died from sun-stroke near East Liberty this afternoon.

An unknown laboring man was killed by the cars on the Pennsylvania Central railroad, near Wilkesbarre, last night. The coroner's jury failed to identify the body.

JAMES CROWDUS.

A Few Facts of History—Why He Was Hung by the Regulators.

[Correspondence of the Lexington Statesman.]

LEBANON, KY., Aug. 18.

In your notice of the murder of Jas. Crowdus by the self-styled regulators of Marion county, you make several errors which it may not be improper for me to correct.

James Crowdus was a native of Kentucky, and lived the whole of his life within five miles of the tree on which he was hung. He was, prior to the war, one of the largest stock traders in central Kentucky, and was reported to be very wealthy. He certainly owned as many as 2,500 acres of land and not fewer than thirty slaves, but was always improvident and was generally in debt. So honest was he considered, however, that in 1860 his word was as good for as much money as he desired. At that time no man stood fairer in Marion county than he, nor was there a more useful citizen in Kentucky. I knew him intimately from 1847 to the time of his death, and knew all of his surroundings. I venture to say there is not a prosperous man now within four miles of his old residence who does not owe his prosperity to the murdered man. He was open-hearted and generous to a fault, and spent several fortunes for the benefit of his neighbors. The writer of this letter knows that no man, young or old, ever appealed to him for material assistance in vain.

Crowdus had been married three times, first to a Miss Taylor, by whom he had seven or eight children; secondly, to a Miss Tucker, by whom he had eight children, and, lastly, to a Miss Cabell, of Casey county, by whom he has seven children. His last wife cannot be more than thirty-five years old, if that. He leaves seven children surviving him, one each by his first and second wife and five by his last. Both of his first wives were wealthy. I am thus particular to show that he came by his riches honestly, because you assert that "It is said by some that he came not by his riches honestly." He inherited a large estate from his father also. There is no man here who even suspected that he became rich dishonestly.

After the war broke out he was a sub-government contractor, and dealt largely in mules and horses. Like most contractors, he certainly had an easy conscience in dealing with the Government. In 1865 he was sued by his creditors for a large amount, and was compelled to sacrifice all his property. He was then virtually a bankrupt. In 1868 he filed a petition in bankruptcy and obtained a discharge. At the time of his death he was living on a rented farm, and was laboring hard to support himself and family, and was, as all his neighbors believe, living honestly.

In 1863-4-5-6 a band of horse thieves were committing continual thefts in eastern Marion county—Crowdus' part of the county. Crowdus had two very rascally sons, who were, perhaps, properly believed to belong to that band. One of these sons was run off by Lynch in 1866, and is now a resident of Texas; the other one was killed by a chum—William Grease—who was afterwards hung by a mob at Lebanon. James Crowdus was then accused of harboring horse thieves and other bad men. I never heard it charged that he himself ever stole anything. I do not doubt myself that he received stolen property—purchased it perhaps from the thieves.

In 1867 "Lynch" waited on Crowdus and ordered him to leave the State. He expostulated, and had two friends to go and see Lynch. A compact was then entered into of this nature: Crowdus was to prevent certain characters from coming about his house, and was to live honestly. Lynch was not to molest him for any past offense, and, if any new charge was brought against him, he was to have a fair hearing and timely warning. It is not charged or believed that he departed from his contract; nor is it believed that the real "Judge Lynch" had anything to do with the hanging. Crowdus had no possible apprehension of Lynch, but he was afraid of certain characters who were regulating the country around him. He was a fearless and brave man, and was never known to carry arms of any description.

On the night he was hung he retired early. About 11 o'clock his wife was awakened by a noise at the door; she aroused Mr. Crowdus and told him that there was some one at the door; he asked who was at the door, and was ordered to open the door. As soon as he heard the voice he became frightened, jumped out at a window, and was seized. While in the yard he was struck and kicked and used very roughly; he expostulated and begged for his life; his wife tried to get to him, but was prevented by the drawn pistol of a murderous desperado; his little girl finally got to him with his pants; the murderers then seized their victim and dragged him through mud and water, nearly a mile from his house; he was mounted then on a gray horse, the noose adjusted and his neck broken. There were only nine of these assassins—nine poor, pitiful murderers, each of whom is more despicable than Crowdus could be.

The grand jury, it is reported, and correctly, I suspect, indicted two of these assassins, one of whom has quite a reputation as a murderer. The names will be given you when the indictment is reported. Mrs. Crowdus and daughter recognized two fully, and there is other testimony which will fully support them.

This evening a letter was received from "Judge Lynch," in which he denies that Crowdus was tricked by "Lynch." He asserts that Crowdus had kept the contract which I have alluded to, and that he ("Lynch") has kept his part of the contract also. He adds that "Lynch" promised Crowdus protection, and that if the grand jury failed to investigate and find out the guilty parties, he ("Lynch") would investigate and hang the assassins on the limb to which Crowdus was hung. I may say that it is generally understood that the "Lynch" who hung the three men at Lebanon in 1866 has long ago abandoned his organization, and that his place has been assumed by a parcel of young scoundrels who deserve the rope.

I, as you know, detest all species of mob law. It is perfectly inexcusable; and I hold that if the Governor of Kentucky would do his duty, or had done his duty, this whole thing could be put down—would have been put down months ago. As it is, there is a perfect reign of terror in the country. The malice of a scoundrel may break your neck any night. Let Stevenson act, not with Wolford's "mealish," however, or—quit. Yours, X.

FOREIGN.

The Empress Eugenie on Her Way to the East.

Expected Arrival of U. S. Minister McMahon.

American Legation at Asuncion Pillaged.

Napoleon's Amnesty Enthusiastically Received.

Increasing Dissensions in the Spanish Ministry.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

ENGLAND.

THE ACQUISITION OF CUBA TO THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, August 24.—The Telegram, Liberal, in an editorial to-day, says if Cuba severed her connection with Spain it would be only to form a new bond with the United States. England could feel no jealousy at an aggrandizement which would complete the abolition of slavery as an institution. The loss to Spain would be unquestionable, but the ultimate gain to the colony and the cause of mankind can hardly be estimated.

TRADE WITH URUGUAY.

The steamer City of Rio de Janeiro has arrived here. She brought from Montevideo nineteen live oxen as an experiment, which has proved successful. A steamer is now building here for this trade exclusively. She will sail in about six weeks and others will follow.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

The postal service with Rio Janeiro has been extended. Hereafter there will be four mails monthly instead of two.

CROP REPORTS.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—From the mass of details of the condition and promise of the growing grain crops recently published, it seems the general impression that a continuance of the late dry and cool weather has been of immense service to the country. Much wheat has already been gathered, and another fortnight like the past and the crisis of harvest will be over. The copious rains which fell sometime ago, though they delayed, did not damage the wheat. A favorable change in the weather stopped the advance in wheat, but great fluctuation is still expected, as crops throughout Europe, with the exception of the interior of Russia, promise to be light.

BRITISH SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.

Dr. Huxley has been chosen to preside over the meeting of the British Association of Science next year in Liverpool.

THE INTERNATIONAL BOAT RACE.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Harvard four were out this morning in Elliott's boat, which was weighed up to the standard of Burnham's boat. They were steered this time by Singer. The performance of the new boat was generally satisfactory. It is thought the crew are more formidable opponents in this than any other craft which they have yet tried. In the evening the Harvard and Oxford crews both rowed over the entire course from Putney to Mortlake, the latter making the distance in 13 seconds less than the Harvards. The opinion is generally entertained by Englishmen that the Oxfords must win, but the appearance of the crews hardly warrants the assertion that either is superior to the other. The result will mainly depend on the skill of the coxswain and his perfect knowledge of the course. If the crafts are well steered from the Soap Works through Hammersmith's Bridge and past Aite Land, and then well together, the result will depend entirely on muscular force. Betting is two to one on the Oxfords.

THE YORK RACES.

LONDON, Aug. 24—The York August meeting commenced to-day, with a good attendance. The Zealand stakes for all ages was won by B. F. White's two year old. The Convivial stakes for two year olds was won by B. C. Kingcraft.

FRANCE.

EUGENIE EN ROUTE TO THE EAST.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The Empress and Prince Imperial have arrived at Lyons, on their way to the East.

THE SENATE

will meet to-morrow to hear the report of the Committee on the Senatus Consultum.

SOUTH AMERICAN MINISTERS.

The late American Ministers in South America, Gen. McMahon, from Paraguay, and Mr. Worthington, from Buenos Ayres, are expected here, on their way to the United States. It is reported that when Minister McMahon approached the lines of the allies, on his return from President Lopez's headquarters, he was badly received by the Brazilians. His escort, bearing a white flag, was attacked by some cavalry, although Count Deu had notified the army of the expected arrival of the Minister.

U. S. LEGATION AT ASUNCION PILLAGED.

The reported pillaging of the American legation at Asuncion is confirmed.

THE AMNESTY.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The official news of the amnesty to the French exiles was received with unequivocal demonstrations of gratitude and sympathy towards Napoleon and the Government.

FELIX PYAT

has returned to Paris.

SPAIN.

DISSENSIONS IN THE MINISTRY.

MADRID, August 25.—The dissensions among the ministry are increasing. Topete threatens to resign if Sorrilla persists in his severity towards the bishops.

THE CARLIST PRISONERS.

The Republicans have petitioned the government for better food and quarters for the Carlist prisoners.

TURKEY.

THE ROYAL QUARREL ARRANGED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 24.—A messenger has arrived from Alexandria with the reply of the Viceroy of Egypt to the Sultan. It was received by the Grand Vizier, who communicated the contents to the Sultan. Ismael Pasha gives ample assurances of his loyalty.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 24.—Consols for money 93¼; on account [illegible]. American securities dull; 5-20 bonds at London—'62s, 84¼; '65s, old, 83¼; '67s, 83¼; 10-40s, 78. '62s at Frankfort, 88½@87 and heavy. Erie 19¾. Illinois 95¼. Stocks steady.

PARIS, August 24.—Bourse excited; rentes 72f 42c.

LIVERPOOL, August 24.—Cotton market dull; middling uplands 13¾@13⅞d; Orleans 13¾@14d; sales, 8,000 bales, including speculation and export of 2,000. California white wheat 11s; red Western 9s 7d. Western flour 25s. Corn 31s 6d. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 103s. Beef 90s. Lard 77s 3d. Cheese 65s. Beans 60s. Common rosin 5s; fine 16s. Spirits of petroleum 8½d; do refined 1s 8d. Tallow 47s. Turpentine 27s 6d. Linseed oil 33s.

LONDON, August 24.—Flour 40s. Sugar 39s 9d and 40s on spot; afloat 32s. Calcutta linseed 60s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp, 54¼s. Cotton at Havre heavy at 164s.

Marine News.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The steamships City of Cork, Nova Scotia and St. David have arrived out.

CINCINNATI.

Tobacco Factory Released—Policeman Arrested for Murder—Sun-stroke.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 24.—The tobacco manufacturing house of John D. Roebles was released to-day from the seizure made a couple of weeks ago for the alleged use of counterfeit stamps. By examination at Washington the stamps proved to be genuine. The order for release came from Delano.

John Coffle, policeman, is arrested for murder. In arresting John Bibb last night he knocked him down. No unusual effects of the blow were seen at the time, but after going to the station-house he fell into a fit and to-day died.

Geo. Beberly, late of Pittsburg, Mo., died of sun-stroke to-night.

THE DOMINION.

Prince Arthur's Doings Yesterday.

HALIFAX, Aug. 24.—Prince Arthur was on the Garrison to-day with several of his companions. He afterwards attended a private picnic in the grounds of the Archbishop of Halifax. In the evening he was presented at a concert and received a most cordial welcome. Weather very fine and cool.

THE P. R.

Allen and Gallagher Disagree about Another Match—Patsey Reardon and Tim Coyne to Fight November 2[illegible]—A Card from One of Allen's Seconds.

[From the St. Louis Republican, 23d.]

Pugilistic circles were greatly excited yesterday over the prospect of another match between Allen and Gallagher. Gallagher's backers had proposed another meeting between the late combatants, to take place when and where the friends of Allen should elect. In response, Carroll and Thurston had published a proposal for a meeting within ten days, near Cincinnati, for $1,000 or $5,000 a side.

In order to come to a definite arrangement a meeting between the backers was held yesterday afternoon at Gallagher's saloon. Sherman Thurston represented Allen and John Looney was the spokesman for Gallagher. There was a good deal of blowing and badgering, as a matter of course. The published proposal on the part of Allen was rejected by Looney, who, however, declared that Gallagher would meet Allen the following day or on Monday, the principals to be attended by only two men, the party to go out in carriages and fight it out, without the presence of witnesses, for $1,000 or $5,000 a side. This proposition was declined by Thurston, and there the matter rests. It is not probable that Allen and Gallagher will meet again—at least not before the affair between McCoole and Allen is terminated.

REARDON AND COYNE.

Last night a match was made between Patsey Reardon and Jim Coyne. The following are the

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

ST. LOUIS, August 21, 1869.

Articles of agreement entered into this day between Patrick Reardon and James Coyne:

The said Patrick Reardon agrees to fight the said James Coyne a fair stand-up fight, according to the new rules of the London prize ring. The said fight to take place on Wednesday, the 24th of November, 1869, within fifty miles of Cincinnati, in the State of Kentucky, and shall be for the sum of $1,000—$500 a side, and the excursion money.

The battle and excursion money to be made a present to the stakeholder, and both parties leave it to the honor of the stakeholder to give the money to the winning man, according to the referee's decision, if he chooses.

That each man hereby agrees to fight at 142 pounds, and that either man exceeding that weight shall forfeit the money down. The weighing to take place the day before the fighting, between the hours of 2 P. M. and 4 P. M.

In pursuance of this agreement, $100 a side has been placed in the hands of Mr. ——, who shall hold both battle and excursion money, and shall remit said money to the winning man, if he chooses.

The second deposit of $100 a side shall be put up at Mike McCoole's on Tuesday, September 21st, 1869, between the hours of 8 and 10 P. M.

The third deposit of $100 a side shall be put up at Billy Carroll's saloon, No. 510 Market street, on Thursday, October 21st, 1869, between the hours of 8 and 10 P. M.

The fourth deposit of $200 a side shall be put up at Charley Gallagher's saloon, No. 1005 and 1007 Broadway, on Saturday, November 20, 1869, between the hours of 8 and 10 P. M., and either party failing to make the deposit as above-named shall forfeit the money down.

In case of magisterial or other interference, the referee shall name the next time and place of meeting, if possible, on the same day, and, in case there is no referee chosen, that duty may be assigned to the stakeholder, provided he is on the ground.

Both parties shall mutually agree whether the excursion shall be in boat or cars, and in case they cannot agree they shall toss for choice, ten days before the day of fighting.

In pursuance of this agreement, we hereunto attach our names.

THOMAS ALLEN,
On behalf of Coyne.
BERNARD FRAIN,
On behalf of Reardon.

A CARD FROM ALLEN'S SECOND.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer, 24.]

We last evening received the following card from Mr. Butt Riley, one of Allen's seconds in his late encounter with Gallagher. It sets at rest the many conflicting stories telegraphed and written from St. Louis:

CINCINNATI, Aug. 23, 1869.

To the Editor of the Enquirer:

Having been one of Tom Allen's seconds in his fight with Charlie Gallagher, on the 17th inst., I desire to correct some statements that were made in the public prints regarding the affair. I was in a position to know what did occur, and will give you my statement as briefly as possible.

In the first four rounds the fighting was very hard and fast, neither having the best of it. Up to the fourth round, Gallagher apparently led Allen, but in the fifth round the tide was completely turned. In this round Allen hit Gallagher where and as often as he wanted to, punishing him severely, and getting away without a return. He seemed to be completely at the mercy of Allen, either going down to avoid punishment voluntarily, or being knocked down. This state of affairs continued till the last round of the fight.

When time was called for the last round, Allen came up to the center of the ring, and stood waiting for Gallagher, who was still sitting in his corner. After the lapse of twelve or fourteen seconds, I told Gallagher's seconds to bring their man out to the scratch. Mr. Kelly, one of his seconds, walked out five or six paces from his corner, and threw up the sponge. This was, I consider, a token of the defeat of his principal. I have often seen it thrown up before, and it is always considered as being the end of the fight. As soon as the sponge was thrown up I went to the referee, Mr. Larry Wessel, and asked him if my man (Allen) had not won the fight. He nodded his head and said yes. Mr. Allen also asked him, and he gave the same answer. I then told Allen to go over to Gallagher's corner and shake hands with him. He went across the ring to where Gallagher was still lying on a chair, and putting his hand through the crowd that was in his (Gallagher's) corner, said: "Shake hands, Charlie; I've got the best of you to-day." Hearing this, Gallagher arose from his chair and struck at Allen, the blow catching him on the cheek and staggering him over toward me. I then jumped between them. I now told Allen to leave the ring, or he would be murdered by the rough crowd. The ring had been completely broken up by this time, and filled by those who had been outside the ropes; and, abused by men in a disgraceful manner from the moment he entered it, Mr. Allen and myself then left the ring, closely followed by the referee, who was in company with several gentlemen.

One of the gentlemen, Mr. Peter Dailey, one of McCoole's backers, expressed his opinion on the way home that Mr. Gallagher had committed one of the most cowardly actions he ever saw in his life in striking Allen after he had extended his hand to him. Mr. McCoole also expressed his opinion that the whole thing was an outrage, and that Allen had not had fair play. When I asked Jack Looney what he thought of it he told me to go to h—l; that they (the Gallagher party) had bought the bar on the boat for him, and he was going to see Gallagher win. As for the expression made by Mr. Looney, that he could buy any prize-fighter for $25, I will venture the opinion that he could not buy even the finger nails of any pugilist for that amount, or in fact for any other.

In regard to Mr. Kelly throwing up the sponge, I desire to make no misstatement. He did throw it up, in token of Gallagher's defeat, fairly and honestly. All the reporters of the press who were present and myself saw him do it. To do himself justice in the eyes of the many admirers of the prize ring he should make a clean breast of the whole matter.

BUTT RILEY.

FARMERS' CLUB PROCEEDINGS.

A Talk about Fruit and other Matters.

[Courier-Journal Official Reports.]

The club met for the first time in their new rooms, over the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, Third street. The meeting came to order by calling Mr. W. S. Prather to the chair.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

An earnest conversational discussion was entered into upon the labor question; but, as nothing new was elicited, nor anything practical suggested, the subject is passed over for the present. It would appear, however, from the general course of speculation as to Chinese immigration, that those who object to the European, on account of the aptness of the Caucasian race to discover and soon act upon their capability of independence, that this objection will not be entirely removed by the substitution of the Mongul, independence and prosperity being equally sweet to him, and more easily obtained, from his very limited wants. It would appear wherever they have had a fair chance as coolies, their tact in traffic and merchandising has soon been turned to good account; but altogether more reliable information seems necessary before we can turn with general confidence to this source of supply for our agricultural industry.

PREMATURE FALL OF FRUITS.

The chair was now vacated in favor of the President, and the question of the "premature fall of fruits" introduced by Mr. John Thatcher.

Mr. Thatcher proceeded to inquire into the causes of this fall, and what was necessary to prevent it. In the cultivation of [illegible] Mr. Downing proclaims against [illegible] of any system of cultivation, this fruit producing best upon the untouched meadow. He was rather in the habit of cultivating his orchard, and found a premature increase of pinwood in his trees. The peaches and apples will drop off, but he has observed nothing of the kind with the pear. He has come to inquire whether they are best preserved under cultivation or with [illegible]. He has never succeeded in maturing fruit from the pear with culture. His apples will fall before they are ripe, and not from curculio. He has no caterpillar nor insect of any sort. His trees are very large and fruit sound. It may be from too much pruning or not enough. Should like to have the experience of members on the subject.

The President said he had some trees cultivated every year and others not, all bearing equally well. Some apples also planted in [illegible] and cultivated, and some in the meadow [illegible]. The New York Pippin does not fall, and several other varieties, the New York Red and [illegible] do not fall. Different varieties do fall and late in the season all less or more. His Prior Reds, cultivated, do not bear every year. With him insects [illegible] to the apple in preference to the damson.

Mr. W. L. Prather observed the fruit falling from all his trees, Prior Reds and New York Pippins not excepted, and this with the very same treatment followed fifteen years ago, when nothing of the kind happened.

Mr. G. M. Prather said with him the pear matured itself better than any other fruit. He never thought of cultivation, but thinks the falling may come from change of climate.

Mr. Thatcher said the insects in fruit affects the smooth-skinned. Not finding that, they take to the rougher skinned fruit. Would it save the others, if sufficient smooth-skin fruit, plums and damsons were provided for them, and the crop of smooth-skin fruit not destroyed? The best remedy for curculio in the apple and other fruit was discussed in the Horticultural Society some time ago; but he found no effectual remedy. Watering the trees and sprinkling with air-slaked lime he found most successful, in the absence of smooth-skinned fruit. The curculio attacks the fruit twice, first when about the size of the fruit of the hawthorn, and again when hardening its stone. The first fall to the ground worms, and maturing, come up again. There has been a question as to what kind of insect the curculio is, if it could fly? He had caught some and put them in a phial to try the effect of bitter herbs, usually obnoxious to insects upon them, such as tansey, with sulphur and brimstone. If he could have dissolved the latter, he thought he might have succeeded in destroying them, but he could not and they escaped unharmed. He found they had the strongest wings, comparatively, of any insect he ever saw, and armed with a strong covering or sheath. The wings were much longer and stronger than those of the house fly, and to put tar round the stems of trees to prevent their getting into them, can do no good. They are certainly the greatest enemy we have, not only to smooth skinned fruit but to apples and peaches, and the rougher skinned we have; though on the rougher they create merely a blight; their sting not getting into the flesh the fruit outgrows it.

There seems to be a point in cultivated orchards causing wood to shoot, which does not mature or harden enough, and is therefore more easily affected by cold or heat and drop its fruit prematurely. This is not the case with the apple which remains healthy, but produces rapidly fruit that falls before ripening. We want a remedy for this. There is also a difficulty as to the proper time of putting away fruit. The browning of the seed is a certain sign with the pear, but apples fall before they attain this point, not a fourth nor a third reaching it, but frequently all falling before it appears. Seedling peaches do not look satisfactory in his place this year. Has dug round the roots for worms which bury in the bark of the root, scraping out these and sprinkling with ashes to dry up the wounds. The seedling is small and looking bad, but budded fruit does well. Has brought the question forward to draw attention to the results and get information.

Mr. B. Dorsey said he had apples and plums growing so close as to interlace each other and both falling off alike. Showing that the plum does not always protect the apple from insects.

Dr. Allen said fruit was generally sound this year. Finds the insects do not need pampering by providing smooth-skinned fruits for them. Had nectarines, peaches, apricots, and plums full of them, and a large lot of Lombard plums entirely destroyed. When these fail, they take the tender shoots, and will live away out where there is no fruit, among weeds or anything else. Damsons are not liked. The curculio is certainly good on the wing. Has had them get on the apricot and brush away the [illegible] this fruit they are perfectly tame, [illegible] be handled without trouble. An Illinois grower [illegible] something like an inverted umbrella upon a wheelbarrow with a padded bar in front of the wheel, and a slat with umbrella or hopper to admit the stump of the tree; when this is fixed under the tree it is butted with the bar, and the insects falling into the hopper are easily destroyed. This is repeated every morning, and the fruit matures better, any faulty falling away with the insects. Thinks fruit trees should be cultivated.

Mr. James Graham knew a gentleman whose fruit uniformly all matured. Asking his son concerning this, he gave as a good reason that all the fallen fruit was every day gathered up and burned. He also gave a recipe for preserving the tomato, a vegetable fruit he uses largely for wine and otherwise, instead of the fruit of the tree. Pick only the perfect and handle them carefully, laying them in layers in a crock or other convenient dish. Take pure rain water and to every three gallons add a gill of cider vinegar and cover them with the liquor, filling the vessel quite over them. This will preserve them quite fresh throughout the winter.

Dr. Thornberry has a very large orchard and a number of trees planted, at the same time, in the kitchen garden. While the orchard trees, not regularly cultivated, are rapidly dying out, those in the garden are all fresh, healthy and good bearers.

Speaking of the Catawba grape, the President said he had a vine like a tree, which had never been pruned, and which produced heavily every year. In his vinery, and where they are pruned, he finds no fruit. Took one bunch of a vine so treated, and turned it over a thorn tree, and this year it is so heavily loaded it actually breaks down the tree, while the pruned bunches are without fruit.

Mr. Theodore Brown had an arbor upon which he had trained a vine of this same fruit. One had not been trained and fell upon a pile of brush, where it bore well. After a while it was trained up with the other and quit bearing.

These instances were given in support of the general impression that close pruning upon our strong soil certainly destroys the bearing of the grape.

The meeting now adjourned till Saturday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to meet in their rooms over the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, on Third street, between Market and Main, east side.

J. G. DUNN, Secretary.

Railway News.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.
	LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.	
7:20 A. M.	No. 1 Memp. & Nash. Mail, (Daily except Sunday.)	10:25 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	No. 3 New Orleans Exp. (Daily.)	9:05 A. M.
11:15 P. M.	No. 17 Nashville Expr. (Daily.)	1:30 P. M.
7:55 A. M.	No. 7 Mt. Vernon Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	3:00 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	No. 13 Bardstown Ac. (Daily except Sundays.)	8:35 A. M.
	JEFFERSONVILLE, MADISON & INDIANAPOLIS R. R.	
6:30 A. M.	No. 3 Mail. (Daily except Sunday.)	3:50 P. M.
9:50 A. M.	No. 17, New York Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	11:10 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	No. 5, Express. (Daily.)	1:35 A. M.
11:30 P. M.	No. 7, Night Express. (Daily except Saturday.) Sunday special from Indianapolis	6:30 A. M. 12:30 P. M.
	LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.	
9:20 A. M.	No. 5, Mail	11:45 A. M.
3:55 P. M.	No. 7 Express	10:40 P. M.
11:10 P. M.	No. 9, Night Express	4:35 A. M.
	LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON RAILROAD.	
5:50 A. M.	No. 1, Passenger	10:40 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	No. 3, Passenger	6:35 P. M.
5:05 P. M.	No. 5, Lagrange Accom. (Daily except Sunday.)	8:10 A. M.
	LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO R. R.	
9:20 A. M.	No. 2, Chic. Mail & Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	7:00 P. M.

Over one hundred cars loaded with freight were shipped from this city over the L. & N. railroad Monday night.

The first passenger train passed over the Newburg and New York railroad Monday morning.

The Vincennes road will be opened to Vincennes within one week and to Cairo within a year.

By next Saturday the Fort Wayne, Muncie and Cincinnati railroad will be completed to Muncie, Ind., from Cincinnati.

Herring & Co., the safe manufacturers, propose to make a fire and burglar proof car to serve as a treasure car for express companies.

The county of Delaware, Ind., on Saturday last, voted by a majority of 400 a bond of one hundred and fifty thousand to the Lafayette, Muncie, and Bloomington Railroad.

Arrangements have been made for celebrating the completion of the Leavenworth, Atchison, and Northwestern railroad on the 4th of September.

The Louisville, Cincinnati, and Lexington railroad is doing an excellent freight business. An average of sixty cars are received and forwarded daily.

A St. Louis dispatch says the proposed extension of the Iron Mountain to the Pacific railroad depot encounters a formidable opposition.

Work on the Pensacola and Louisville railroad is being pushed forward as rapidly as the limited labor force will allow. The Superintendent has gone in search of additional laborers.

Work has been resumed in Johnson county, Missouri, near Pleasant Hill, on the Pleasant Hill and Lawrence railroad, and will be vigorously pushed forward. Work has also been resumed near Olathe, Kansas, on the same road.

A formal demand has been made on the Pacific Railroad Company to pay its indebtedness to St. Louis county, Mo., the amount being $8,010. These payments were for a county loan to assist in repairing damages done during the war by Sterling Price's army.

The track of the Missouri Valley railroad is now laid five miles north of Savannah, Andrew county, the grading and bridges are completed to the crossing of the One Hundred and Two river, and the work is progressing and nearly finished to Maryville, to which place it will be opened by December 1st.

All trains arrived and departed on time yesterday. The New Orleans express had a full trip of way passengers, but only eight through passengers. The tide of travel has turned Southward earlier than usual. The Southward train on the Louisville and Nashville railroad Monday night had forty through passengers.

Mr. Brooks, Superintendent Engineer of the Erie Railroad, has invented a plan for constructing boilers, so as to secure uniform elasticity to all its parts, including the over-lapping joints where the plates are riveted. He also recommends the application of "Ward's Automatic Equalizing Device" to all locomotive boilers on the road.

Colonel Folsom, Assistant Quartermaster United States Army, is in Knoxville, Tennessee, under orders from the Government, to take possession, as Receiver, of the East Tennessee and Georgia and Eastern Tennessee and Virginia railroads, for a debt of $[illegible], due the Government for engines and rolling stock, purchased at the close of the war.

The corporators of the Jacksonville, Pensacola, and Mobile railroad met in New York, recently, and organized a Board of Directors, as follows: Geo. W. Swepson, Milton S. Littlefield, John P. Sanderson, G. E. Wentworth, R. L. Stearns, J. L. ReQua, Calvin C. Dibble, and Wm. H. Hunt. Milton S. Littlefield was elected President. The capital stock of the company is $[illegible], which may be increased from time to time as the directors may deem expedient.

A Leavenworth, Kansas, dispatch of yesterday says: "The Board of [illegible] Commissioners to transfer the [illegible] in the Kansas Pacific railroad to John D. Perry, President, in consideration that he will build a bridge over the Kansas river at Lawrence. Assurances have been received from him and J. F. Joy, President of the Missouri Central railroad, that the work will be commenced [illegible] the Leavenworth, Lawrence, and Galveston railroad to its eastern connection at this point."

The New Albany Ledger of yesterday says: "Gen. L. M. St. John, chief engineer of the New Albany and St. Louis Air Line Railway Company, returned last evening from the headquarters of the survey parties along the line of that road. The first survey party was at Pikeville, Pike county, and the second was at Jasper, De-

this county, and were progressing quite rapidly. Gen. St. John reports the people of Gibson county working like beavers to advance the interests of the company, and every one is enthusiastic in the great work at hand. The spirit of enterprise displayed by the people of that county ever since the company was organized is worthy of emulation by the people of the other counties along the route."

The Cincinnati Pacific excursion is about to come to grief. The Enquirer of yesterday says: "The city papers, a few days ago, talked of the tremendous pressure that was being brought to bear upon the committee having the proposed Pacific excursion in charge. Several hundred of 'our best citizens' were fearful of being crowded out for want of room, as the editors say. It is proper to relate that this extraordinary demand for accommodation arose from the false impression that the trip was to be a free blow—an act of square-toed generosity on the part of the Pacific railroad directors, who, without any value received, were to furnish the needful transportation. Since this delusion has been exploded, and tickets have been fixed at (we believe) $250, the rush is not at all great, and there is not much danger of anybody being compelled to stay at home because unable to find a vacant seat."

That railroad men, travelers, capitalists seeking investments, and the commercial community, may fully comprehend the relative positions of Louisville and Cincinnati, each of which cities claim to be the center of trade and travel of the Ohio Valley, we give below the distances carefully compiled, by the railroad lines completed, and under construction and to be built at an early day:

Louisville to—	Miles.
St. Louis, new line, L., N. A. & St. L. A. L.	[illegible]
Cairo, new line, L., N. A. & St. L. A. L. and V. & C.	[illegible]
Evansville, new line, L., N. A. & St. L. A. L. and E. & C. R.	[illegible]
Chicago, lines complete	[illegible]
Nashville, " "	[illegible]
Chattanooga, lines complete	[illegible]
Memphis, " "	[illegible]
New Orleans, " "	[illegible]
Washington City, (new line, 260 miles, Lexington, Ky., to Covington, Va.)	545
Baltimore, (new line, 260 miles, Lexington, Ky., to Covington, Va.)	585
Philadelphia, (new line, 260 miles, Lexington, Ky., to Covington, Va.)	[illegible]
New York, (new line, 260 miles, Lexington, Ky., to Covington, Va.)	[illegible]
Norfolk, (new line, 260 miles, Lexington, Ky., to Covington, Va.)	[illegible]

Cincinnati to—	Miles.
St. Louis, via Ohio & Mississippi R. R.	340
Cairo, via O. and M. and new line from Vin.	[illegible]
Evansville, via O. and M. and E. and C. R. R.	[illegible]
Chicago, via lines complete	[illegible]
Nashville, via Louisville lines complete	[illegible]
Chattanooga, entire new line as proposed	[illegible]
Memphis, via Louisville	[illegible]
New Orleans, via Louisville	[illegible]
Washington City, lines now complete	[illegible]
Baltimore, lines now complete	[illegible]
Philadelphia, lines now complete	[illegible]
New York, lines now complete	744

Comparison of distances will then show—

Louisville to be 100 miles nearer to St. Louis than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 107 miles nearer to Cairo than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be [illegible] nearer to Evansville than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 10[illegible] miles nearer to Nashville than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 107 miles nearer to Memphis than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 107 miles nearer to New Orleans than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 4 miles nearer to Chattanooga than Cincinnati.

Louisville to be 60 miles nearer to Washington City than Cincinnati.

And that—

Cincinnati will be 7 miles nearer Chicago than Louisville.

Cincinnati will be 15 miles nearer Philadelphia than Louisville.

Cincinnati will be 31 miles nearer New York than Louisville.

Louisville and Cincinnati will be the same distance from Baltimore.

To the business men of Louisville we say take down your maps and railroad guides, make up and compare these figures and note the value and extent of trade you can and should command. Secure first the city subscription of $[illegible] to the Louisville, New Albany and St. Louis air line. This insures the completion of lines connecting us with St. Louis and Cairo.

Men, turn your attention and energies at once to the extension or connecting line between Lexington, Ky., and Covington, Va.—"distance 260 miles." You are then in connection with the shortest lines complete to Norfolk, Washington city, Baltimore and all points East on the Atlantic coast.

Louisville can do this, and should do it at once. Now is the time to act. Make this the attractive center for trade in tobacco, cotton, grain and manufactures; at the same time the central point for distributing by the shortest railroad lines to all points East, West and South.

River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati	OHIO No. 4	12 A. M.
Cincinnati	BEN FRANKLIN	5 P. M.
Henderson	TARASCON	5 P. M.

ARRIVALS—Aug. 24.

St. Charles, Cin.	Gen. Buell, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.	Morning Star, Hend.

DEPARTURES—Aug. 24.

St. Charles, Cin.	Gen. Buell, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.	Morning Star, Hend.

BOATS IN PORT.

Lizzie Tate, city wharf.	Judge Fletcher, city wharf.
W. S. Pike, Portland.	[illegible]
Lafourche,	Virginia, Portland.
Vicksburg,	

The river is still receding, with 3 feet water in the canal and 12 inches water in the chute. Portland bar is improving; three feet water was reported yesterday and the channel cutting out slowly. On Flint Island bar there is 4 feet water. Weather hot during the day, but cooler at night, with indications of rain. Business dull.

The Tarascon is the regular mail line packet for Henderson at 5 P. M. to-day, from Portland.

The work on Spottsville dam, Green river, commenced yesterday. The dam is in very bad condition and the repairs will cost a considerable amount.

Capt. Vanmeter, of the Ada Lyon, was in the city yesterday. From him we learn that the Ada will make two more trips to Green river, carrying materials for the repairs to the locks and dams, and then return to Evansville, when her machinery will be transferred to the new hull built for her.

The new Lizzie Tate will leave for New Orleans on Saturday, and owing to the extreme low water will go out flying light.

The Le Claire No. 2 passed Evansville yesterday with a full load and will arrive here in time to leave for Cairo on Saturday next at 5 P. M.

Portland bar was clear of boats yesterday for the first time for some days.

The Travis Wright, Capt. Tom Reiders' new Red river, packet is nearly completed and will leave for New Orleans next week. She is a handsome little craft and will have every requisite to adapt her for the trade for which she is intended.

Captains John W. Tobin, J. W. Blanks, and J. N. White are in the city. From the latter we learn that the beautiful Belle Lee is being put in splendid trim for the fall campaign.

A St. Louis dispatch of yesterday says: "The steamers Evening Star and War Eagle were burned at the levee here about four o'clock this morning."

Captain George Hazlett sold one-half interest in the [illegible], at Louis, on Monday, to Capt. McPherson, for $10,000.

In the Mississippi river trade there are now 910 steamers, with a capacity of 292,174 tons, and valued at $[illegible]. More steamboats are enrolled at St. Paul than at any other port on the Mississippi proper except at St. Louis, New Orleans, and Memphis.

The St. Louis Grain Elevator Company have constructed a new machine, on the endless chain or platform principle, for unloading boats. At intervals of four feet on the moving platform are fixed blocks, to hold barrels and hogsheads in place, the width being four feet, sufficient for a hogshead of sugar. It is run by steam, and is capable of unloading 1,000 barrels of wheat, 700 barrels of salt, or 150 hogsheads of sugar per hour. Sacks of grain can be unloaded as fast as they can be put on and taken off. It extends a distance of 80 feet, and reaches from the guard of the boat from which goods are to be unloaded, a considerable distance into the warehouse. It is also arranged so that it can be adjusted to high or low water.

The body of Samuel Copeland, mail agent on the exploded Cumberland, was found at Taylor's landing, eight miles below Shawneetown. Three other bodies were found but not identified.

A deck passenger, name unknown, fell overboard from the Ben Franklin, bound up, Saturday night, and was drowned, five miles below Madison.

River Telegrams.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 24.—Fine rain last night and to-day; it was much needed. The [illegible] arrived. The Hastings has been pulled off the bar at [illegible] Arrived—W. R. Arthur from St. Louis. Departed—Belle Memphis for St. Louis; Arthur for New Orleans. River falling and channel in bad condition.

PITTSBURG, August 24.—Monongahela 28 inches and rising. Weather clear. Thermometer 84 degrees.

CAIRO, August 24.—Port list: Pomeroy to St. Louis, ten A. M.; Belle St. Louis, St. Louis to Memphis, four P. M.; Bismarck, New Orleans to St. Louis, five P. M.; Leonidas, New Orleans to Pittsburg, six P. M.; Sam Brown, Cairo to St. Louis, six P. M. River stationary. Weather raining. Mercury 90 degrees.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 24.—Port list—Arrived and departed—The regular packets. River declining slowly. Guyandotte 3 feet, Augusta and Fourmile 4½ feet are reported by the latest arrivals.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 24.—Weather very hot this morning—98 degrees at 10 o'clock. Cooler this evening, owing to heavy clouds, which promise much rain to-night.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—Arrived—City of Cairo, from Memphis; Bob Roy, Keokuk; Clara, Kansas City; Bayard and Natrona, [illegible]; City of Pekin, Peoria; Beaver, LaSalle; Minnesota, St. Paul. Departed—City of Pekin, for Peoria; Bayard, Scott's Landing; Natrona, [illegible]; Mollie McPike, St. Paul; Mollie Able, New Orleans; Silver Bow, Miami; McPorter, and Adella, Chicago. River rising very slowly and a good stage above. Weather very hot and dry.

From Our Exchanges.

The St. Louis Democrat of Tuesday says:

[illegible]

NASAL CATARRH!
Throat Diseases,
BRONCHITIS,
CONSUMPTION!
Dr. I. WINSLOW AYER
of the
CINCINNATI
Throat and Lung Institute,
Has Established an Office in
LOUISVILLE,
176 FIFTH STREET,
BETWEEN GREEN AND WALNUT.

There is no disease which presents a greater diversity of symptoms—none more loathsome, insidious, and dangerous—than Nasal Catarrh, especially if complicated, as it almost always is, even from its first appearance, with an affection of the throat. From the earliest symptoms (which are generally attributed to a "cold in the head") to the various early and distressing stages through which the disease passes, the patient is hopeful of recovery, and rarely gives to it proper attention until certain alarming symptoms present themselves, denoting, unmistakably, the rapid advance of the malady to the lungs. Indeed, so various are the symptoms, that the presence of the disease is not always known, or even suspected, till it has reached a stage difficult, if not impossible, to arrest.

The disease may or may not be attended by a discharge from the nostrils or the throat, but there is usually a morbid secretion and a frequent disposition (especially in the morning) to clear the throat, and the effort to do so is often, though not always, attended by expectoration; there is a sensation of heaviness in the frontal part of the head, and the brain sometimes suffers to an extent producing headache, vertigo, and confusion; it becomes difficult to think clearly and to concentrate the mind; the memory becomes impaired, and the intellect enfeebled; despondency of spirits and an excitable condition of the nervous system. Such is the effect of the disease, and if to this train of symptoms (which not unfrequently tend to insanity and idiocy) we add many of the more loathsome physical effects, as caries or rottenness of the bones of the face and head, a most offensive smell to the breath, corrupt, morbid, and poisonous secretions, [illegible] or serious injury to the sense of smell, hearing, sight, and taste, we have a [illegible] of horrors which should lead any person to make [illegible] to eradicate the disease while [illegible] in a curable stage.

We have now the means of [illegible] curative agent directly to the parts diseased, and thus, by removing inflammation, by healing ulceration, and otherwise promptly correcting the evil by a direct process, but little medication is required, and speedy and radical cures result.

Now is the favorable time for treatment. Call personally for an examination if possible; otherwise write for a list of questions. Address
I. WINSLOW AYER, M. D.,
Lock Box 53, Louisville, Ky.
au18 dif F&Tu-1stp

DOCTOR HUNTER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and Rupture, all Urinary Diseases, Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success.

Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: Nervousness, seminal emissions, blotches, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, confusion of ideas, evil forebodings, aversions to society of females, loss of memory and sexual power, and rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured.

DOCTOR HUNTER publishes a Medical Pamphlet relating to venereal diseases and the disastrous and varied consequences of self-abuse, that will be sent to any address in a sealed envelope for two stamps. It contains the full symptom lists that will enable those affected to determine the nature of their complaints, [illegible] a personal interview, but where it is convenient the Doctor should be consulted personally.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year, must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice. Many physicians, recognizing this fact, introduce patients to the Doctor after [illegible]. Charges moderate. Cures guaranteed.

☞ Office No. 132 Third street, between Green and Walnut streets, near the Postoffice, Louisville, Ky. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.; Sundays, 10 A. M. to 12 M.

CURRIE'S
BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE

WE are sole Southern agents for the sale of this best and cheapest of Fertilizers. Any farmer using it will double his crops. Price per ton [illegible].
au18 dif-1stp HEWETT, HARDY & CO.

[illegible] we don't remember how many gallons per day, but we probably he paid his father $20,000, and is now the happy and very contented possessor of the princely [illegible]

The New Orleans Times of Sunday says: "We are informed on good authority that there is at present going on in St. Louis an organization of some of the merchants [illegible]

CHROMO TWILIGHTS.

Wonderful Meteorological Appearances in the Rocky Mountains Since the Eclipse.

[To the Editor of the Omaha (Nebraska) Herald.]

Your paper having recently taken quite an interest in all that pertain to the growth of the agricultural and mineral resources of Wyoming, will not, I presume, refuse a little space to the feeble description of a meteorological phenomenon that is now transpiring each evening in the skies above the Rocky Mountains in that romantic territory.

Since the recent solar eclipse, there have appeared upon the summit of the Rocky Mountain chain, what the inhabitants call a "second twilight," so brilliant with colors of various shades and fire lights as to pain the eye in its steady gaze upon them, and to leave an impression on the mind that will never be obliterated.

Just as the sun is about to set, a heavy mist gathers on the mountain, and growing denser and denser it shuts out entirely the last expiring rays of that luminous body; then all is darkness, or nearly so, for almost thirty minutes, when all at once the heavens become lit up from the horizon, all around, for up to a small circle in the center, with a vivid glow of the most dazzling chromatic colors, seeming as though a tremendous bonfire was ablaze below, throwing its glare in clear and steady flame above. This gorgeous and [illegible] beautiful scene lasts for nearly an hour, then it steals quietly away, and the moon, [illegible] dimmed by its fiery luster [illegible] pale shadows as it is wont to do in every other clime.

Now, what causes these chromatic twilights? They were never before witnessed by any of the oldest mountaineers. I was in this section at this season last year, and I have never seen so grand and so thrilling twilights, and these have only occurred since the great solar eclipse of the 7th inst. What does it mean? What does it portend? How does it originate?

Old Sunday—the [illegible] Chief—stands in silence each night gazing at this wonderful phenomenon, and when asked what he thinks about it, replies, slowly and sadly: "The [illegible] of the Great Spirit is made. He blows fire. The wigwam is in trouble! While men and [illegible] man bellow and afraid, for the Great Spirit is mad—he is heap angry!"

French Pete, the old trapper and miner, says: "It is now twenty-three years since I have seen the States. I have been eleven years in these mountains, and I have never seen such fiery nights. The winds are snappy, they blow milder and the air grows heavier. I don't know how to account for it. It has all happened since the eclipse of the sun. There will be a big fire some of these days that all the waters of the world will never drown out, and those days are coming rapidly."

If it be true, as one of the Professors of the Cincinnati Observatory says, that immense volumes of hydrogen gas were thrown out from the center of the sun to its surface, during the recent solar eclipse, how long will it be before the oxygen will be thrown out, and the carbon become the ruling and destroying element?

I give these particulars by request, and there are numbers of people in this city who, on last Sabbath and Monday nights, witnessed with me, this wonderful phenomenon, on the summit of the Rocky Mountain chain, [illegible] feet above the level of the sea. The Cheyenne and Laramie papers will endorse this description.

SALEM.

The Social Science Association.

SALEM, MASS., Aug. 24.—The Social Science Association, at its session [illegible] an invitation to visit the [illegible] institutions and courts offered [illegible] numerous [illegible]. The principal [illegible] by Prof. G. W. Hough, of Mattoon, Ill., and [illegible]

At the [illegible] The attendance was as much less to-day than at previous sessions.

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1869.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

Col. M. T. Christ[illegible] [illegible] Clerk of the House of Representatives, is a candidate for re-election.

The booths for the coming meeting over the Lexington Association Course were sold last Saturday to Patrick Farrel for $[illegible].

Mr. James D[illegible], of Virginia, has been elected Principal of Sayre Female Institute, Lexington, and has accepted the position.

The man Duncan, who refused to be arrested a few days since in the Bald Knob district, came into Frankfort [illegible]. He is charged with [illegible].

Lexington will have opened for the reception of female pupils this fall four denominational schools that make more than ordinary pretensions to be first-class female colleges.

Capt. C. C. McGinty was recently, through the influence of Hon. Sam. McKee, appointed Mail Agent between Covington and Nicholasville. After doing duty four days he was removed, to give place to Joseph Henderson, at the instance of Jesse R. Grant, the father of the President.

Frankfort has had a glut of shows. In the last few days it has been visited by several wonderful phenomena—among which may be numbered the Educated Pig, the Bearded Woman, and a Clairvoyant. The Yeoman of that city classes them as follows: The bearded woman is a lusus naturæ, the learned pig an intelligent swine, and the clairvoyant a—humbug.

Three men named Wm. [illegible], Thomas [illegible] and John Middleton, were stabbed in a barroom at Canton station, on the Kentucky Central Railroad, on Saturday, by James Pelly, who was arrested and taken to Independence, where, after undergoing an examination before Judge Webster, he was held to bail in the sum of $300 for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

Gustavus R. Sundberg, a watchmaker of Cincinnati, was found dead a few miles back of Covington a few days ago, and the jury of inquest returned a verdict that he committed suicide by shooting. Since then circumstances have been developed going to show that a murder has been committed, and a further examination into the matter seems to be demanded.

The well-disposed negroes of Paducah held a meeting on Saturday, at which speeches were made and a resolution passed condemnatory of the course pursued by some of the more turbulent and ill-disposed negroes of the city in regard to the late threatened attack upon the jail. It is thought that good results will flow from this action and that no outbreak may be apprehended.

An interesting and important case is now before the McCracken County Court. The Paducah and Gulf railroad wishes to pass from its present depot to the lower end of the city, on the Ohio river, through the land of Henry Enders and others. A jury has been called to assess damages and Q. Q. Quigley appears for Mr. Enders, and L. D. Husbands and Judge Ratcliff appear for the railroad company.

A singular accident occurred in Lexington on Saturday. A man went into Bosworth, Waide & Cooper's to buy a pair of boots. He held in his hand a bottle containing nitrate of silver, &c., and, while bargaining for the boots, the bottle exploded, the liquid flying in every direction, upon the clothing and into the faces of Mr. Dan Waide and young Spotswood, injuring (we trust only temporarily) the eyesight of both, and taking the skin off the man's hand who held the bottle, spoiling a coat of Willis Cooper's, &c. It is supposed the excessive heat of the weather caused the explosion.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Fernandina, Fla., ships turtles to Liverpool.

St. Louis is to have an illustrated German newspaper.

Bibb county, Ga., is to have a new courthouse.

Planters in South Carolina have commenced cutting the rice crop.

The late flood of the Nueces has destroyed the oyster beds in Nueces bay.

There were seven coroner's inquests in St. Louis on Saturday, four of which were deaths from sun-stroke.

A. Mat, Esq., of Fernandina, a native of France, has been appointed European Commissioner of Immigration to Florida from France.

The trade in sumac leaves is increasing in Virginia, and the probability is that in a few years at most a large business will be done.

Valuable lead deposits, it is said, have been discovered on the farm of a Mr. Eaton, some nine miles from Marble Hill, Bollinger county, Mo.

The corner-stone of a new Catholic church will be laid at Atlanta, Ga., on September 1st. A sermon will be delivered on the occasion by Rev. A. J. Ryan.

Hezekiah B. Hamilton, oldest brother of Governor Hamilton, died at his residence on the Pierdenales, thirty miles west of Austin, Texas, on the 11th inst.

Gen. Samuel H. Lewis, father of John F. Lewis, Esq., the Lieutenant-Governor elect of this State, died at his residence, in Rockingham county, on Monday last.

The Loyal League of Charleston, South Carolina, on Friday last adopted a resolution expelling Congressman C. C. Bowen from that body for infamous conduct.

A proposition is on foot to build a first-class hotel in St. Charles, Mo., to cost not less than $100,000. The funds are to be raised in stock, in shares of $100 each.

Tuesday evening, just at dark, Major J. W. De Vane, one of the first merchants of Opelika, Ala., was stricken down with a disease of the heart, and died instantly.

Two new school houses are to be erected in St. Louis—one at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Carr streets, the other at the corner of Seventh and Barry streets.

Judge Alexander Little died at Wadesboro, North Carolina, on Sunday last. The judge was an old citizen of the State, and was held in esteem by all who knew him.

The question of annexation to Alabama will be voted upon by the people of West Florida on the second of November, according to the Governor's proclamation.

A candidate in the interest of the workingmen, for the Mayoralty, is to be brought out in Nashville. This will make eight aspirants for that office. The race promises to be an exciting one.

On Saturday last Capper Springs, Va., situated some 16 miles west of Winchester, were sold at public auction, by L. T. Moore, trustee, to Mr. G. A. White, of Rockbridge county, the price paid being $11,100.

Ula Dobbins, a white woman of Northumberland county, Va., and Andrew Montague, a negro as black as Erebus, were married in Washington, D. C., on the 13th. The negro had been employed by the girl's father.

A man by the name of Blair was shot from the brush by some one lying in wait for him near Milan, Tennessee, some time last week. The party fled. Mr. Blair has since died from the effects of his wounds.

The citizens of Vicksburg are moving to secure possession of the marine hospital at that point when it shall be vacated by the military in January next. The Freedmen's Bureau have occupied it for several years.

The United States Government has entered suit on tobacco transportation bonds against forty-two persons residing in and in the neighborhood of the town of Danville, Va., it being alleged that they have violated the conditions stipulated in said bonds.

Colonel C. T. Crittenden, of Culpeper county, who was successively Captain, Major, and Lieutenant Colonel of the celebrated 13th Virginia regiment, and a conspicuous officer in the Confederate army, is a candidate for Sergeant-at-arms for the next House of Delegates of Virginia.

A few days since two young men, named Elmore brothers, were arrested in Greene county, Mo., charged with a murder in Tennessee. They were committed to the Springfield jail to await an officer from that State. The brothers had been in Greene county engaged in farming during the summer.

Young Hunnicutt, son of the noted Rad of that name of Richmond notoriety, in company with a young colored gent, broke into a colored woman's house in Tarboro, N. C., last week, and both were put in jail for it. Hunnicutt was released next day by some of his kinsfolk coming up from Greenville and paying his fine of $40.

The total majority of Colonel W. C. Sherrod, Congressman elect from the Sixth Alabama District, over the combined vote of Hough and Hinds, both Radicals, is ascertained to be more than 2,700. Colonel Sherrod, during the war, was a Major on General Roddy's staff, but has had his political disabilities removed by Congress.

John W. Wilkinson, one of the parties who broke jail in St. Joseph, Mo., in February of last year, and killed the sheriff's brother, has been arrested in Chillicothe, Livingston county, by the Marshal of that city, and, on the 15th inst., he was returned to his old quarters. He was originally charged with robbing the mail, but is now indicted for murder.

The manner in which the laws of the State are overridden in Virginia at the dictum of the one-man power is illustrated in the following sentence: At Pittsylvania County Court last Monday Wm. Leahy, who was removed from the office of sheriff a month ago because he could not give the usual bond, appeared and took the office again by order of General Canby, without giving any security.

The Alexandria (La.) Democrat of the 18th has the gratifying announcement that the Bayou Robert Internal Improvement Committee have gone to work in good earnest and energy. Three of the lakes in the Bayou Robert road have been drained and good brick and mortar roads made over them. Travelers can now move along without their pontoons, and no further fear of death by drowning need be apprehended.

It is estimated that the crop of sugar in St. Mary's parish, La., will not be so large by one-quarter as anticipated in May last. The lateness of the planting, the cold, backward spring, the imperfect stand in many instances, the incessant rains in June and July, the want of sufficient hands on the large plantations in laying by the crops, all combined, have materially injured the interests of the planters. They would have made a large crop had the weather been favorable.

Mention was made a few days since of a terrible outrage perpetrated by two negroes upon the person of Miss Thompson, a respectable young lady, residing with Mr. Thomas Marshall, near Front Royal, in Fauquier county, Va. The negroes were arrested and taken to jail, but the indignation of the community was aroused to a pitch beyond endurance, and the next evening a party of disguised men forced open the jail, took out the scoundrels and hung them till they were dead.

Indian depredations continue on the Texas border. A letter from Fort Mason, dated the [illegible], says on the 2d, Mr. Jackson, traveling with his wife and four children in an ox wagon, was attacked by five Indians on foot and three on horseback, about a mile above Rock Spring, on the main stage-road to San Saba. They shot at him, took his horse, with saddle and bridle, and would certainly have killed him and family if, not happily, two German wagoners had just come down the road from above. The Indians [illegible] in numbers of one hundred to one hundred and fifty strong between the head of the Concho and Central Station.

A correspondent of the Charleston (S. C.) News vouches for the following incident, which, if true, is certainly a most wonderful freak of nature: "There is living in the upper part of South Carolina a young ex-Confederate soldier, whose leg was amputated, during the war, near the thigh. After amputation the wound rapidly healed and he was sent home. About a year after a small protuberance was seen to grow out of the limb, which, in the course of a few months took the shape of a foot, and since that time it has been growing finely, until now the man has a perfectly new foot and leg growing from his thigh, which in a year or so promises to supply the loss of his leg in the first instance."

Jack Helm's party in Texas seem to have full sway, and the military and civil authorities alike powerless to check his lawless career. A correspondent of the Goliad Guard relates the following: "John Choate, Crockett Choate, —— Skidmore and one man, whose name we did not learn, were killed near San Patricio one day this week by Jack Helm's party. In the fight one United States soldier was killed and another wounded by Crockett Choate. Our informant also states that the rancho of John Choate was broken up, and that those of Helm's party who required fresh horses were supplied from the caballada of Mr. Choate. He furthermore states that Helm's party are moving in the direction of Beeville and Oakville."

A man by the name of Gregg, alias Roberts, was recently arrested in Carter county, Mo., charged with various offenses against the peace and dignity of the State, and of which the following is a brief abstract: "He claimed to be a rich lawyer from Polk county. He stole his last wife's horse and ran away. It was afterward ascertained that he had married five women, all of whom are living. He bought a farm, and did not pay for it. He then went to Wayne county and got a 'postch' as school teacher, but was frightened away by the unexpected presence of some Carter county people. He went off to a place some six miles from Greenville. Taught school two weeks. Went to prayer-meeting with a respectable young lady, and was there arrested. Beside his wanton bigamy, he seduced a young girl of respectable parentage in Carter county, and abstracted some clothing and ten dollars in money from a trunk that had been left at the house where 'Roberts' boarded by a young man from Illinois." It is thought he will retire to Jefferson City for a season of rest.

"Whatever others may do," says one of our Kentucky exchanges, "we will adhere to the name and principles of the old Democratic party." This is a style of argument which reminds us of the Confederate view of biscuit: "You'ns may take the corn-bread," said the cavalryman, "but biscuits is good enough for me." Nobody, except a Radical, doubts the virtue either of Democracy or biscuits, but it sounds eloquent and valiant in our contemporary to exclaim, "whatever others may do, we"—a great big "we" in small caps—"will adhere to the name and principles of the old Democratic party."

A Specimen Brick.

The fair and full operation of the Radical principle in the South is perhaps best seen in South Carolina where Radicalism has a more entire and unresisted sway than in any other Southern State. A majority of the South Carolina voters are black, and, if negroes are not elected to fill all the offices, no white men are selected except those whom the negroes prefer. The negroes are bound to be suited.

Among the South Carolina members of Congress is a man named C. C. Bowen. This Bowen, some time ago, was publicly branded by Alderman Mackey, the President of the Union League (that intensely Radical organization) of the city of Charleston, as a thief, a forger, and a murderer, and the Charleston News republishes the charges against him, avowing that its purpose in doing so is to enable the Radicals of the North to read and judge for themselves. The News justly remarks, that, as a member of Congress, Bowen has a voice in making laws not only for South Carolina but for all the States of the Union, and, that it is proper that the whole country should know the character of the men who control its destinies.

The charges of Alderman Mackey or President Mackey against Bowen are set forth in these words:

1. That C. C. Bowen stole a valuable set of faro checks from a gambler in this city, which checks were sold by Bowen in New York, where they were identified and ultimately recovered by the owner.

2. That C. C. Bowen was imprisoned in Castle Pinckney in 1867 by Governor Scott, then Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, on the charge of misappropriating the funds of the Union League.

3. That C. C. Bowen, then Captain of the Twenty-first Battalion, Georgia Cavalry, was tried by court-martial, found guilty and cashiered for forging pay-rolls, the result being announced in general orders from General Beauregard's headquarters.

4. That C. C. Bowen was arrested upon the charge of having procured the murder of Colonel White at Georgetown, South Carolina, in November, 1864; that he escaped punishment by the State at his accomplice, and was released from jail when the Federal troops took possession of Charleston, in 1865.

All this is specific enough. It is a curious series of charges to be made by a prominent Radical alderman of Charleston, the President of the Radical Union League of that city, against a Radical member of Congress. How will the rest of the Radical members of that body receive their South Carolina brother on his appearance at the Capitol? They will take him by the hand, congratulate him upon his election, bid him welcome to a seat among them, and rely upon him to aid them by his vote in the expulsion of the faithful representatives of Virginia and Mississippi and other Southern States and the consummation of political crimes generally. And how will President Grant receive him? Ah, he will treat him as worthy of all trust and confidence, rely upon him for his unhesitating vote whenever it shall be wanted, and in all probability appoint him, upon some convenient occasion, to a valuable office abroad or at home as a reward for his partisan services.

Official morals at Washington are in a deplorable state. Corruption pervades both the Executive and the Legislative Departments of the Government. The carcass of official patronage is alive with fattening worms.

An Invention that Plagues the Inventors.

A few days ago we copied a passage from the pen of a leading Radical editor, who, because a small portion of negroes in Virginia and Tennessee went for conservative Republican candidates in the late elections in those States, proposed the denial of the right of suffrage, by a new amendment of the Federal Constitution, to nearly the entire negro race in the United States, that is, the denial of it to all who cannot read and write. That editor, if the negroes shall hereafter show themselves, to any great extent, independent of Radical control, will no doubt be vigorously seconded and sustained by the Radical party generally in the proposed warfare upon black suffrage. A movement will be made to annul the fifteenth amendment with a sixteenth amendment.

The New York Tribune has a regular correspondent traveling and writing in the interests of radicalism. His last letter is from South Carolina. He speaks of the negroes as a race with infinite disgust. We do not know that he speaks more than the truth in regard to them, but he speaks that without mincing. He says, that not the color of their skin, but the propensity of their natures, the quality of their brains, renders them unfit to be relied on in anything. He pronounces them weak, unstable, faithless, subject to whatever influence a superior race may attempt to exercise over them. He bitterly rejects the idea of their being depended on as a political power by the party that enfranchised them. And the Tribune, the chief Radical organ of the country, publishes his views and opinions with no expression of disapprobation.

We have never doubted, for a moment, that, if the Democrats and Conservatives of the South, comprising, as they do, a large majority of the men of wealth, character, and influence in that section, should make anything like a regular and persistent effort to control by legitimate means the negro vote, they would soon control it. The Conservatives, by shaping and directing negro suffrage, can make the Radical party its deadly enemy. To them will belong the ultimate power to say whether it shall continue or be stricken out of existence. Probably they will find some natural gratification in having it continued long enough to make itself deeply felt by the Radicals as a just retribution upon themselves for their guilty agency in forcing it by the power of the bayonet upon the country.

The Louisville, New Albany and St. Louis Short Line Railroad.

We are informed that some action will be taken by our General Council in a short time—perhaps at the next meeting—in reference to President Bradley's proposition for Louisville, in a corporate capacity, to subscribe five hundred thousand dollars in the stock of the new short-line road to St. Louis. We have attempted heretofore to impress upon the minds of our councilmen and citizens a sense of the importance to Louisville of this connection by rail with St. Louis. We publish in our column of railway intelligence this morning a table of distances by railroad from Louisville to all the important points east, west, north and south, as compared with the distances between those points and our natural rival, Cincinnati. This table has been carefully and accurately prepared, and will be useful for reference to our business community and especially to those to whom the delicate duty of solving the problem of desirable railroad connections has been committed.

A reference to the map of Southern Indiana and Southern Illinois will convince any practical business man of the fact that it was the construction of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad (a road three hundred and forty miles in length) that diverted the trade of that wealthy district penetrated by, and tributary to, that road from Louisville to Cincinnati; and a perusal of this same map, and our table of comparative distances, will be equally convincing of the fact that not only all that vast trade may be regained, but that much greater additions to our commerce may be secured by the construction of the contemplated short-line road by way of Mt. Carmel to St. Louis, while we will place St. Louis one hundred miles nearer Louisville than Cincinnati.

New Albany, with a population of twenty-five thousand, has subscribed $400,000 to the stock of the company; the counties along the line of the road have guaranteed equally liberal subscriptions, and Louisville, which will derive by far the greatest benefit from the success of the enterprise, is asked to contribute but five hundred thousand dollars. We do not deem it the part of wisdom or economy to hesitate, every consideration of prudence urging us to make the subscription.

Japanese Immigrants.

The Japanese, who landed two or three months ago at San Francisco, lost as little time as possible. They showed, from the hour of their landing, that they meant business. They immediately established themselves in a locality previously selected by one of their number, threw off their coats, rolled up their sleeves, and went industriously to work raising tea and mulberry trees. The tea-nuts which they planted have flourished remarkably well, the trees are perfectly thrifty, and the immigrants are already, even with their brief experience, so entirely satisfied as to the capacity of the soil and climate to produce their specialties in abundance, that they have written home earnestly entreating their friends to improve their condition by coming at once to this country. Those who have seen them in their new home bear testimony that the quiet but thoroughly practical manner in which they go to work evinces a sense of the value of time and industry far beyond that manifested by any other people ever known upon this continent. We need not wonder that the drones among us, who have always been seeking to obtain the greatest possible compensation for the least possible amount of work, are jealous of the advent of the Japanese and Chinese to the lazy man's paradise. All will be changed soon, unless Congress, for political reasons, shall lay its paralyzing hand upon Asiatic immigration. And we do not think that Congress, however bad may be its intentions, can more than partially accomplish its purposes. The Japanese, without depending at all upon agents and the importers of labor, will no doubt come in great numbers to the United States with their own means and upon their own responsibility, and add vastly by their frugality, economy and industry, to the material wealth and prosperity of the country. They are more independent and self-reliant than the Chinese. To what extent they can, if wanted, be relied on to supply labor upon the plantations of the South, we are not informed, but we see no reason why their usefulness in that section should not be equal to that of the Chinese. The two nations are of the same race, and there is much general similarity in their habits, tastes, and capabilities.

Relief for the Lazy.

Notwithstanding the great and unsatisfied demand for plantation labor in the South and the extraordinary prices demanded and allowed there for negro hands, the Chairman of the National Freedmen's Relief Association issues an appeal for the relief of the thousands of negro vagrants who throng the capital, fighting at election times and begging and stealing at all other times. The chairman announces that there are no less than thirty thousand destitute negroes suffering for the want of the necessaries of life within the District of Columbia! What a condition of things such a statement reveals! It is shocking. The withdrawal of vast multitudes of blacks from the Southern fields of labor has of course operated very disastrously upon the interests of that section, but we might naturally expect that the people of the North, by whom the old system of black labor was broken up, would contribute freely to the temporary relief of the freedmen in their new situation. Well, how extensively has philanthrophy, in her Northern abode, given for the mitigation of the sufferings of the host of 30,000 perishing blacks upon almost the very verge of the North? The chairman tells the thrilling story. During the last year the association has received from the North one barrel of onions and a few potatoes, the whole, onions and potatoes together, worth $13 50, and the supply has been impartially divided out among the neediest of the needy thirty thousand, whose thanks are expressed in proper form! Oh Northern philanthrophy! Oh Radical love for the African race! how nobly thou exhibitest thyself in the distended eyes of an admiring world! Please, for the honor of human nature, keep up the godlike show!

A Frank Confession.

The New York Tribune speaks its mind very emphatically upon the infamous plan said to be entertained by General Canby and approved by the President and his Cabinet, of excluding from the Virginia Legislature all the persons elected who can not or will not take the iron-clad oath and giving their places to their defeated competitors:

We protest against this programme as involving perfidy, iniquity, and a most stupendous blunder. The only party that can be harmed by it is (as in Georgia) that which conceived and executes it. We have an overwhelming Republican majority in the Senate, so that there is not even the poor [illegible] excuse of necessity for perpetrating it. It is calculated to alienate the Walker Republicans permanently from the National party, and give the Democrats such an advantage as they gained by the Georgia blunder save in that State. It is a proceeding by the manipulation of which the Virginia members will seek to sacrifice themselves to the State of Virginia [illegible].

But, Mr. Greeley, if President Grant thinks that "the Republicans of the whole country" can "afford to sacrifice themselves on the altar of Wells's discomfiture," and if the Cabinet think that they can, and if Gen. Canby thinks that they can, can you magnanimously surrender your own ideas and complacently behold the sooty vapor of sacrifice curling up lazily from that altar-like umbrageal smoke from the ignited end of Grant's cigar?

The Next Census.

The census of 1870 will cause some important changes. In 1840 the West was represented in Congress by thirty members; after 1870 it will have eighty-two. In the Eastern States a very different result will be produced. Those States in 1840 had thirty-eight members, their representation will be but twenty-two after 1870. In 1846, the Atlantic Eastern States, as divided from the Southern, had one hundred and nineteen congressmen; after 1870, they will have but eighty-six. More than one-third of the next House of Representatives, elected after the census of 1870, will be from the West, and, united to the Southwest, will constitute a clear majority of the members of that body as well as of Presidential electors. When the census shall be taken and apportionment made for the first time in accordance with it, the South will have a full representation upon the negroes instead of three-fifths of them as now and heretofore. By this the South will gain thirteen members at least. 'Tis well that power is thus departing from the States that have long and grossly abused it.

Postponement.

The proposed drawing of the Henderson Land Sale on the 1st of September has, as will be observed by the notices in our local and advertising columns, been postponed from September 1st to December 28th. The event was exciting much interest, both at home and abroad, and by large numbers the drawing was awaited with anxiety. The postponement is judicious, and the letter of the Commissioners, who for high position and integrity are the peers of the very best men in Kentucky, will give increased confidence in the enterprise—a confidence we believe it to be fully entitled to.

☞ Grant's organs boast that he lately rejected the offer of fifty acres of land near the tremendous city of Bricksburg, New Jersey. The land, it is said, is not worth paying taxes on. Be that as it may, we ask whether Gen. Grant, after thankfully accepting scores of all sorts of presents from scores of all sorts of people, and thus creating the impression that he would accept whatever he could get, deserves credit for mortifying the last of his would-be patrons with a refusal? Did he not disappoint expectations fully authorized by his own uniform action?

☞ Grant, immediately after the war, made a tour through the South and reported to the Government that the Southern people were willing to accept the situation. But now, after the lapse of four more years, he cannot be persuaded by their protestations that they are willing to accept the situation, for, says he, "it is impossible for mature men to accept sincerely and *so suddenly* views and opinions which they resisted at such cost"! What's to be thought of such a functionary? Is he worth a thought?

☞ The New York Evening Post tries to defend Grant against attacks made by Democratic papers. Perhaps it had better defend him first against the damaging ones made by itself about three months ago.

☞ A farmer in Meade caught a watermelon thief the other night as the boys catch birds—by throwing salt on his tail. The salt was thrown from a blunderbuss.

☞ Attorney General Hoar keeps on hand all sorts of opinions, and the administration is invited to suit itself.

CITY ITEMS.

Beware of the Eggs which vermin lay for next year's crop. Cleanse your premises thoroughly with Lyon's Insect powder, and thus prevent the cockroaches, fleas, moth, bugs and other vermin from overrunning you with their broods next year. Lyon's powder will do it. Nothing else will.
Depot, 21 Park Row, N. Y.

☞ Go to J. C. Elrod's old gallery and you will see why everybody else goes there. Fine pictures and low prices. No. 136 Main street.

What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. P. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, July 16, 1869.

Dr. Wintersmith:

DEAR SIR: I am acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure. It gives me pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is strictly a vegetable preparation, and has, in my opinion, more than ordinary merit as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever of long standing, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.
J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of R. A. Gresham of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the alterative medicines in the market. I have found nothing to do me half so much good as Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Stillingia. R. A. GRESHAM, Louisville Transfer Company.

☞ Morris, Southwick, & Co. sell at auction next Friday afternoon a very desirable Walnut-street residence. See advertisement in auction column.

TAKE AS A PREVENTIVE.

The Reasons of its Superiority Over All Other Chill Remedies.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is not only an anti-periodic, but acts upon the liver also, so that in cases where persons are bilious, as indicated by sallow complexions, loss of appetite, &c., generally followed by chills and fever, or in higher latitudes or in more exposed situations by continued or intermitting fever, the use of this tonic for a few days will entirely remove these symptoms, and show evidence of its efficacy by restoring the normal clearness of the complexion, and in an increased appetite and a restored healthy action of the secretory organs. This is really the great advantage this tonic possesses over the so-called tonics now in use, the best of which are but anti-periodics, and whilst they may break the chill, they do not remove the cause of the disease, but leave the system in as bad or in a worse condition than when first taken. The use of this medicine is therefore indicated in cases where persons are exposed to miasmatic influences, and is as valuable in warding off attacks of bilious and other fevers as in curing chills and fevers. By the use of chlorine or carbolic acid in the sleeping chambers, and a proper use of Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup as indicated by the symptoms, a person may live and enjoy good health in the most malarious districts.

☞ We can recommend in perfect good faith Ward's Rheumatic Liniment. It has made surprising cures, and any one need only try it to be convinced of its virtue. It is only 50 cents per bottle, and will not only cure rheumatism, but relieve pains in back and limbs.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

What is Said of Walker's Tonic Bitters by Those Who Know their Worth.

We have seen the formula, and know what the solid ingredients in Walker's Tonic Bitters are, and we have no hesitation in saying that they are wholesome and well selected, and of the best quality.

We believe that when combined with the fine Bourbon selected by Mr. Walker, the result is a Tonic unsurpassed by any in the country.
HENRY CHAMBERS & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists and Chemists, Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky.

CANDIDATES.

FOR DOOR-KEEPER H. R.

We are authorized to announce W. THORPE ARNOLD, of Scott county, as a candidate for Door-keeper of the next House of Representatives.

We are authorized to announce R. A. THOMSON, of Franklin county, as a candidate for Door-keeper of the next House of Representatives.

FOR SERGEANT-AT-ARMS H. R.

We are authorized to announce Capt. J. M. HINES, of Bowling Green, a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives.

100 PIANOS AND ORGANS, from Steinway, Chickering, Gabler, [illegible], and others, at very low prices. D. P. FAULDS, 75 Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.

Of the finest quality, direct importation, at low prices to the trade. D. P. FAULDS, 75 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ House-keepers and all parties desiring fine English Tapestry, Brussels, and two-ply all wool Carpets, fine Furniture, &c., [illegible] should not fail to attend the sale of [illegible] K. Thixton & Co. Thursday morning, August [illegible], at 10 o'clock.

Rosadalis.

Dr. Lawrence:—My son was terribly afflicted for a long time with epilepsy or fits. He usually had from five to twenty a day. I tried the best medical skill without benefit. I then commenced giving him your Rosadalis. After taking it a few weeks, his fits began to decrease in number until about four months ago, when they stopped entirely. His general health has also been completely restored, and he is now a bright and sprightly boy. I believe that, if he had not taken your Rosadalis, by this time he would not have known day from night. I have also used the Rosadalis in my family, and know it to have been used by my neighbors as a general health restorer with the greatest success. Truly I can say that it is a medicine of *extraordinary merit*.
I am, sir, your obedient servant,
JAMES DAVIS.

☞ Cavalcade [illegible].

☞ All kinds of gold and silver watches, chains and rings, for sale at half price. JUL. WELLMAN, Exchange and Loan Office, 134 3d st.

At Cost.

A large variety of novels, at W. Scott Glore's, corner Third and Jefferson.

Testimony of a Physician.

NEWBERG, IND.

I have been selling Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges, and those using it have so far reported it as being superior to anything of the kind ever used by them. I cheerfully prescribe it as a very convenient and satisfactory way of using Santonin.
I. B. TILMAN, M. D.

☞ The Mason glass fruit jars have stood the test for ten years, and have given entire satisfaction. For sale at the ware-rooms of the Louisville Glass Works, Sixth street, between Main and Market.

☞ A general assortment of glass fruit jars, jelly glasses, jars, &c., at the ware-rooms of the Louisville Glass Works, Sixth street, between Main and Market.

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY,
—OR—
Santonin Lozenges.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges can be depended on as a certain and effectual worm-destroyer. It is not a secret nostrum, but is recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists.

To the Public.

EVANSVILLE, IND., June 24, 1869.

I cheerfully recommend Dr. R. A. Armistead's Tonic Syrup as a reliable compound for ague, chills, and fever, and the only one (out of the thousand preparations before the public) which effects a cure without leaving the patient in a bloated or diseased condition. I speak thus plainly from a knowledge of the remedial virtues of the preparation in my practice, as well as from the fact that the discoverer is a physician of high professional attainments and experience.
JOHN MAGENISS, M. D.,
Formerly Surgeon United States Army.
For sale by all druggists.

The Best Cologne.

One of the best colognes ever made is Burnett's, of Boston. It is equal to the Farina, and is much cheaper. Full confidence can be given it. We speak from actual experience.—[Baltimore American.

For sale (three sizes) by R. A. Robinson & Co., Peter, Powers & Cooper, and all druggists at wholesale and retail.

DIED.

HEWES—At 8 o'clock on the afternoon of the 24th inst., RODMAN, son of Captain Aaron Hewes, aged 30. The funeral will take place from the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. J. N. Kellogg, First and College, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

WALKER—On Tuesday evening, August 24, 1869, at 30 minutes of 8 o'clock, HARRIET FLETCHER, aged 1 month and 27 days, daughter of Gen. John G. and Sophie M. Walker.

The remains will be temporarily deposited in Cave Hill Cemetery.

OBITUARY.

HAYDON—In Bardstown, Ky., Aug. 2, 1869, WILLIE T. HAYDON, youngest son of Charles and Matilda E. Haydon, in the 21st year of his age.

It may truly be said of the subject of this brief and imperfect notice that "Heaven gives its favorites early death." So young, ardent, and hopeful, so universally beloved, the center and life of so large a circle of friends, the strong and beautiful tie which so strongly bound his brothers and sisters to the old home, the family hearth, where his wit and cheerful mirth gave so much of life and joy, the dear light of a devoted mother's heart, in whose brightness, youth, and love she lived, it is not strange that, to our dim vision, it did seem that he went from us so soon. Friends could not believe that he, the genial, warm-hearted youth, just entering his glorious manhood, so full of promise and so beautiful in prospect, was marked for early death. But they forgot for the time that God loved him too, and while their prayers and novenas were daily and nightly sent to Heaven for his recovery, His angels were preparing to receive his spirit, purified and blest, in a better world, where no sign of mortality e'er may come. God [illegible] hour. In the holy time of the jubilee, that time so [illegible], humble, care, and bondage; that time when the faithful drew so near the Redeemer as almost to hear the whispering of his angels, when the love and goodness of God pervaded every object and Heaven had almost come to earth, then the messenger came and bore him away, the most precious, most cherished object of that loved circle. The loving hands which had so tenderly cared for him in life, no longer needed, were folded up and with sad hearts and slow footsteps they followed his remains to the grand old Cathedral Church, and while he lay in the midst of its beautiful decorations, the choir, of which he had once been a member, in the most touching, swelling strains of music, sang requiem, and he, blest and purified above all earthly things, made his jubilee. Thank Almighty God for this holy, never-failing faith! He is gone, but only for a time. Born, educated, and dying in the Catholic Church, with all its consolations, we must believe "it is well with him." A few more years—nay, it may be sooner—and he now sad mother, whose heart is stretching out to meet her boy, will find her light again, and the brothers and sisters and the other friends, who loved him so tenderly, by the grace of God, may listen to the words and join their voices with his in angelic praises to the great Creator in another and better home. This is their comfort. May they look well to it, and may he, the light and joy of their hearts, rest in peace.
J. A. W.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Wonders accomplished through the agency of genuine Cod Liver Oil in scrofula, Bronchitis, Chronic Cough, Asthma, and even in Consumption, almost surpass belief. In John C. Baker & Co.'s "Pure Medicinal Cod Liver Oil" (each bottle of which is accompanied by medical guarantees of the highest order) the public have the best brand of the preparation known to the scientific world. JOHN C. BAKER & CO., No. 718 Market street, Philadelphia.
☞ For sale by all druggists.

MEETINGS.

Notice—T. of H. & T.

THE members of Louisville Temple of Honor (No. 5) are notified to meet at Temperance Hall, corner of Eleventh and Green streets, THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.
L. F. PEARSON,
J. D. BARNES,
Committee.

Masonic Notice.

Clarke Lodge (No. 51) A. Y. M. will meet in called communication at their hall, Masonic Temple, THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, Aug. 25, 1869, for work. By order of the W. M.
W. B. WOODRUFF, Sec'y.

Masonic Notice.

Mt. Moriah Lodge (No. 106) will meet in called communication THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, Aug. 25, at 7½ o'clock. By order of the W. M.
CHAS. E. FOLEY, Sec'y.

Notice to Stockholders.

LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT RAILROAD CO., PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, LOUISVILLE, Aug. 20, 1869.

THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company at the depot in Louisville, on Tuesday, September 7th, 1869, from 9 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M., to elect six Directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought before them.
EDWARD D. HOBBS, President.

Notice.

THE stockholders of the People's Bank of Kentucky are hereby notified that the regular annual meeting for the election of directors and other purposes will be held at the Bank in this city on Monday, the 4th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M.
JAMES H. HUBER, Cashier.

Henderson Land Sale!

Postponement of Drawing to Dec. 28.

Correspondence Between Mr. Wm. McClain and the Commissioners.

Messrs. Banks and others, Commissioners appointed [illegible]:

GENTLEMEN: I regret that I am compelled to ask at your hands a postponement of the drawing of prizes in the Henderson County (Ky.) Land Sale. Although a great many tickets have been sold, a sufficient number have not been disposed of to justify the sale of the property without loss to myself, or [illegible] which I do not intend to do. If you will give me until the 28th day of December, 1869, I feel confident of disposing of all the tickets by that time. I am, gentlemen, [illegible] WILLIAM McCLAIN.
HENDERSON, KY., Aug. 24, 1869.

Reply of the Commissioners.

The undersigned, commissioners to manage the Henderson Land Sale, regret to announce to the public that a sufficient number of tickets have not been disposed of to justify the proprietor in allowing a transfer of the property on the 1st of September, and they have concluded to postpone the drawing until the 28th day of December, 1869.

A large number of tickets have been sold, and we entertain but little doubt that all will be disposed of by the time fixed above. [illegible]

[illegible]
T. S. HOLLOWAY,
[illegible]
Commissioners.
HENDERSON, KY., Aug. 24, 1869.

Madame Prentice,

The Great Natural Clairvoyant.

THE afflicted (whether in mind or body) will consult her with the most entire confidence [illegible].

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

I HAVE now on hand and for sale at my daily auction [illegible]
D. L. Hagerman, [illegible], Herman Mook, Auctioneers.

Notice.

[illegible] Black Stocking Ring, and, although aware of the superiority of the [illegible] we consider it as leading [illegible].

$85 WATCH FREE TO EVERY AGENT! Business entirely new. [illegible] Address C. S. M. Co., Biddeford, Maine.

Notice.

AN election will be held in Clarke county on Thursday, the 30th of September, 1869, whether or not said county will subscribe fifty thousand dollars to the capital stock of the Kentucky River Navigation Company.

Executive Committee,

GERMAN OPERA HOUSE,
LOUISVILLE, August 21, 1869.

A CALL of twenty per cent. on the capital stock subscribed is hereby demanded of the subscribers to the above Hall, payable from this date till the 15th of September, 1869, which may be paid at either of the following banks, who will give proper receipts for the same:

German Insurance Company;
German Security Bank;
German Savings Bank—John Smidt & Co.;
Western Insurance and Banking Company;
Masonic Savings Bank;
German Bank and Insurance Company.

JULIUS DORN, President.
G. BAURMANN, Treasurer.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of George Grumback, deceased, are requested to present the same for payment within thirty days at my office, on Jefferson street, south side, between Fourth and Fifth, No. 1[illegible], Louisville, Ky.
GEO. W. SWEARINGEN,
Pub. Administrator.

Mules for Sale.

20 Work Mules for sale at Goshen, Oldham county, Ky. R. WATERS.

Notice of Executrix.

THE undersigned hereby notifies all those who hold any claims against Jacob Ruby, deceased, or those who owe his estate anything to call within four weeks from this date and settle.
LOUISE RUBY, Executrix.
440 Market street, bet. Eleventh and Twelfth.

Leasehold.

CORNER West and Walnut. Yearly rent $200. Investment $1,600. Now is your chance for a bargain.
M. EBBINGHAUS, Jeweler,
No. 5[illegible] Third street.

Attention, Wagon & Carriage Makers

I HAVE opened a Store at No. 3[illegible] Main street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where may be found a large assortment of Wagon and Carriage Makers' Material, consisting of hickory, oak, and ash hubs, hickory and oak spokes, hickory and oak bent fellies, sawed fellies, shafts, bows, &c. Wheels on hand and made to order of the best material.
WM. J. FULTON
(Formerly with Clarke & Fulton),
[illegible] Main, bet. Eighth and Ninth.

Wheat and Oats.

THE highest market price paid for wheat, oats, and all kinds of grain. Grain Sacks for sale.
WHITNEY, BROWN & CO.,
No. 19 Third st., bet. Main and river.

U. S. District Court.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky, [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible], U. S. M. K. D.

Notice.

NICHOLAS KLOMAN, having left for parts unknown, [illegible] all persons owing the said Nicholas Kloman are requested to come forward and make settlement [illegible] JOHN HACK, at G. [illegible], on Main street, between Third and Fourth, or FABER, on Chestnut street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth.

Notice.

Wm. P. Mallory, trustee, and the United States, and others against the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and others.

THIS cause having been referred back to me as special Commissioner, by the Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Kentucky, for the purpose of taking further proof, &c. therefore, Notice is hereby given to all bond holders of the first and second mortgage bonds, and the coupons thereunto belonging, of the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad, [illegible] to come forward and present and file with me, as said Commissioner, at my office in the city of Paducah, [illegible] November, [illegible]
W. B. JONES,
Special Commissioner.

Masonic Supply Store.

CONVENIENT rooms in Masonic Temple, Clarke-son, O., have been [illegible] display and sale of all kinds of Masonic goods. Having established a regular [illegible] Lodges, Chapters, and Commanderies, [illegible] Jewels, Collars, Diplomas, Floor Cloths, Aprons, [illegible] I. O. O. F. Jewels [illegible]
JOHN D. CALDWELL.

Sugar.

450 HHDS. New Orleans, from fair to prime, in store and for sale by [illegible], 71 West Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

Awnings—Awnings.

AWNINGS for stores and private houses will be made to order in the very best manner and newest style at the Upholstery Store of HENRY SEYBOLT, 184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut, Judge Nicholas' New Block.

Mosquito Bars.

MOSQUITO Bars of every description and every price will be made to order at the Upholstery Store of HENRY SEYBOLT, 184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut, Judge Nicholas' Block.

Copper Whisky.

300 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from 4 to 11 years old, [illegible]

Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.

200 HHDS. Fair to Choice New Orleans Sugar.
300 bbls. Prime to Strictly Choice Demerara do.
300 bbls. Crushed Sugar.
250 bbls. Granulated Sugar.
250 bbls. Powdered Sugar.
150 bbls. A Sugar.
150 bbls. B Sugar.
150 bbls. Extra C Sugar.
2,000 bags Common to Choice Rio Coffee.
300 mats Choice Old Java Coffee.
300 bbls. New Orleans Molasses.
In store and for sale at very low rates.
NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,
34 Fourth street.

THOMSON'S PATENT "GLOVE-FITTING"

The Most Popular Corset ever Introduced into the American Market.

[illegible]

TRADE MARK. THOMSON'S PATENT IMPROVED GLOVE-FITTING

THOMSON, LANGDON & CO.,
391 Broadway, N. Y.,
Sole Importers and Patentees for the United States.

J. V. Escott & Son,

Manufacturers, Direct Importers & Dealers

Offer at Wholesale and Retail

10,000 bolts French, English and American Paper Hangings.
2,500 boxes French and American Window Glass.
5,000 Looking Glass and Picture Frames.
50,000 feet Picture Frame Moldings.
200 Silver and Wooden Show Cases.
75 cases Looking Glass Plates.

A full line of PHOTOGRAPHIC AND ARTISTS' MATERIALS, [illegible]
J. V. ESCOTT & SON, Louisville, Ky.

Notice To Tailors, Saddlers, & Bootmakers.

HAVING a small stock of SPOOL SILK and LINEN THREAD, [illegible]
T. C. MIDDLETON, [illegible]

E. P. GIVEN, COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTOR

General Commission Merchant,
No. 1A Union street, NEW ORLEANS.

INSURANCE.

MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y, OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

ASSETS - - - $234,373.

OFFICERS:

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
A. H. BUCKNER, Secretary.
S. W. LOMAX, Assistant Secretary.
W. B. HARVEY, Consulting Actuary.
C. D. McHATTON, General Agent.
WM. HATCH, M. D., Medical Officer.
W. W. GRISSOM, M. D., Consulting Physician.

DIRECTORS:

JAS. J. O'FALLON, A. F. GARRISON,
E. A. HATCH, W. C. SIPPLE,
A. H. BUCKNER, A. M. BRITTON,
A. H. WATERMAN, JAS. H. LUCAS,
A. McDOWELL.

POLICIES EXCEEDINGLY LIBERAL.

All kinds of Policies are Non-forfeitable after one annual Premium.
Thirty days allowed in the payment of Premiums.
No charge made for Policy or Stamp Fee.
Dividends on the Contribution Plan.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT OF SECURITIES FOR POLICY-HOLDERS.

STATE OF MISSOURI, OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

I, WYLLIS KING, undersigned, do hereby certify that I am superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Missouri, and that the

MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

A Life Insurance Company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri, whose principal office is located at St. Louis, [illegible], has deposited in this office, for the security of its policy-holders, in pursuance of section 8 of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, entitled "An act for the incorporation and regulation of Life Assurance Companies," approved March [illegible], the sum of

One Hundred Thousand Dollars,

In bonds or treasury notes of the United States or in bonds of the State of Missouri, or in notes or bonds secured by mortgages or deeds of trust on unincumbered real estate in the State of Missouri, worth at least double the amount loaned thereon, of the several kinds and descriptions particularly set forth in the schedules signed by me, and which securities have not been received at a rate above their par value nor above their current market value.

Said deposit was made in the office of the Superintendent as aforesaid on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1869, and has ever since up to the date hereof been held in pursuance of and subject to the provisions of said Act of March 10, A. D. 1869, for the security of the policy-holders of said Company. And I do further certify that I am satisfied that the said securities are worth the sum of one hundred thousand dollars.

SEAL. In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed the seal of the office of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department, at office in the city and county of St. Louis and state of Missouri, this 10th day of July, A. D. 1869.
WYLLYS KING,
Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Missouri.

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, on the 15th day of July, 1869, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of the company is the Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company, and is located in the city of St. Louis, Mo.

CAPITAL.

The amount of the capital stock is	$100,000
The amount of capital stock paid up is	100,000

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in bank and in hands of agents	$ 20,731 88
Real estate loans, being debts due the company secured by mortgage on unincumbered real estate, worth double the amount the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule	110,300 00
Loans to policy holders, being loans on policies in advance	[illegible]
Bills receivable—notes secured by collaterals	30,540 19
[illegible]	4,370 19
[illegible]	2,000 00
U. S. bonds [illegible]	25,100 00
All other securities	[illegible]
Debts due from other parties	7,846 72
Furniture and fixtures of office	1,[illegible]
Debts due from other companies—re-insurance	197 44
Total assets of the company	$234,373 86

LIABILITIES.

The amount of liabilities due other companies	$ 1,544 41
[illegible]	[illegible]
Total liabilities	[illegible]

STATE OF MISSOURI, CITY AND COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

On this 21st day of July, 1869, before me, Joel G. Harper, Commissioner for Kentucky, [illegible], came Alfred M. Britton, Vice President, and S. W. Lomax, Assistant Secretary of the Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company, [illegible] statement of the affairs of said company is true [illegible].
(Signed) A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
(Signed) S. W. LOMAX, Ass't Sec'y.
Sworn to and subscribed before me the day and year above written.
JOEL G. HARPER, Commissioner for Kentucky at St. Louis, Mo.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., July 28, 1869.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written.
D. HOWARD SMITH, Auditor.

STATE AGENTS:

J. DOUGLAS JOHNSTON, HENRY W. GRAY, HOBSON & GRAY.

JOHNSTON, GRAY & CO.,
No. 144½ W. Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

J. ESTEN COOKE,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE, No. 149 West Main street, over Kitts & Werne's Jewelry Store. [illegible] of Louisville. Cash capital [illegible]. Kenton Insurance Company, of Covington. Capital and surplus, $[illegible]. No connection with the Board of Underwriters. Risks taken on their merits.

Piedmont Life Insurance Comp'y
OF RICHMOND, VA.

Capital and Accumulation over... $[illegible]

Assets retained in Kentucky to be invested here by advice of a Board of Directors in the State.
THOS. H. CRAWFORD, Agent Louisville, [illegible]
[illegible] Medical Examiners.
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE and R. L. MEADE, General Agents. Office Lexington, Ky.
Agents wanted everywhere in the State.

"SECOND TO NONE."

THE WESTERN OF BUFFALO, N. Y. FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Organized in 1863.
Cash Assets - - - - - - $700,000
JAMES L. LYMAN, Agent, No. 145 Main st., Louisville.

To the Stockholders of the Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 1, 1869.

In view of the large increase in the business of your company during the past year, and the growing [illegible] has, the Executive board deem it best for the interest of all parties to have the capital stock paid up in full [illegible]
L. T. THUSTIN, Secretary.

FOR SALE AT COST,
And Positively Cost.

Having more business than I can attend to, I offer my entire stock, consisting in
WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, &c.,
AT COST.
[illegible]

Kentucky Whiskies.

600 BBLS. Bourbon County from [illegible]
W. T. WALKER & CO.,
33 Wall st., bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

Wines and Brandies.

[illegible]
W. T. WALKER & CO.

McDOWELL, WRIGHT & SANDERS,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Flour, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Etc.,
51 Main street, between Second and Third,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

G. BAURMANN & CO
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
HARDWARE
CUTLERY, GUNS, RIFLES, NAILS,
No. 289 Main Street,
Between Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY.
SOLD BY G. BAURMANN & CO.
E. BURDEN & SONS' HORSESHOES, S. S. PUTNAM & CO. AND NORWAY CROWN IRON FORGED HORSE NAILS. ALSO, AGENTS FOR MALLORY WHEELER & CO.'S DOOR AND PADLOCKS.

COMMISSION HOUSE.
GRIFFITH, BALLARD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers,
No. 99 Main street, between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
☞ Personal attention given to sale of all kinds COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. CONWAY'S SCHOOL,

CALVARY Church, south side, corner Third and Gallatin, will reopen on Monday, September 6, 1869.

SALEM COLLEGE,
Garnettsville, Meade County, Ky.

THE third academic year of this institution will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869, under the supervision of W. S. HAYWARD as President, assisted by an able corps of professors.

Terms per session of twenty weeks:
Tuition, Preparatory Department... $20 00
Tuition, Collegiate Department... 25 00
Board, including fuel, lights, and washing... 75 00
For further information, address the President, or Dr. E. Y. [illegible], Secretary Board of Trustees, Garnettsville, Ky.

WARRENDALE FEMALE SCHOOL,
Georgetown, Ky.

THE fifth annual session will open Wednesday, September 1, 1869. For Circulars address the Principal.
Miss BELLE FITZPATRICK.

Science Hill Female Academy
SHELBYVILLE, KY.

THE Fiftieth Session of this Institution will open on [illegible]. Application for admission should be made as early as possible. For circulars or special information address Mrs. J. TEVIS, Principal.

Louisville Institute.

Conducted by Mr. and Mrs. PEHNIG. Lessons in Oil Painting [illegible]
93 West Walnut st., bet. Second and Third.

THE ensuing semi-annual session, the forty-eighth, will commence on the first Monday in September. Drawing taught without extra charge. French constantly spoken.

Dr. H. MOORE'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
Seventh st., bet. Magazine and Broadway.

WILL be opened again on Monday, 6th September. All the English branches taught, and boys thoroughly prepared for college. $[illegible] per annum, quarterly in advance.

HAMBLETON COLLEGE,
ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.

WILL open on the first Monday in September, 1869.
TERMS PER SESSION OF 5 MONTHS, ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.
Board and Tuition, light, washing, fuel, and [illegible]... $100
For further particulars address
REV. J. W. HEAGAN,
Elizabethtown, Ky.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

Mrs. E. A. Ashton and Miss J. H. Haskell, Principals.

AS previously announced, the first session of our School will commence on Monday, September 6, 1869, at 212 Chestnut street. Instruction will be given in the usual English branches of a good education; also Latin, French and Penmanship.
Terms per Session of Forty Weeks:
For First Division... $[illegible]
For Second Division... [illegible]
For Third Division... [illegible]
Payable quarterly in advance.
Mrs. Pehnig will give instruction in Penmanship. Miss Selma Ey, Teacher of French and German. Boarding in private families.

LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.

NINETEENTH Annual Session will commence Monday, September 6th. Mrs. Nold, having added two more experienced and accomplished teachers to her corps of instructors, takes pleasure in informing the public that her rooms for these girls and young ladies are all pleasant and airy. Those desirous of entering their little daughters where they can [illegible] are invited to call and examine the premises [illegible] to give satisfaction in every respect.

Prof. Kunkel, so well known as a superior vocalist, will give lessons in Vocal Music.

For further particulars call at No. [illegible] Chestnut st.
Mrs. W. B. NOLD.

A Card.

Nazareth Academy,
NEAR BARDSTOWN, KY.

CLASSES will be resumed in this Academy on MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869.

Parents and guardians are requested to attend carefully to the regulation, as marked in the prospectus, regarding the uniform dress worn by the pupils, while in the Academy, and furnish no clothing differing from the established uniform. It is likewise desired that the pupils have no other jewelry than a plain breast pin and ear-rings, as no other can be worn.

Select School.

On first Monday in September Mrs. Day will reopen her school for boys and girls, on Walnut street, above First, No. 7. For further particulars inquire at her residence, No. 8[illegible] Caldwell street.

MISS MARY BROWN'S SCHOOL will be reopened September 6, at her residence, No. 20[illegible] Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway.

School Notice.

NOBLE BUTLER will open his school, Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, Monday, September 6.

For term of Twenty weeks, $[illegible], payable one-half at the beginning, and one-half at the middle of the term.

Young Ladies' Institute.

SEVENTH annual session will commence Monday, September 6, 1869. For circular or further particulars address the principal, Miss ANNA BRANNAN, 349 Third street, Louisville, Ky. A limited number of small boys will be received.

FOREST ACADEMY

A MALE SCHOOL, situated in a healthy country, [illegible] miles from Louisville, on the Louisville and [illegible] Railroad. [illegible] B. H. McCown, Principal and Proprietor, and Professor of Hebrew and Mental and Moral Philosophy, and Instructor in the French and Spanish Languages, and of the elementary classes. Col. G. M. Edgar, of Missouri, Professor of Mathematics and Natural Science, and Instructor in Military Tactics. Mr. H. L. Brockenbrough, of Virginia, Professor of the Latin and Greek Languages and of Grecian and Roman Antiquities. Billy McCown, of Kentucky, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music. For catalogue and terms apply to
B. H. McCOWN,
Hobbs' Station, L. & C. & L. R. R.

HOME SELECT SCHOOL.

MRS. S. A. CHASE will open the third annual session of her HOME SCHOOL on the first Monday in September next, at her husband's residence, No. [illegible] Third street, opposite the Female High School. Number of pupils limited. Terms $[illegible] per session, payable quarterly in advance.

Mrs. EVA P. ROBY,
ARTIST IN WAX,

WILL give instruction in the art of making Wax Flowers, Autumn Leaves, Crosses, Fruit and Liquid. Terms can be learned and specimens and diplomas can be seen at 161 Seventh street. Orders promptly and reasonably filled.

Cedar Grove, or St. Benedict's Academy.

THIS institution, under the direction of the Sisters of Loretto, and long favorably known to the public as a first-class boarding school, will hereafter, in addition, conduct a select day school. Classes will be resumed on the first Monday in September. For terms, &c., apply to SISTER SUPERIOR, Cedar Grove, Portland, Ky.

MRS. PLATT'S
School for Young Ladies

WILL OPEN SEPTEMBER 6, according to previous notice.

Miss E. Barbaroux and Miss Belle Peers' School for Young Ladies.

THE school building having been enlarged and improved will accommodate more pupils than heretofore, and will be opened on Monday, September 6th, 1869.

Rev. T. A. Bozarth, teacher of Latin and Mathematics.

Mrs. T. Pelot, teacher of Penmanship.

For terms, circulars, &c., apply at No. 1?? Chestnut street, between Brook and Floyd.

Center College.

FACULTY:

Rev. D. C. Marquis, President elect, and Professor of [illegible].

O. Beatty, LL. D., Vice-President and Professor of Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Geology, &c.

Rev. J. C. Yerkes, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.

[illegible], A. M., Professor of Greek Language and Literature.

J. Chenault, A. M., Professor of Latin Language and Literature, Belles-Lettres, Political Economy, &c.

THE next term will open September 15, 1869. An enlarged course of study will be introduced, including the Modern Languages. [illegible]

CECILIAN COLLEGE,
NEAR ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.
EXCLUSIVELY MALE,
Will resume on the
First Monday in September, 1869.

TERMS FOR TWENTY WEEKS (IN ADVANCE): Board and Tuition, including washing, fuel, lights... $1[illegible]
☞ For particulars, apply for catalogue.
Address [illegible], Elizabethtown, Ky.

Seminary for Young Ladies
E. A. GRANT, LL. D., Principal.

THIS institution occupies the large and elegant Presbyterian school building on Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets. The grounds, buildings, apparatus, and other appliances of the school are among the most complete and valuable in the West. The Principal, who is the proprietor of the school, will devote himself entirely to the care and superintendence of the pupils.

Annual session begins on Monday, September 6. Tuition $[illegible] per quarter.

French, German, and Music at Professors' prices. All fees payable in advance.

The Jefferson Academy

WILL be opened for the reception of boarders and day pupils on the first Monday in September, 1869. [illegible]

B. B. HUNTOON'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS

WILL reopen Monday, Sept. 6, at 377 Sixth street. Terms per school year of forty weeks, $[illegible], payable quarterly in advance.

St. John's College, Annapolis, Md.

THE next scholastic year of this institution commences on the third Wednesday of September. The State of Maryland endows one hundred and [illegible] The course of studies [illegible] For catalogue [illegible] to the Principal of the College.
JAMES C. WELLING.

Loretto Academy,
MARION COUNTY, KY.

THIS Academy for young ladies will resume classes on Monday, September 6, 1869. For terms [illegible] Address MOTHER SUPERIOR, Loretto, Marion co., Ky.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.

THE fortieth annual session of studies in the St. Louis University will open MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869. The course of studies offers every facility for acquiring a thorough

Classical and Commercial Education.

References: Messrs. T. B. Burch & Co., J. C. [illegible]
Rev. F. H. STUNTEBECK, S. J., Pres't, St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.

PRESENTATION ACADEMY,

NO. 101 FIFTH ST., between Walnut and Green, conducted by Sisters of Charity from Nazareth, will reopen on the first Monday of September.

Delacoye Institute,
[illegible]

A LEADING school for young ladies [illegible]
R. [illegible] HUNT.

Mt. Vernon Institute.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

[illegible] Mrs. MARY J. JONES, Principal, assisted by [illegible]

THE school is situated in the beautiful and [illegible]

FIRM CHANGES.

Dissolution.

THE firm of Caldwell & Anshutz has been dissolved, and neither of us have any right to sign the firm name or the power to bind the other. I can be found at No. 76 Fifth street.
Aug. 23, 1869.
J. M. CALDWELL.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm and style of Johnston, Gray & Co., in the general Agency for the State of Kentucky, of the MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, and respectfully call attention to the advertisement of the company in another column.
J. DOUGLAS JOHNSTON,
HENRY W. GRAY,
HOBSON & GRAY.
Office 144½ West Main street.
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 20, 1869.

DRUGS, &c.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
184 MAIN STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are now receiving large additions to our stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c., to which we invite the attention of our friends and of dealers generally.

Alum, Epsom Salts, &c.

50 BBLS Alum;
[illegible] bbls Epsom Salts;
[illegible] bbls Sulphur;
[illegible] kegs Bicarb Soda, Lee's and Jarrow's;
2,500 lbs pure Cream Tartar;
[illegible]
For sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

Chemicals.

5,000 OZS. Quinine;
[illegible]
For sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

Window Glass, &c.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes;
[illegible]
For sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

DRY GOODS.

THE TRADE ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE THE NEW FALL STYLES OF

G. M. RICHMOND & SONS'
PRINTS,

Now coming forward in choice staple and fancy patterns.

THESE GOODS, so favorably known for the past twenty-one years, are [illegible]

RETAILERS and CONSUMERS, when buying, should ask to see the "RICHMOND PRINTS."

Special care given to orders. For sale to JOBBERS only by the

RICHMOND MFG. CO.,
166 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

COAL.

New Coal Office.

I HAVE the pleasure of announcing to my friends and the public that I have again commenced the Coal business on my own account [illegible] side of Third street, between Main and Market, where I shall keep Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and other coal, and be pleased to see my old friends.

COAL! COAL!

WE have a large stock of the best quality of Pittsburg and Cannel Coal, [illegible] prompt attention.
KENNEDY & IRWIN,
104 Third street.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Notice to Shippers.

ON and after August 20th, freight for stations on the L. & N. Railroad and branches, [illegible]

NEW GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!
AT
CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS'
Cheap Lace Store,
102½ Fourth street.

Just received—
New style Linen Collars and Cuffs,
[illegible]
Also, a large lot of remnants of Embroideries and Edgings at very low prices.

Grate Setting.

[illegible]

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1869.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

Spain.

Senor Silvela, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, has just issued an important circular to the ambassadors of Spain abroad. It is a review of the progress and position of the revolution in that country, with the causes which led to it, and the action and policy of the provisional government for the maintenance of law and order. The reasons are given for the decadence of Spanish power and material prosperity; the part played by the Catholic Church is explained, and the argument of the document seems to be an attempt to st[illegible]then the position of the party in power a[illegible]ainst the followers of either Isabella or Do[illegible] Carlos. As a state paper it partakes of t[illegible] habitual grandiloquence and verbose redu[illegible]ancy common to the Spanish character.

II.

The Southern Historical Society.

At the last regular meeting of this Society recently held in New Orleans, which is now fully organized for the purpose of the records of the late struggle for Confederate independence, several interesting and important letters were read, among them one from Gen. R. E. Lee, signifying his acceptance, with pleasure, of the vice-Presidency for Virginia, and saying that "it is highly important to collect and record reliable historical information, especially in periods of rapid change, such as the present," and offering to render cheerfully any service that may aid this object in Virginia. Also letters from Gen. Wade Hampton, Admiral Raphael Semmes, ex-Secretary S. R. Mallory, ex-Governor B. G. Humphreys, of Mississippi, and others, approving of the object of the Society, and offering their services. Mr. Jefferson Davis was elected an honorary member, and the Society then adjourned to meet again on the second Monday in September.

III.

The Last English Sensation.

"The Most Noble the Marquis of Waterford" seems to be following in the larky footsteps of his illustrious Pa. He set all England to talking in whispers and with bated breath not long since by his daring runaway act with the lovely Mrs. Florence Grosvenor Vivian, wife of a captain of that name. A [illegible]-divorce followed, predicated upon the breaking of the seventh commandment by the Marquis and Madam, which being proven, the divorce was granted. The testimony elicited on the trial indicates a state of morals among some of the English nobility which is dissolute in the extreme. Here is a lady of rank with a kind husband and several interesting children, throwing them over and going off with a young aristocratic reprobate and persisting in remaining with him in spite of the tears and prayers of all her friends and relatives. Of course the Liberal papers give all of the disgusting affair in its most prurient form and hold up Waterford as a specimen [illegible] British nobleman.

IV.

A Suggestion to those Fat Clam-Bakers.

Our Northern exchanges tell of the hundred and forty fat men weighing thirty-one thousand three hundred and eighty-five pounds (an average of two hundred and twenty-four pounds each), making a clam-bake excursion to Gregory's Point, Conn. These jolly Falstaffs seem to have fairly won the reputation of carrying a great deal of weight with them, and of having larded the lean earth as they went. The proof of their manhood in devouring immense quantities was almost conclusive, but to forever set all doubts at an end, and write their names in the scroll of great men, the whole party should come immediately to the Mammoth Cave and do the "Fat Man's Misery." This would be a fitting and appropriate test of their fortitude and courage. Mr. John A. P. Fisk, of New York, the three hundred and fifty-eight pounder, would doubtless be invited to try on the "Giant's coffin," and carry it home with him to take his afternoon siesta in. Let the test of membership among them be a certificate that the bearer has graduated and is a M. F. M. M. (a Master of the Fat Man's Misery).

OWENSBORO.

Rencounter Between two Noted Members of the Bar—A Lady Crushed to Death—The Counterfeiters—The Agricultural and Mechanical Association—Appointment of a Cadet.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

OWENSBORO, KY., Aug. 23, 1869.

During a debate in the Circuit Court the other day, Baker Boyd, Esq., Commonwealth's Attorney, remarked to the jury that his opponent, Mr. W. N. Sweeney, had prompted a contradictory statement of a witness for the defense in the Webb-Jarboe trial, and had been instrumental in returning the witness to affirm his former statement. Whereupon Mr. Sweeney, who had been sitting just in the rear of Mr. Boyd whittling, denounced it as a lie. Mr. Boyd turned and said he saw it. Mr. Sweeney then said, "You saw a lie," and arose as he spoke, and advanced on Boyd, who advanced a little also, and, with a dash with the knife he had been whittling with, Sweeney struck him just above the right nipple, about the middle of the chest. It glanced downward, and made a very ugly wound about four inches long and a half inch deep. The Hon. W. Williams, Judge presiding, did not see the affair in time to prevent it. Both the Commonwealth and defense had many friends in the court-room, and they quickly rallied to the cause of each. It was feared that the affair would be renewed and prove more serious, as the court received notice from Boyd about noon that he would be ready at [illegible] o'clock to resume and finish his debate. Sure enough, at the time announced, he was in court, as also Mr. Sweeney. Mr. Boyd finished his speech without any further disturbances at the conclusion of which Judge Williams placed Mr. Sweeney under $10,000 bonds to keep the peace, and fined him $50. Mr. Boyd was placed under bonds of $2,000 to keep the peace and no fine.

The other afternoon while all the men who were at Mr. Glenn's farm, near this place, were at work in the fields, Mrs. Glenn went to her dairy to put away milk, and while engaged the floors of the building above which were filled with grain, gave way, falling upon and crushing her to death. She was a lady possessing many friends, who are in great sorrow over the fate of their companion.

The "shovers of the queer" whom Gen. Eli Murray arrested in this city, viz: Kendall and Wilson, were duly forwarded by the [illegible] to your city for trial. The families of the two men deserve the sympathy of the [illegible]. It would be difficult, of course, to make their wives believe them guilty, yet the facts are simple. Gen. Murray came here and inquired of the postmaster as to who got out letters for Messrs. Richardson & Son, and was told that Mr. Kendall, their agent, got them. Gen. Murray then opened a correspondence with them, representing himself to be a Nelson county man, and wished them to ship a large amount of the "spurious" C. O. D. by express. They made an attempt to forward it, when Gen. Murray captured the package in the hands of the Adams Express agent and proceeded to arrest Kendall. He found out that Wilson was also connected and arrested him. Gen. Murray acted handsomely in this achievement over the counterfeiters.

The Daviess County Agricultural and Mechanical Association have out large posters this week announcing the next exhibition to be on Tuesday, October 12, 1869. Committees are organized to try to induce people to visit it, and hope to meet with success. The grounds are elegant, and in fact are as good as any in the State.

[illegible]aden Riley, Jr., of this city, has been appointed cadet to West Point, and will leave in a day or two for a four-years' term in that institution and four in the army. Mr. Riley seems to be a very apt scholar and withal a handsome young gentleman.

"OLD PHID."

ROCK SPRING.

A Paradise Near Home—Hills, Dales, Cliffs and Woodland—Beautiful Scenery and Romantic Matter-of-fact.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

ROCK SPRING, KY., Aug. 23.

Seeing that a part of your columns is devoted to the "doing-up" of the various places of summer resort, I drop you a few lines from this cool and delightful spot, thinking that some of your many readers may read them with interest. To but few, perhaps, is it known that "a resort," possessing so many advantages as this from which I write, is so near them. Rock Spring is but fourteen miles from Louisville by turnpike, and three miles from Pewee valley, on the Louisville and Frankfort railroad. It is under the management of Dr. E. Caspari, than whom no one is better fitted for the position he occupies. Abundance of water, pure air and freedom from miasmas, induced the proprietor to establish here a "cure for invalids." Bathing establishments have been erected, and nearly every variety of baths is found here. Situated [illegible] hundred feet above the level of the Ohio in a region of hills, with surrounding scenery beautiful and grand, it is, indeed a delightful resort. Many of the sojourners are invalids, however, but, preferring quiet retreat to the noise and gaiety of fashionable watering-places, are here enjoying what is so well known as the [illegible]. To those who delight in the beauties of nature, as well as those who seek to cure the ills that flesh is heir to, we know of no place possessing advantages superior to those of Rock Spring.

The natural advantages of the place are great, and these, added to the energy displayed by the proprietor in assisting nature's handiwork, will in a few years make it one of the most popular places of resort in the country. It would take too much space, were we to attempt to describe the laid out grounds, the comfortable rooms and houses, the various kinds of amusement, the excellence of the "cuisine," but above all the grandeur of the scenery, the regions of [illegible] and shade, the beautiful grove and the cool and rippling waters that nature has supplied with lavish hand. As one wanders along the cool and shady walks amid the grand old forest trees [illegible] for a lover of the beautiful and grand as is rarely met with. Here a cascade is noisily [illegible]; there loom up cliffs of rugged stone, piled in incongruous masses; yonder is a rustic seat under some old denizen of the wild-woods that invites "to scenes of contentment and ease," or further on, in the hollow of a rock, is a clear and crystal fount of never-failing water, where "he who is aweary may pause and always be refreshed."

Time flies quickly by with us here. What with meals, baths, walks and amusements, the day hardly seems to have begun before "gathering darkness throws its shadows around" and warns us that retiring hour is near. Many Louisville people are here—in fact, the majority here are Louisvillians. All testify to the great difference between the night temperature at this place and that in the city. At no time this summer has a blanket been uncomfortable, and for a greater portion of the time several blankets added materially to personal comfort. W. B. H.

ST. LANDRY PARISH.

A Much-Governed People—Land, Labor and Lucre—Double Crops—A Beautiful Country—Fine Business Opening—Railroads, etc., etc.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

OPELOUSAS, LA., August 18.

CIVIL AND MILITARY.

With the presence of black troops, a superabundance of law, lawyers and civil officers, with an unknown number of secret agents and detectives, we have, just now, a very strong government here, if such material can make such a government.

At this time our parish—the civil powers or rulers—and the tax-paying community are at it "teeth and nails," and all about a very big sum (over sixty thousand) of greenbacks, paid in as tax, that can't be found anywhere. Public meetings are taking place, and if published figures are correct, things look very dark. There will be yet another and final meeting, when a complete report will be read and published by the investigating committee, and we will learn, probably, where the guilt, if any, lies.

RAILROADS, ETC.

Our State is one of the most backward in internal improvements, but she hopes ere many years to come out with banners flying. We have several railroads already, and there are two others approaching to completion—the N. O., O. and Texas, and the Chattanooga, Mobile, New Orleans and Texas roads. There is great competition between these two roads, and doubtless both will be speedily run through.

ST. LANDRY PARISH

is one of the most valuable, as well as one of the most beautiful and desirable parts of this State or the whole South. She has rich swamp and prairie lands in the greatest abundance—a moderate climate, with excellent health, generally prevailing throughout the year. The well water is wholesome and cold, though cisterns and rain water are of course better. The cotton crop is generally about ten or fifteen thousand bales. It is thought that if the worms do not come it will reach eighteen thousand bales this year. Sugar is grown in abundance, as also corn, rice, [illegible], of which two crops can be made a year. Beans of all sorts, of which two or three crops can be made per annum, particularly of the navy bean. Nearly all the fruits will grow here in abundance and would pay. The range for cattle and horses is unsurpassed. What we now want,

First—Though our parish is filling up pretty fast, is the immigration of good citizens, who will yet find an abundance of [illegible] of U. Government land), which can be had generally at reasonable prices.

Secondly—We want a rice mill. If any one will put up a steam rice mill they will be kept busy and make money too. I understand that twelve rice mills have been built since the war in this State; but this does not come up to the demand.

Thirdly—We want a cotton factory. There is a big fortune for some company slumbering in that direction. The people would supply it with all the cotton needed and then buy all their goods from the concern. Besides, our towns and villages would patronize them; and then the factory could send any surplus to New Orleans or Texas by railroad or water. By building a factory here the company would save the freight, storage, insurance, commission, drayage, etc., etc., on cotton. We hope that some one will inaugurate the movement.

LABORERS.

This class of people are in great demand here, as elsewhere in the South. Our planters are satisfied that no confidence can be placed in the hands now in the field. A large immigration will doubtless set in from the land of tea, and probably our parish will get her share. If "large planting" is to be continued, I suppose these, will do as well as any others; but I believe that the greater wealth, intelligence, religion and happiness of our State, as well as the parish, lie in the small farm system.

RELIGION AND SCHOOLS.

Of the first we have all sorts in great abundance. As for churches, there are Catholic and Protestant churches built all over the parish. Though our public school system is yet in embryo, there are many private schools.

CROPS

are very promising. J. R. B.

FOREIGN TRAVEL.

A Louisvillian Abroad—Warwick Castle—The Home of Shakspeare—A Journey to Scotland, Etc.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

LONDON, July 28, 1869.

We returned last night at 10 o'clock from Edinburgh. We have spent two most delightful weeks in Scotland. Just two weeks since we left London to visit the most interesting historical portions of the kingdom before leaving for Scotland. And now, as you cannot be with us to see these glorious historical monuments of antiquity, which impress one so thoroughly with the idea of indefinite distance of antiquity, shrouded in all its mystery, of solitude illimitable and eternal, I will endeavor to give you faint impressions. Now, the most difficult undertaking of the traveller, in my humble opinion, is to translate into the language of the text, imagination and mind of the reader the scenes, views, impressions, and sentiments that either nature or human monuments give rise to within him—not to express by lines and colours, like the artist, a simple and easy business; but by words, by ideas which contain neither sounds nor lines, nor colours. In a few hours we reached "Leamington Spa," which, in street or suburb, may be fairly called beautiful, and, at some points, magnificent; large numbers of Americans enjoy its streets, groves and gardens; it is not only a town of fashionable resort for health, but a central point in the very heart of England, from which some of the most beloved and attractive of English scenes may be visited. Within sight of the town rise the stately towers of Warwick Castle, and in a mile or two, the majestic views of Kenilworth, which has been immortalized by Scott, who has peopled it again to the eye of fancy with the pomp and pageantry of Elizabeth and Leicester. Warwick Castle is a magnificent structure, the fairest monument of ancient and chivalrous splendor which remains uninjured by time. The remote state of its architecture; the richness of its interior in works of art, in articles of vertu; the spaciousness and beauty of its grounds, and the classic waters of the Avon washing its bed, everything is full of interest. From Warwick we drove to "Stratford, on the Avon," the birth-place and tomb of "the immortal bard," which possesses a magic attraction, potent as Prospero's wand. We passed through a beautifully wooded country with a constant succession of delightful views. Imagine our feelings when we entered the house where Shakspeare first saw the light of heaven; the cot where he first told his love; and the church where his sacred ashes repose.

We left the classic Avon, with regret, to visit Chatsworth House, the princely seat of his grace the Duke of Devonshire. The palace is in every sense magnificent; the galleries contain thousands of original paintings, sketches and outlines by the most eminent masters of the Flemish, Venetian, Spanish, French and Italian schools, as Raphael, Rembrandt, Da Vinci, Titian, Rubens, Claude Loraine, Poussin, Salvator Rosa, Correggio, and others whose immortal examples of artistic genius have secured for them the homage of the civilized world.

The sculpture gallery is truly a noble saloon of art treasures. The sculptures, about forty in number, are gems of costly material.

The gardens are beautiful and gay with all the brilliant flowers of the parterre, adorned with classic columns, sculptured vases, and statuesque figures, and numerous fountain jets.

We had a charming sail on the beautiful Locks Katrine, Dunkeld, Perth and Lomond, in a large, fleet and fast-sailing, elegant steamer, and so imbued has the whole scenery become with the story of the Lady of the Lake that we were almost tempted to look for the "blanched bones of the [illegible] steed." There is no mode of issuing out of the defile at this point, but to ascend in a kind of jaunting car over a terrific breakneck mountain path. In descending to the margin of Loch Lomond, we were struck

"With promontory, creek, and bay,
And islands that empurpled bright,
Float amid the livelier light,
And mountains, that like giants stand,
To sentinel enchanted land."

From the Lakes we visited Glasgow. The commercial capital of Scotland is finely situated on the river Clyde, and has five hundred thousand inhabitants.

But Edinburgh is one of the most striking capitals of the Old World, the historical associations the most impressive. The resemblance between Edinburgh and Athens has acquired for it the term of "Modern Athens."

Holyrood Palace, the ancient residence of Scottish royalty, has an interesting full length portrait of Mary, Queen of Scots; the apartments of the unhappy Princess remain in the same state as when last occupied by her. The secret passage by which the conspirators entered, and where they found their victim, Riccio, and the secret spot where he was finally dispatched, and the spot where the body lay are identified by marks of blood still visible.

We were much interested in a visit to Edinburgh Castle. It is teeming with romance and historical interest. We saw the crown jewels, a beautiful portrait of Mary, Queen of Scots, and a fine review of soldiers in the national picturesque costume. The castle stands on the summit of a tremendous precipice.

Melrose Abbey, so famous in romance and history, is one of the finest specimens of Gothic architecture—it is now all in ruins—and Abbotsford of world-wide renown; Sir Walter Scott's genius gives it a deep interest to every individual who speaks the English language.

We visited Burns' cottage and monument. The scenery is equal in richness and variety to any in Scotland; while the interest attached to the banks of the Doon, the spot where Burns composed "Man was Made to Mourn," will ever make it a classic spot.

We visit Windsor Castle to-morrow, and leave for Paris immediately after. We propose to leave our luggage in Paris, and spend a week or two in [illegible], and, returning to Paris to be present at the Emperor's fetes, the 15th of August.

The charming Mrs. Pindell and her elegant husband left London yesterday for the [illegible]. We have met with many agreeable persons from the States, and have received the kindest and most flattering attentions in the United Kingdom. God willing for us to return, we will retain nice and sunny memories of the Old World.

E. F. T.

Of the parties accused of robbing the Express Company on the Georgia Central railroad, and whose case [illegible] a week before a magistrate in Augusta, Lanier has been honorably discharged, and Hargrove committed to the jail to await his trial before the next Superior Court of Richmond county, in which the robbery occurred.

☞ The aristocratic Clarendon Hotel, Saratoga, has a new [illegible] for engaged couples.

Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 24, 1869.

The local money market rules quiet, but the amount of surplus funds on hand is so limited that the falling off in the demand has been a decided relief to bankers. Under these circumstances the banks have been able to meet the requirements of first-class borrowers at the usual interest, 8 to 10 per cent.

EXCHANGE—The market has sustained a good deal lately, and in a condition that $20,000 would materially affect rates, and cause them to drop at once from 1-10 premium to par, and in some instances to-day sales were made as low as 1-20 discount; the selling counter rate continues at 1-10 premium.

GOLD—The New York market opened to-day at 132¾, rose to 133[illegible], dropped to 132[illegible], and closed at 4 P. M. at 132[illegible]. There was little doing in this market, and we quote:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	131¾	133[illegible]
Silver halves and quarters	12[illegible]	
Silver dimes	12[illegible]	

GOVERNMENT BONDS—The market here exhibits scarcely any vitality at all. At 10:30 to-day the New York market was reported firm, but closed dull, with a decline on nearly the entire list. We quote:

Five-twenties, 1862	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1864	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1865	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1865	[illegible]
Five-twenties, new issue	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1867	[illegible]
Five-twenties, 1868	[illegible]
Ten-forties	[illegible]

The following closing quotations indicate the course of prices for the past three days:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Adv.	Dec.
Coupons, '81	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" '62	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" '64	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" '65	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New issue	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" '67	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" '68	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40 coupons	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS—Locals have not been active, but a few transactions are reported in Nashville stock. This stock is made use of more frequently than any other by parties who wish to invest money for only a short time, because it is of such ready sale at all times.

Messrs. MORTON, GALT & Co., Bankers, 156 Main street, quote as follows:

STOCKS.

National Bank, first	[illegible]
National Bank, second	[illegible]
National Bank, Planters'	[illegible]
National Bank, City	[illegible]
Bank of Kentucky	[illegible]
Bank of Louisville	[illegible]
Merchants' Bank	[illegible]
Commercial Bank	[illegible]
Northern Bank	[illegible]
Citizens' Bank	[illegible]
People's Bank	[illegible]
Mechanics' Bank	[illegible]
Western Financial Corporation bank (new)	[illegible]
Falls City Tobacco bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Security bank	[illegible]
Louisville Insurance Company bank	[illegible]
Farmers' bank	[illegible]
Western Insurance Company bank	[illegible]
German Insurance Company bank	[illegible]
[illegible] stock	[illegible]
L. & F. R. R. (preferred)	[illegible]
L. & F. R. R.	[illegible]
Jeff., Mad. & Ind. R. R.	[illegible]
Louisville & Nashville R. R.	[illegible]

BONDS.

City for street improvement	[illegible]
City for bounty	[illegible]
City for school purposes	[illegible]
City for Jeff. Railroad	[illegible]
City for L. and N. Railroad, M. S.	[illegible]
City for L. and N. Railroad, L. B.	[illegible]
City for wharf, new	[illegible]
City for wharf, old	[illegible]
City for water-works, old	[illegible]
City for water-works, new	[illegible]
Canal bonds, first issue	[illegible]
" " second issue	[illegible]
" " third issue	[illegible]
" " fourth issue	[illegible]
Kentucky State bonds, old	[illegible]
Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, old	[illegible]
" " new	[illegible]
L. & F. R. R. bonds (C. branch)	[illegible]
L. & N. R. R. bonds (M. S.)	[illegible]
" (L. B. br.)	[illegible]
" (M. br.)	[illegible]
" con'd mort.	[illegible]
City for Elizabethtown & Paducah RR	[illegible]
Ohio River Bridge Company	[illegible]

Bonds marked * are sold with interest added.

FIRST BALE OF COTTON—Messrs. Guthrie & Co. received to-day by express the first bale of the new crop of cotton, which will be sold to-morrow (Wednesday), the 25th instant, at the warerooms of Messrs. Porter, Fairfax & Co., at auction. The sale will take place at 11 A. M.

COMMERCIAL.

The extreme sultriness of the weather is well calculated to produce apathy in commercial matters, and keep business men from making exertions to transact business. The disposition is to do what offers, but quiet is about as profitable and far less dangerous. Accounts from all directions indicate that the place of safety is in the shade. Seldom, if ever, in the history of the country has rain been more imperatively demanded. Advices in regard to the effect of the drouth upon corn and tobacco are very unfavorable. Pasturage is also greatly injured. Without an early rain still greater damage may be anticipated. The general market, notwithstanding all these drawbacks, is fully as active as could be anticipated, and prices are generally well maintained.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

For the last twenty-four hours by the Frankfort, Nashville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany railroads, and by the river. (Furnished by the Board of Trade):

Articles.	Imports.	Exports.
Apples, green, bbls.	13	[illegible]
Butter, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bacon, casks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bacon, lbs.	[illegible]	111
Bagging, [illegible]	[illegible]	447
Bale Rope, coils	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cheese, boxes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Candles, boxes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coal, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coal, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cotton, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fruit, fresh, pkgs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Feathers, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Flour, bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Furniture, pkgs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides, bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hay, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hogs, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Horses, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Iron & Steel, bars and bdls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard, tcs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard, kegs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Malt, sks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchandise, pkgs.	1512	[illegible]
Mules, head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nails, kegs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oil, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Potatoes, bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pork, mess, bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rags, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rice, casks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sugar, hhds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sugar, bags and bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salt, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seeds, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tobacco, hhds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tobacco, boxes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whisky, bbls.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheat, bus	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wool, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Woodenware, pkgs.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Daily Review of the Markets.

ALCOHOL—Under the advance in highwines, alcohol has also advanced, and prices range from [illegible] per gallon.

ALE AND BEER—Prices are steady, with a fair demand, and stocks are ample. We quote cream ale at [illegible] per bbl and smaller packages in proportion. Lager beer is held at $13 per bbl.

APPLES—Receipts have been upon a scale which renders apples a drug in the market, and dealers find it difficult to sell at any price. Prices range from 75c to $1 on arrival, and sales from store at prices which are too irregular for quotation.

BAGS—The market is active and firm, and good stocks are in the hands of dealers. We continue to quote Union B seamless at [illegible]; burlaps at [illegible]; gunny bags at [illegible] for bales and [illegible] for resewed.

BEESWAX—Is in good demand and firm at [illegible] on arrival.

BATTING—Is firm, with a light jobbing demand. We quote Connection No. 1 and Maysville at [illegible] per lb, No. 1 Maysville at [illegible].

BUTTER—Choice qualities are scarce and in demand. Country butter in good packages readily commands [illegible], and we continue to quote [illegible]. W. R. butter is quite at [illegible].

COTTON YARNS—Prices have undergone no change for several weeks. Stocks are ample, and the demand is fair. We quote No. 500 at [illegible], No. 600 at [illegible], No. 700 at [illegible] per dozen; pound yarns at [illegible]. Carpet chain is selling at [illegible] for white, and [illegible] for colored per lb, and candlewick at [illegible].

CANDLES—Are firm, with a good demand. Manufacturers report liberal sales to the trade. We note sales of 250 boxes 12-ounce at our figures. We quote at 21[illegible] for full weight star, and 16[illegible] for 12-oz. Tallow candles are steady at [illegible] per pound.

CEMENT—Sales to-day amounted to 373 bbls at [illegible].

CORNMEAL—Prices are steady, and we continue to quote [illegible] for bolted loose.

CHEESE—Transactions are of light importance. Prices are steady. We quote Kentucky cream cheese at [illegible], factory at [illegible], and W. R. at [illegible] per pound.

EGGS—Prices are steady at 13[illegible] per doz., and in fair demand.

FLAXSEED—Is firm at $2 per bush on arrival, with light receipts.

FEATHERS—Are in good demand and steady at [illegible] for good to choice lots.

FISH—Prices are steady. We quote:

Mackerel, No. 1, new, medium		[illegible]
Do No. 1, do do	hf bbl	[illegible]
Do No. 2, large, bbl		[illegible]
Do No. 2, do	hf bbl	[illegible]
Do No. 2, medium		[illegible]
Do No. 2, do	half bbl	[illegible]
Do No. 3, large		[illegible]
Do No. 3, small		[illegible]
Do No. 3, do	half bbl	[illegible]
Do No. 1, kits		[illegible]
Do No. 2, kits		[illegible]
Do No. 3, kits, large		[illegible]
White fish, half bbl		[illegible]
Herring, bbls		[illegible]

GINSENG—Prices are unchanged, and prime qualities command 70@75c on arrival.

HAY—There is very little old timothy offering, and quotations are nominal. New timothy hay ranges from $16 to $17 per ton on wharf, and from $1 to $1 50 advance from store. Red-top commands from $13 to $15 per ton on wharf.

HIDES—Prices are firm. We quote green salted at [illegible]; dry salted at [illegible]; dry flint at [illegible]; sheep (wool on) [illegible].

IRON COTTON TIES—Prices are steady, ranging from 6¾ to 7c, with sales of 15 bundles at 6¾c.

IRON AND STEEL—Stocks are large and we quote [illegible] bar iron at [illegible]. Cast steel [illegible].

LEATHER—Stocks are [illegible] and prices are [illegible]: harness [illegible]; skirting [illegible].

LIME—Is steady at [illegible] per bbl, with sales of 300 bbls.

LEMONS—Are firm at [illegible] per box, and in demand.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—The demand is good and prices well maintained.

Va. extra lbs and fancy styles	[illegible]
[illegible] lbs and twist	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Va. [illegible], lbs and [illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. fine, ½ lbs and 10's	[illegible]
Ky. fine light pressed, [illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. extra [illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. and Mo. [illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. black [illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. navy, lbs and ½ lbs, best	[illegible]
Ky. navy, lbs and ½ lbs, medium	[illegible]

SMOKING TOBACCO.

Lone Jack, in ¼ lb [illegible]	[illegible]
Gold Leaf, in [illegible]	[illegible]
Brown Dick, in lbs	[illegible]
Fruits and Flowers, in ⅛ lb boxes	[illegible]
Fruits and Flowers, in ¼ lb drums	[illegible]
Big Lick, in 1 lb, ½ lb, and ¼ lbs	[illegible]
May Queen, ½ lbs and ¼ lbs	[illegible]
Delectable, ½ lbs and ¼ lbs	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Belle of Maine, ¼ lbs	[illegible]
Favorite	[illegible]
No name	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Andy Johnson	75 [illegible]
Uncle Bob Lee	1 [illegible]

NAILS—Stocks are ample, and 300 are selling at $4 40@4 65 per keg.

ONIONS—Prices are steady. Sales are made at [illegible] per bbl from store.

OAKUM—Is in good supply and steady. We quote at [illegible] per bale.

POTATOES—The market is well supplied, and prices range from [illegible] per barrel loose on arrival.

PIG IRON—Prices are firm. We quote:

Hanging Rock, No. 1 foundry, per ton	[illegible]
Hanging Rock, No. 2 foundry, per ton	[illegible]
Mill iron, per ton	[illegible]
C. B. Car-wheel iron, per ton	[illegible]
Tennessee iron, C. B., per ton	[illegible]
Alabama and Georgia, C. B. per ton	[illegible]

RICE—We quote Carolina at 9[illegible]@10c and Louisiana at [illegible] per lb.

SOAP—We continue to quote German No. 1 at 10c, No. 2 at 8¼c, rosin at 6¼c, and palm at [illegible].

SALT—Prices are unchanged with a fair demand. We quote Kanawha and Ohio river at [illegible] per bbl for 7-bush bbls, [illegible] for 280-lb. bbls, [illegible] per bush; dairy salt at [illegible] per bbl.

STRAW—Is in fair request and prices range from [illegible] per ton on wharf and from store.

STARCH—Is in fair demand and prices are firm. Dealers are selling standard brands at [illegible].

TALLOW AND GREASE—Prices are steady. We quote tallow at [illegible]; grease at [illegible], according to quality.

TINNERS' STOCK—Is in ample supply with a good demand at full prices. We quote:

I. C., 10x14, C. coal	$14 50
I. X., 10x14	17 50
I. C., 14x20	15 50
I. X., 14x20	18 50
Block tin	48c
Lead	10¼
Solder	[illegible]

WOOL—We quote unwashed clothing at [illegible]; unwashed combing at [illegible]; tub-washed at [illegible].

WHITE LEAD—Is firm, and we quote pure at [illegible]; low grades at [illegible] per lb.

WHISKY—Raw whisky has still further advanced, and we note sale of 94 barrels on private terms, and 25 barrels at $1 [illegible], tax paid; 30 barrels new copper on private terms. We quote [illegible] copper at [illegible] free, [illegible]; two years old at [illegible]; is steady at and in bonded [illegible], according to proof.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market opened to-day with larger offerings, and prices are fully sustained, and from present indications a higher range of quotations may be expected. The prospect of not over a half a crop in Kentucky [illegible] ... the growing crop will not exceed that estimate. The sales to-day summed up [illegible] hogsheads, with rejection of [illegible].

The LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold [illegible] hogsheads: 1 hhd West Tennessee, lugs, $7 50; 1 hhd Green county, [illegible]; [illegible] Breckinridge county [illegible]; Grayson county medium leaf [illegible]; 1 hhd Hardin county good leaf, $11 75.

The BOONE HOUSE sold 31 hogsheads: 6 hhds Taylor county, lugs and medium leaf, [illegible]; [illegible] hhds Breckinridge county [illegible]; 5 hhds Owen county leaf [illegible]; 1 hhd Warren county, lugs and leaf $7 60.

The FARMERS' HOUSE sold 12 hhds: 3 hhds Owen county lugs at [illegible]; 2 hhds Barren county cutting at [illegible]; 3 hhds Barren county lugs [illegible]; 1 hhd Warren county shipping at $10; 3 hhds medium shipping at $9 40 [illegible].

The PLANTERS' HOUSE sold 11 hhds: 2 hhds Breckinridge county shipping at [illegible]; [illegible] Barren county—2 lugs at $7 [illegible]; 1 lug at $8 40, 4 leaf at [illegible]; 1 hhd Christian county low leaf at [illegible]; 1 hhd Warren county lugs at $8 50.

The PICKETT HOUSE sold 19 hhds: 1 hhd Tennessee, trash, $3 60; 1 hhd Tennessee common leaf, $8 50; 4 hhds Green river leaf, $9, $9 50, $9 70 and $12 25; 4 hhds Daviess county lugs, $7 50, $7 80, $7 60 and $9 50; 5 hhds Daviess county good leaf, $10, $11 25, $10 75, $12 25 and $13 25; 2 hhds Breckinridge county common leaf, [illegible]; 1 hhd black [illegible], $11.

The NINTH-STREET HOUSE sold 15 hhds: 2 hhds Barren county—1 lug at [illegible], 1 leaf at [illegible]; 2 hhds Grayson county—1 lug at $8 30, 1 leaf at [illegible]; [illegible] hhds Simpson county—3 hhds low leaf at [illegible]; 1 hhd Metcalf county low leaf at [illegible]; 2 hhds Henry county cutting leaf—Lot $17 and 1 at $11 75.

Louisville Grocery Market.

A fair demand is reported for New Orleans sugars, and the stocks are reported ample to meet the wants of the trade. We note to-day sales of 5 hhds at 14¼ to 15½c, and 17 bbls at 14[illegible]@15c. We quote:

Choice	[illegible]
Prime	[illegible]
Fully fair	[illegible]
Fair	14[illegible]@15
Common	[illegible]

REFINED SUGARS—Are in active request, and jobbers report sales of [illegible] ... within the range of our figures:

Hard standard	[illegible]
A's	[illegible]
B's	[illegible]
Extra C	15 @15
Circle C	[illegible]
Yellow	[illegible]

ISLAND AND DEMARARA—Moderate sales of Porto Rico and Havana sugars are reported at quotations, and we note sales of 7 hhds and 11 bbls Demarara at quotations. We quote [illegible]; Porto Rico at [illegible]; Demarara at 14[illegible].

COFFEE—The coffee market continues steady, with a fair jobbing demand, with fair transactions to the trade. We note sales to-day of 73 bags Rio ranging from 21¼@25½c for fair to prime. We quote:

Coffee, Rio, choice	[illegible]
" " prime	[illegible]
" " fair	[illegible]
" " common	[illegible]
Java	[illegible]
Laguayra	[illegible]

MOLASSES—The market is quiet and prices steady. N. O. [illegible]; sirups range from [illegible] for common to $1 25 for golden.

Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—Prices are fully maintained, and a good local and shipping demand is reported. Sales to-day aggregate 600 bbls various grades at our figures:

Fine	$4 [illegible]
Superfine	5 [illegible]
Extra	5 [illegible]
Extra Family	6 [illegible]
A No. 1	6 [illegible]
Fancy	[illegible]

WHEAT—Receipts to-day amounted to above 5,000 bushels, and prices are quotably unchanged. Transactions in the market are unimportant, but operators are shipping largely, the exports to-day being about 11,000 bush. We quote [illegible] red at $1 [illegible]; amber $1 [illegible]; white $1 [illegible] on arrival.

CORN—The market is firm and prices are tending upward. Dealers are paying [illegible] for ear and shelled in bulk, and a large lot of shelled corn would command [illegible] on arrival.

RYE—Is firm but quotably unchanged. Dealers are paying [illegible] on arrival and $1 [illegible] from store.

OATS—Are reported firm and in good demand at [illegible] on arrival in bulk, and [illegible] from store.

BARLEY—Is quotably unchanged, and choice fall commands $1 25@1 30 per bu.

MALT—Is steady with a fair demand. We note a sale of 500 bu fall at $1 50.

Louisville Bagging and Bale Rope Market.

Dealers report an active demand for all descriptions of hemp bagging and bale rope, and full prices are obtained. We note sales to-day of 170 pieces 2-lb Kentucky hemp bagging at [illegible]; [illegible] pieces Ky. Fy. at 23½c; [illegible] pieces [illegible] 1¾-lb at [illegible]; 275 pieces flax bagging at [illegible]; [illegible] pieces do at 25¼c. We quote:

Ky. Fy., 2-lb	[illegible]
A. & E., 2-lb	[illegible]
Sparks, 2-lb	[illegible]
Bluegrass, 2-lb	[illegible]
Lansdown, 2-lb	[illegible]
Heavy, [illegible], power loom	24 [illegible]
[illegible] power loom	[illegible]
J. D. flax	[illegible]
W. A. S. flax, power loom	[illegible]
Western Brands 1¾-lb bagging	[illegible]

ROPE—We note sales of 30 half coils at 9¼c. We quote machine rope at [illegible] for coils and half coils, according to quality.

BALING TWINE—Is steady at [illegible].

Louisville Provision Market.

The market to-day was firm, with a good demand [illegible].

PORK—Is firm, with light sales at $34@34 50, and pork [illegible].

BACON—Is steady, with sales of 23 casks clear rib sides at 19¼c; 6 casks clear sides at 19[illegible]; 6 casks shoulders at 16¼c.

HAMS—Are firm, with sales of 50 tcs fancy S. C. at [illegible]; family S. C. are held at [illegible], and plain at 21[illegible].

LARD—Is steady, with light sales of prime at 20¼c; we quote at [illegible].

Louisville Live Stock Market.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 25, 1869.

BOURBON HOUSE STOCK YARD—H. F. VISSMAN, PROPRIETOR.

The cattle market to-day has ruled tolerably active at former prices. The supply has been fair and as there was a good demand we find this evening only a few left over unsold. There were sold to-day 184 head, mostly to butchers for home consumption. Sales range at from [illegible] to [illegible] for common, [illegible] for fair, [illegible] for good, and [illegible] for best grades of butcher cattle. Shipping cattle are in fair demand, and fair and good sell from 6 to 6¾c. Choice and extra sell from 7 to 7¼c.

HOGS—The supply is about equal to the demand. Well fatted, heavy lots sell from 9¼ to 9¾c. A few choice sold at 10c. Ordinary and fair sell from 8¼ to 9c.

SHEEP—The supply has been good, the demand light, and prices are lower. We quote heavy, choice shipping at from 3¼ to 3¾c. Fair and good butchers' sheep sell from $2 50 to $3 per head. Common from $1 25 to $2 per head. Good and choice lambs sell from $2 25 to $3 per head.

SOUTHERN STOCK YARD—GEO. [illegible], PROPRIETOR.

CATTLE—The market for cattle remains dull; they go off slow and at low figures. We have received but few cattle in the last three days, so that there is but few on the market at our yards. We quote at from [illegible] for [illegible] and rough; common, [illegible]; [illegible] for best grades of butchers' stuff, [illegible] shipping cattle will sell according to quality, [illegible].

HOGS—The market on account of the [illegible] warm weather and a heavy run has been [illegible] depressed and we quote a decline in prices of from 25 to 50 per cwt; there have but few hogs come [illegible].

SHEEP—The class of stock is selling slowly, and at low figures. [illegible]

WINTERSMITH'S

Concentrated Compound

FLUID

EXTRACT BUCHU

—AND—

PAREIRA BRAVA,

A Certain and Specific Remedy for

Calculous Gravel, Non-retention or Incontinence of the Urine, Mucous Discharges, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Inflammation of the Bladder, Gleet, Diabetes, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female.

Prepared with Great Care and Skill by One of the Most Eminent Chemists of the Country.

Superior to Any Preparation of Buchu Ever Offered to the Public.

This highly concentrated extract is carefully made by displacement without the use of heat, from the best Buchu leaves, combined with Pareira Brava, Juniper Berries, and Cubebs, and is offered to the public as a safe, sure, and speedy cure for all derangements of the bladder, kidneys, &c.

The common method of extracting the properties of medicinal herbs, roots, &c., by heat is now known in many cases to injure, if not entirely destroy, their efficacy. By careful displacement with the proper menstruum, I have avoided this error, and have here provided an extract so concentrated that the dose, though small, contains more of the properties and virtues of the drugs than other preparations of same kind on the market. It contains all the virtues of the fresh Buchu leaves greatly increased in efficacy by being combined with the other ingredients in such a way as to add greatly to its curative powers.

Its good effects are immediate, and the patient is encouraged to persist in its use in chronic cases until a cure is effected.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu

IS A PREPARATION OF

Genuine Merit,

AND HAS

ALL THE VIRTUE CLAIMED FOR IT.

As a Diuretic it is Unrivaled, Cheaper in Price and Better in Quality than any Extract Buchu in the Market.

PRICE

$1 per Bottle, Six for $5.

For sale by all Druggists.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

PETER, POWERS, & COOPER,
[Successors to Wilson, Peter, & Co.]
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
273 Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
General Wholesale Agents.
[illegible] deod&weowly

WINTERSMITH'S

TONIC SIRUP,

—OR—

IMPROVED CHILL CURE,

A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR EVERY FORM OF FEVER AND AGUE.

The Cure is Permanent—The Chill, Once Broken, Will Not Return.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

This preparation is carefully compounded of purely vegetable ingredients, and never fails, when properly taken, to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague, neuralgia, and all malarious diseases. Unlike chill remedies generally, it requires no purgative to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels, effectually removing the cause of the disease, not merely temporarily checking it. Herein consists one great advantage it has over all other preparations. The crowning excellence of this remedy, however, above the permanency and certainty of its cure, is the fact that no injury whatever can arise from its use, as is certain to be the case when quinine or arsenic are taken, which are the principal ingredients of most of the chill medicines now in use. Quinine acting upon the nervous system, produces, according to our best authorities, "a feeling of tightness or distention of the head, ringing, buzzing or roaring in the ears, partial deafness," &c., and, when the dose is increased, "complete deafness, diminution or loss of sight, dilated or immovable pupil, coma, and great prostration."

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup leaves the system in a perfectly healthy condition, with no bad effects in any way to be worn off.

Another great virtue claimed for this medicine, and wherein consists its superiority over other medicines, is that the cure is permanent. It rarely requires more than a day or two to effectually break the chill, and, once broken, they will not return.

Hundreds of letters are daily received testifying to the efficacy and wonderful virtues of this remedy. It is very popular wherever sold, taking the place of any Chill remedy it comes in competition with.

WINTERSMITH'S

TONICSIRUP

OR

IMPROVED CHILL CURE

Never Fails to Cure the Most Obstinate Case of Fever and Ague.

It Accomplishes the Work by removing the Cause of the Disease.

Chill Once Broken Does Not Return.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

For sale by

Peter, Powers & Cooper,	H. C. Chambers & Co.,
R. A. Robinson & Co.,	Ed. Wilder & Co.,
J. B. Wilder & Co.,	E. Morris & Co.

And all Druggists.

PETER, POWERS & COOPER,
[SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.]
Wholesale Druggists,
273 Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
General Wholesale Ag'ts.
[illegible] deod&weowly

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $1 50 per line per month.

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY & IRON WORKS, [illegible] & Co., [illegible] and Ninth sts., Louisville, Ky.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK, manufactured by [illegible], between Brook and Walnut sts.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop, S. E. corner Main and Tenth streets.

BOONE & BOONE, Attorneys at Law, No. 12 Court Place.

COOPER, W., Portrait Painter at Hegan's, 138 Main street.

DESHLER, H. W., Manufacturer and proprietor of Hall's Copper Scroll Lightning Rod for the Southern States, 238 West Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—Com. Merchants and U. S. Bonded Warehouse, S. W. [illegible].

GROVE, R.—Cemetery and garden designer, Twenty-sixth street.

JONES, R. R.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. 13[illegible] West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & KARINS, Marble Works, No. 10[illegible] north side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth.

JAMES & CO., THOS., (successors to [illegible] James & Co.) dealers in Pittsburg and other Coal. Office, [illegible] sixth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—BARNUM & STARBIRD, proprietors, No. 23 Fifth st.

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, 21 and 23[illegible] st., bet. Main and river. STEIN & DORN, Prop's.

LANE DAVID—Sheet-iron Worker, 473 and 475 Main street, north side, bet. Twelfth & Thirteenth.

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

McELFATRICK, J. B., Architect, No. 140 Main street, below Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

MOUNT W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 70 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the City Engineer until 12 o'clock M. on Friday, Aug. 27, 1869, to execute the following work:

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize Montgomery (or Twentieth) street from the south side of Jefferson street to the north side of Grayson street.

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize Jacob (or Vine) street from the east side of Campbell street to the west side of Beargrass creek.

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize High street from the west side of Bridge street, as extended from Portland avenue to High street, to the west line of Nineteenth street, if extended.

To grade and pave with block pavement the alley from Hancock to Jackson street, if extended, and between Roselane and Laurel streets.

To grade and pave with block pavement the alley from Walnut to Marshall street and between Preston and Jackson streets.

To regrade, recurb, furnish with metal gutters, and repave the sidewalk on the west side of Eighth street, between Gad Chapin's north line and first alley north.

To grade, furnish with metal gutters, and pave the sidewalk on the east side of Hancock street, between Laurel street and first alley south.

To grade, furnish with metal gutters, and pave the sidewalks on both sides of Madison street, between Twentieth (or Montgomery) street and the east line of Barber's addition.

To grade, furnish with metal gutters, and pave the sidewalk on the south side of Grayson street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, or such portions thereof as the City Engineer may direct.

To grade, furnish with metal gutters, and pave the sidewalk on the south side of Caldwell street, between Preston and Floyd streets.

To regrade, recurb, furnish with metal gutters and repave the sidewalk on the north side of Walnut street, between Preston and Jackson streets, or such portions thereof as the City Engineer may direct.

To regrade, recurb, furnish with metal gutters, and repave the sidewalks on both sides of Chestnut street, between Preston and Jackson streets.

To regrade, recurb, furnish with metal gutters, and repave the sidewalk on the east side of Second street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets, or such portions thereof as the City Engineer may direct.

To regrade, furnish with metal gutters, and repave the sidewalk on the west side of Preston street, between Broadway and first alley north.

To regrade, [illegible] with metal gutters, and repave the sidewalk on the west side of Preston street, between Gray street and first alley north.

To construct a new gutter on the south side of Gray street between Brook and Floyd streets.

To dig and wall a well at the intersection of Twelfth and Churchill streets.

The above work to be done in accordance with general ordinances concerning the same.

Bond with approved security required, and separate bids for each piece of work. The city reserves the right to reject any and all of the bids.

JO. H. BUNCE, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Aug. 21, 1869. au22 dtd

Executive Committee,

GERMAN OPERA HOUSE,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 22, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned, until the 15th day of September, 1869, for a lot of ground for the German Opera House. The lot must be situated within the following boundary: Second and Sixth streets, and Market to Chestnut street. As large fronts and depth are most preferable, parties owning property adjoining had better make propositions together.

HENRY WEHMHOFF, Chairman Real Estate Committee.

au22 dtd

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the City Engineer until Friday, August 27, 1869, at 12 M., to erect a frame cottage on the city Almshouse grounds. Plans and specifications on file at the office of City Engineer. The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JO. H. BUNCE, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Aug. 24, 1869.

Proposals.

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, & LEXINGTON R. R. CO.,
ASS'T SUP'T AND ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 7, 1869.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Superintendent and Engineer until 26th inst., for the masonry in piers and abutments to Licking river bridge.

Proposals to cover work from low-water line to top of coping inclusive, and a separate proposal for work in [illegible] from low-water line to base of foundations. Proposition to cover excavation for foundation for piers in water.

Location of bridge at first falls of Licking river, three miles above its mouth.

Plans and specifications to be seen at office, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets, Louisville.

H. T. DOUGLAS, Ass't Sup't and Engineer.

au12 dtd

Proposals.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until September 15, for the graduation and masonry of the Glasgow Railroad. The road is a little over ten miles in length, running from Glasgow Junction, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, to Glasgow, Ky. Bids will be received for the whole work or portions thereof.

For further information address RUDOLPH FINK, Engineer in charge, at Louisville, or the undersigned, at Glasgow, Ky. J. R. GARNETT, President Glasgow R. R.

au21 dtsep15

Notice.

STATE OF ARKANSAS,
County of White.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals for the building of a court-house for the county of White, in the State of Arkansas, will be received by the undersigned at his office, in the town of Searcy, up until the 6th day of September, 1869. The plan and specifications of said house can be seen at my office, or at the office of M. H. Baldwin, Architect, Memphis, Tenn.

Parties submitting proposals will be required to furnish, at the same time, satisfactory evidence of their ability to execute a good and solvent bond for the faithful completion of their contract.

Said proposals will be opened by the County Court of White county, on said 6th day of September, 1869, said Court reserving to itself the right to reject any and all bids.

The amount appropriated by the County Court for the erection of said building is $[illegible].

(L. S.) JOHN A. COLE, Clerk White county, Arkansas.

au6 dtm

Public Letting of Kentucky River Improvements.

THE party offering the highest bid for the Kentucky river improvements at its last proposed letting having failed to comply with the terms of his bid, said improvements will again be offered by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to the highest and best bidder, for the period of 20 years, on Thursday, the 26th day of August prox., at the court-house door, in the city of Frankfort, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., upon the terms and conditions specified in an act approved February 24, 1869. Said improvements consist of five locks and dams, lock houses, tools, implements, apparatus, materials, &c. Among the articles enumerated is a large quantity of lumber, accumulated for the purpose of repairing the dams and gates on said river.

J. W. STEVENSON, Governor, and Chairman Commissioners Sinking Fund. jy16 dtd

SUMMER RESORTS.

Crab Orchard Springs.

ALL those seeking health, comfort, or pleasure would do well to visit this watering place of the West, which is now open for the reception of visitors, for whose comfort and pleasure every effort will be made. This favorite place of resort is situated on the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad, with daily trains to and from the former place, within 4 or 5 hours run, and near the base of the mountains, possessing an altitude of several hundred feet above that of Louisville, where you have the pure mountain air, together with the finest mineral waters in the West, among which is the GREAT AMERICAN [illegible], which is superior to any on this continent, and some five other springs, in which is combined carbonates of iron, [illegible] and magnesia, [illegible], lime, potash, and soda, chloride sodium, besides silica and bromine, which for the cure of chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and all uterine diseases, also for general debility and [illegible] disease, is unsurpassed.

The proprietor will use his well-known indefatigable energy for the general comfort of all those who may visit this old and celebrated watering place.

For further particulars and circulars, containing an analysis of the various springs, taken from the second report of the geological survey of Kentucky, by David Dale Owen, in 1857, reference is made to

CUL. D. W. JONES, Crab Orchard Springs, Ky.

my26 dif

Farmers' & Drovers' Bank

No. 69 Third st., east side, bet. Main & Market,

L. L. O'BANNON, President. R. S. VEECH, Cashier.

IS now open and prepared to do a general Banking business. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

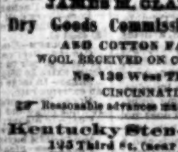
au13 d&wtf

JAMES M. CLARK & CO.,
Dry Goods Commission Merchants
AND COTTON FACTORS.
WOOL RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.
No. 130 West Third St.,
CINCINNATI, O.
☞ Reasonable advances made. au11 d6m

Kentucky Stencil Comp'y
125 Third st. (near Postoffice.)
T. WALSH, Prop'r.

STENCIL BRANDS of every description cut and shipped to any address. Terms 4 to 6 cents per letter. Work warranted. au1 dim

C. C. LEWIS & CO.'S REMEDY
For Hog Cholera.
Hog Cholera Can be Cured!



This medicine has been used in the most extreme cases, and found to effect a certain cure. Certificates from medical men of high character, farmers, and stockraisers can be furnished in abundance.

Farmers, look to your interest and give the medicine a trial. You will be satisfied [illegible] it would be to keep your hogs in a healthy condition and free from disease. It will prevent and cure Hog Cholera, ulcers in the lungs or liver, thumps, cough and diseases of the throat, and scours [illegible]. The above diseases can be prevented and entirely eradicated if the medicine is used in proper time. Give it a trial.

It Helps to Fatten Hogs!

This medicine will not only cure hogs of the disease, but it will a [illegible]. It purifies the blood, keeps up a healthful action of the liver and absorbing vessels, and gives tone to the lungs, membranes of the stomach, and intestines.

CHICKENS.

The poultry powders will cure and prevent the disease commonly known as chicken cholera. Use occasionally as a protection. Address

au1 W&Sat GEO. W. CRAY, Agt., Louisville, Ky.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU GIVES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, Consumption, Insanity, or Epileptic Fits ensue.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Glands, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick-dust Deposits, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, or Dropsical Swellings.
USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH; THEREFORE the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE REGAINED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED BY HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract Buchu

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

And all diseases of the

Urinary Organs,

Whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

How Long Standing.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the

Health and Happiness

and that of posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,

Established upward of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1 25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
ap18 [illegible]

DENTISTRY.

[illegible] DENTIST, [illegible]

J. F. CANINE,
DENTIST,
[illegible] No. 173 FIFTH STREET, bet. Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky. [illegible]

LAWYERS.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE. R. B. DURRETT.
BRAMLETTE & DURRETT,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Office at [illegible] east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
WILL practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in this city, and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. my18 dim

G. W. CHILTON, BLANTON DUNCAN,
No. 75 FIFTH STREET.
HAVE associated themselves together to practice law in the Courts of the State, and will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.

Louisville Lock Factory.

Manufacturers of Locks, Bell Hangers, and Dealers in Hardware, &c.,
(JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO).
91 Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson sts.
au11 WeFr&Sutm

FORTUNE TELLER.

ALL persons who are desirous to know what is before them should not fail to call on
MADAM ELIZABETH VEIT.
Residence on Upper Fifth, between Main and Water streets. She can tell them concerning the Past, Present, and Future, and all things connected with Love, Marriage, and Business. She can tell if anything has been Lost or Stolen; for instance, Cattle or Horses, where they are and how to get them.
Also all persons engaged in any difficult law suits would consult their interest by calling on her, for I never fail to give satisfaction.
Madam Veit possesses a secret by which she is able to show persons their absent friends who are at a distance from them. She will give them entire satisfaction before they leave.
Price—Gentlemen $1, Ladies 50 cents.
[illegible] Wed&Sun

KENTUCKY SAFE MANUFATORY,
GIBSON & [illegible]LER,
MANUFACTURERS
Fire Proof, Fire and Burglar Proof, and Burglar Proof Safes, Combination Bank Locks, Bank Vaults, Jail Work,
Iron Railings, &c.,
91 & 93 Green St., opp. Custom-house,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

We are the only safe manufacturers in the State of Kentucky who make a specialty of manufacturing Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, all as made by us are warranted Fire and Damp Proof. We call especial attention to our late improvement in burglar proof work. We will sell as low as any other manufacturers and, at the same time, warrant them equal if not superior to any in the world. GIBSON & [illegible]LER.

LET US HAVE PEACE AND SLEEP!
Bell's Coalineum.
THIS valuable preparation has for many years been used throughout England, France, and many other parts of Europe, gaining for itself a well-merited patronage, being the only article ever brought before the public for the entire extermination of [illegible]. [illegible] a single application prevents the [illegible] from coming to life. Unlike decoctives and [illegible] and all other articles sold for this purpose, which are deadly poisons, the Coalineum is harmless to human life. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Letters addressed to CHAS. BELL, care of Mr. J. T. Lanham, Grocer, Third street, between Jefferson and [illegible], will receive prompt attention.

Aikin & Drummond
(Successors to Pearce, Aikin & Co.)
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Sole manufacturers of the Great Western Sugar Mills and Cook's [illegible] Evaporators, Portable Cider Mills, &c.
[illegible]
Steam Engines, Mill Work, and Castings of all descriptions.

GRAND EXCURSIONS
TO
Lake Superior.

THE splendid steamers St. Paul, Keweenaw, and Meteor leave Detroit at [illegible] o'clock, and Cleveland, Ohio, the following evening at 8 o'clock, for Superior City, Duluth, and all points of interest on Lake Superior, as follows:
Steamer St. Paul, Tuesday, July 27, Aug. 3, 17, and [illegible].
Steamer Keweenaw, Tuesday, July 27, Aug. 10 and [illegible].
Steamer Meteor, Saturday, July 31, Aug. 14 and 28, Sept. 11.
[illegible] and other information obtained by application to EBAN WARD, owner of [illegible] & CO., agents of steamers St. Paul and Keweenaw, or J. T. WHITING, manager of steamer Meteor, or BUCKLEY & CO., Agents, Detroit, Mich.

834 ACRES
Choice Bluegrass Land for Sale.
IT lies in Smith county, Tenn., on the Caney Fork river, 7 miles from Carthage and [illegible] of Lebanon, with turnpike roads to each. There is no better bluegrass or [illegible] land in the State, and no place better adapted to [illegible]. [illegible] will sell at private sale till the [illegible] of September, [illegible]. Address [illegible] Lebanon, or [illegible] Martinsville, Tenn. Terms easy.

EXCURSION TICKETS
—TO—
Crab Orchard!

ON and after July 16, 1869, and until further notice, excursion tickets to Crab Orchard will be sold at the following reduced rates:
Single round trip [illegible]
Family tickets for [illegible]
Do for [illegible]
Do for [illegible]
Do for [illegible]
Excursion tickets will be sold only to persons frequenting the springs, and can be used by persons traveling between Louisville and the springs during the season of [illegible].
Excursion tickets are not transferable.
Horses and carriages for use of persons who purchase excursion tickets will be taken to Crab Orchard as full rates, and carried free at or before the close of the season.
For excursion tickets and further information, apply at Ticket Offices at Depot of L. and N. Railroad, corner of Ninth and Broadway, Louisville, Ky.
ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't L. and N. R. R.
jy16 dif

J. MORGAN COLEMAN, President. BARRY COLEMAN, Vice President.
Kentucky Rolling Mill Co.
NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

LOUISVILLE IRON TIES.

Iron, Nails, Steel,
Horse Shoes, &c.
[illegible]

Glass Fruit Jars.

KNOCK, REED & CO.
[illegible]

MEDICAL.

DOCTOR HUNTER

TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL PRIVATE AND [illegible] ... Consultation free and strictly confidential.
Office No. 1[illegible] Third street, Louisville, Ky.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.
GEO. W. CARPENTER'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu.
These celebrated preparations, originally introduced by Geo. W. Carpenter, under patronage of the medical faculty, have been so long extensively used by physicians and others, that they are generally known for their intrinsic value, and can be relied on as being most valuable remedies in all cases where Sarsaparilla or Buchu are applicable, and cannot be too highly recommended. They are prepared in a highly concentrated form, so as to render the dose small and convenient. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention.
GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO., Wholesale Chemical Warehouse, 737 Market street, Philadelphia.
jy3 d3m

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,

104 1-2 Fifth street, opposite Court-Place, cures [illegible] ... Dr. L. has made office practice his special study for twenty years, has had more experience in this "specialty" than any other physician in America, and has cured upward of 10,000 cases in Louisville alone.
Diseases incident to females treated with EMINENT SUCCESS. Suppressions, Irregularities, Whites, Nervous Debility, Painful Menstruation, Barrenness, &c., speedily cured.
FEMALE PILLS—A positive remedy for all obstructions. Price $1.
Superior quality of Male Sacks, $5 each or 3 for $10. Sent by mail. Consultation free and confidential.
☞ Circular sent to any one on receipt of three cent stamp.

CONFIDENTIAL.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure or the duties of married life; also middle-aged and old men who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read "The Secret Friend." Married ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "The Secret Friend." Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of 25 cents. Address DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO., Boston, Mass.
my1 d&wly

Galen's Head Dispensary.
Office No. 74½ Jefferson street, between Second and Third streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

ESTABLISHED 1847, and chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, 1851, "for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs of both sexes," including spermatorrhea, or seminal weakness from early errors, [illegible], [illegible], syphilis in all its stages, diseases of the kidneys and bladder, and the diseases of women.
A Medical Pamphlet, containing sixty large pages and numerous illustrations on a new method of treating the above diseases without mercury, and [illegible] with advice on marriage, &c., sent under seal for [illegible].
The Consulting Surgeon of this celebrated Dispensary, and Author of the above Work, may be consulted personally or by letter on all the diseases of which it treats. Persons at a distance treated by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the country on receipt of a statement of the case.
Consultations private, and all letters strictly confidential.
Read the above work before seeking medical aid elsewhere, and thus avoid quackery. Address GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Louisville, Ky.
fe13 d

RAILROADS.

Louisville and Nashville
—AND—
MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE
RAILROAD LINE.

ON and after JUNE 27, 1869, trains will run as follows:

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 17.
Leave Louisville	[illegible] A M	[illegible] P M	11:[illegible] P M
Arrive at Nashville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Humboldt	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
" Memphis	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
" New Orleans	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
" Mobile	[illegible]	[illegible]	....

TRAIN No. 1 connects at Humboldt with trains for New Orleans and all points Southwest, and at Nashville for Chattanooga and all points Southeast.

TRAIN No. 3 connects at Humboldt with trains for Mobile, New Orleans, and all points Southwest. Does not run to Nashville.

TRAIN No. 17 connects at Nashville with trains for Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, and all points Southeast. No connection from Bowling Green for Humboldt or any point Southwest.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 1 run through to Humboldt and Memphis, and on train No. 17 through to Nashville.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 3 run through to Humboldt and New Orleans without change.

Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at [illegible] A. M. for Lebanon, Danville, Stanford, Crab Orchard, and Mt. Vernon, connecting by stages to all important points in Southeastern Kentucky.

Richmond Accommodation leaves [illegible] at [illegible] P. M., on arrival of train from Louisville.

Bardstown Accommodation train leaves Louisville at [illegible] P. M. This train connects at Bardstown Station with stages for Fairfield, [illegible] and Chaplin.

Trains Nos. 3 and 17 run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.

ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI
Short Line Railroad!
ALL RAIL—NO CHANGE OF CARS.
TIME, FIVE HOURS.
Fare, $3.50.
Omnibus Transfer from Depot to Hotel or Residence in Cincinnati Free.

Trains Leave.		Trains Arrive.
[illegible] A. M.	Cincinnati Express	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	Cincinnati Express	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	Cincinnati Express	[illegible]
[illegible] A. M.	Lexington Express	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	Lexington Express	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	LaGrange Accommodation	[illegible]

Persons taking either of the express trains for Cincinnati arrive there [illegible] hours sooner than via [illegible] boats. The 3:30 train runs daily.
Trains run by Lexington time, which is [illegible] minutes faster than Louisville time. [illegible] ... Tickets for sale at [illegible] Main and Louisville Hotel.
[illegible] SAM'L GILL, Gen'l Sup't.

Louisville & Indianapolis R. R. Line
J., M. & I. R. R.
[illegible] ... United States mail connections.
Trains leave the Jeffersonville depot immediately opposite Louisville, as follows:
[illegible] A. M. Chicago Express; [illegible] P. M. New York Express; [illegible] P. M. New York and St. Louis express (Sunday excepted).
Baggage checked through to all principal points.
Silver Palace (day and night) cars on the [illegible] train through to New York, via Cleveland, [illegible] Columbus, O., and Pittsburg, without change.
Through car will leave on [illegible] P. M. train on Sunday.
Sleeping cars on [illegible] P. M. train, through to Chicago without change.
Tickets for sale at the Galt House, Louisville, [illegible] Hotel, and at the office, corner Third and Main streets.
HORACE SCOTT, General Supt.
May 7, 1869—jelf [illegible]

REMOVAL.

Removal.
HART & MAPOTHER
Have removed their LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING, and JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT to the Johnson Block, No. 1[illegible] [illegible] street, south side, between Third and Fourth. [illegible]

HARBISON & GATHRIGHT

Main St., Louisville,
[illegible]
Saddles, Harness, and Saddlery Hardware.
We call the special attention of the trade to GATHRIGHT'S PATENT [illegible] TREE AND SADDLE,
Warranted superior in every respect. For sale by ALL FIRST-CLASS Saddlers. [illegible]

U. S. HOTEL,
Louisville, Ky.
STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., Proprietors.
$2 50 PER DAY.

H. RUSCHHAUPT,
Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, of the University of Berlin,
Oculist and Aurist.
Office, 90 Chestnut st., bet. Third and Fourth.
Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. [illegible]

MURPHY HOTEL,
MAIN STREET,
Bardstown, Ky.
F. O. MURPHY, Agent. [illegible] Proprietor.
[illegible]

German Bank
AND INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Louisville, Ky.,
Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.
[illegible] GERMAN [illegible] BANK AND [illegible] INSURANCE CO.
CAPITAL $500,000
[illegible]

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1869.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

Spain.

Senor Silvela, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, has just issued an important circular to the ambassadors of Spain abroad. It is a review of the progress and position of the revolution in that country, with the causes which led to it, and the action and policy of the provisional government for the maintenance of law and order. The reasons are given for the decadence of Spanish power and material prosperity; the part played by the Catholic Church is explained, and the argument of the document seems to be an attempt to strengthen the position of the party in power as against the followers of either Isabella or Don Carlos. As a state paper it partakes of the habitual grandiloquence and verbose redundancy common to the Spanish character.

II.

The Southern Historical Society.

At the last regular meeting of this Society recently held in New Orleans, which is now fully organized for the purpose of the records of the late struggle for Confederate independence, several interesting and important letters were read, among them one from Gen. R. E. Lee, signifying his acceptance, with pleasure, of the vice-Presidency for Virginia, and saying that "it is highly important to collect and record reliable historical information, especially in periods of rapid change, such as the present," and offering to render cheerfully any service that may aid this object in Virginia. Also letters from Gen. Wade Hampton, Admiral Raphael Semmes, ex-Secretary S. R. Mallory, ex-Governor B. G. Humphreys, of Mississippi, and others, approving of the object of the Society, and offering their services. Mr. Jefferson Davis was elected an honorary member, and the Society then adjourned to meet again on the second Monday in September.

III.

The Last English Scandal.

"The Most Noble the Marquis of Waterford" seems to be following in the larky footsteps of his illustrious Pa. He set all England to talking in whispers and with bated breath not long since by his daring runaway act with the lovely Mrs. Florence Grosvenor Vivian, wife of a captain of that name. A suit for divorce followed, predicated upon the breaking of the seventh commandment by the Marquis and Madam, which being proven, the divorce was granted. The testimony elicited on the trial indicates a state of morals among some of the English nobility which is dissolute in the extreme. Here is a lady of rank with a kind husband and several interesting children, throwing them over and going off with a young aristocratic reprobate and persisting in remaining with him in spite of the tears and prayers of all her friends and relatives. Of course the Liberal papers give all of the disgusting affair in its most prurient form and hold up Waterford as a specimen British nobleman.

IV.

A Suggestion to those Fat Clam-Eaters.

Our Northern exchanges tell of the hundred and forty fat men weighing thirty-one thousand three hundred and eighty-five pounds (an average of two hundred and twenty-four pounds each), making a clam-bake excursion to Gregory's Point, Conn. These jolly Falstaffs seem to have fairly won the reputation of carrying a great deal of weight with them, and of having larded the lean earth as they went. The proof of their manhood in devouring immense quantities was almost conclusive, but to forever set all doubts at an end, and write their names in the scroll of great men, the whole party should come immediately to the Mammoth Cave and do the "Fat Man's Misery." This would be a fitting and appropriate test of their fortitude and courage. Mr. John A. P. Fisk, of New York, the three hundred and fifty-eight pounder, would doubtless be invited to try on the "Giant's coffin," or carry it home with him to take his afternoon *siesta* in. Let the test of membership among them be a certificate that the bearer has graduated and is a M. F. M. M. (a Master of the Fat Man's Misery).

OWENSBORO.

Rencounter Between two Noted Members of the Bar—A Lady Crushed to Death—The Counterfeiters—The Agricultural and Mechanical Association—Appointment of a Cadet.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

OWENSBORO, KY., Aug. 23, 1869.

During a debate in the Circuit Court the other day, Baker Boyd, Esq., Commonwealth's Attorney, remarked to the jury that his opponent, Mr. W. N. Sweeney, had prompted a contradictory statement of a witness for the defense in the Webb-Jarboe trial, and had been instrumental in returning the witness to affirm his former statement. Whereupon Mr. Sweeney, who had been sitting just in the rear of Mr. Boyd whittling, denounced it as a lie. Mr. Boyd turned and said he saw it. Mr. Sweeney then said, "You saw a lie," and arose as he spoke, and advanced on Boyd, [illegible] advanced a little also, and, with [illegible] dash with the knife he had [illegible] whittling with, Sweeney struck [illegible] just above the right nipple, about the [illegible] of the chest. It glanced downward, [illegible] made a very ugly wound about four [illegible] long and a half inch deep. The Hon. [illegible] W. Williams, Judge presiding, did not [illegible] the affair in time to prevent it. Both [illegible] Commonwealth and defense had many [illegible] in the court-room, and they quickly [illegible] to the cause of each. It was feared the affair would be renewed and prove [illegible] serious, as the court received notice [illegible] Boyd about noon that he would be ready [illegible] o'clock to resume and finish his debate. [illegible] enough, at the time announced, he was [illegible] court, as also Mr. Sweeney. Mr. Boyd [illegible] his speech without any further disturbances at the conclusion of which Judge [illegible] placed Mr. Sweeney under $10,000 [illegible] to keep the peace, and fined him $50. [illegible] Boyd was placed under bonds of $2,000 to [illegible] the peace and no fine.

[illegible] other afternoon while all the men who [illegible] at Mr. Glenn's farm, near this place, [illegible] at work in the fields, Mrs. Glenn went [illegible] her dairy to put away milk, and while [illegible] engaged the floors of the building above [illegible] which were filled with grain, gave way, [illegible] upon and crushing her to death. She [illegible] lady possessing many friends, who are [illegible] sorrow over the fate of their companion.

[illegible] "shovers of the queer" whom Gen. Eli Murray arrested in this city, viz: Kendall [illegible] Wilson, were duly forwarded by the [illegible] to your city for trial. The families of [illegible] two men deserve the sympathy of the [illegible]. It would be difficult, of course, to [illegible] their wives believe them guilty, yet the [illegible] are simple. Gen. Murray came here and [illegible] of the postmaster as to who got out [illegible] for Messrs. Richardson & Son, and was [illegible] that Mr. Kendall, their agent, got them. [illegible] Murray then opened a correspondence [illegible] them, representing himself to be a [illegible] county man, and wished them to ship a [illegible] amount of the "spurious" C. O. D. [illegible] express. They made an attempt to for[illegible]

[illegible]

"OLD PHIL."

ROCK SPRING.

A Paradise Near Home—Hills, Cliffs and Water—[illegible] Natural Scenery and Romantic [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] has [illegible] with [illegible]. As one wanders along the cool and shady walks amid the grand old forest trees such a [illegible] for a lover of the beautiful and [illegible] is rarely met with. Here a cascade [illegible] dripping there loom up cliffs of rugged stone, piled in tumultuous masses; yonder is a rustic seat under some old denizen of the [illegible] woods that invites "to scenes of contentment and ease," or further on, in the hollow of a rock, is a clear and crystal fount of never-failing water, where "he who is aweary may pause and always be refreshed."

Time flies quickly by with us here. What with meals, baths, walks and amusements, the day hardly seems to have begun before "gathering darkness throws its shadows around" and warns us that retiring hour is near. Many Louisville people are here—in fact, the majority here are Louisvillians. All testify to the great difference between the night temperature at this place and that in the city. At no time this summer has a blanket been uncomfortable, and for a greater portion of the time several blankets added materially to personal comfort.

W. B. H.

ST. LANDRY PARISH.

A Much-Governed People—Land, Labor and Lucre—Double Crops—A Beautiful Country—Fine Business Opening—Railroads, etc., etc.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

OPELOUSAS, LA., August 18.

CIVIL AND MILITARY.

With the presence of black troops, a superabundance of law, lawyers and civil officers, with an unknown number of secret agents and detectives, we have, just now, a very strong government here, if such material can make such a government.

At this time our parish—the civil powers or rulers—and the tax-paying community are at it "teeth and nails," and all about a very big sum (over sixty thousand) of greenbacks, paid in as tax, that can't be found anywhere. Public meetings are taking place, and if published figures are correct, things look very dark. There will be yet another and final meeting, when a complete report will be read and published by the investigating committee, and we will learn, probably, where the guilt, if any, lies.

RAILROADS, ETC.

Our State is one of the most backward in internal improvements, but she hopes ere many years to come out with banners flying. We have several railroads already, and there are two others approaching to completion—the N. O., O. and Texas, and the Chattanooga, Mobile, New Orleans and Texas roads. There is great competition between these two roads, and doubtless both will be speedily run through.

ST. LANDRY PARISH

is one of the most valuable, as well as one of the most beautiful and desirable parts of this State or the whole South. She has rich swamp and prairie lands in the greatest abundance—a moderate climate, with excellent health generally prevailing throughout the year. The well water is wholesome and cold, though cisterns and rain water are of course better. The cotton crop is generally about ten or fifteen thousand bales. It is thought that if the worms do not come it will reach eighteen thousand bales this year. Sugar is grown in abundance, as also corn, rice, [illegible] of which two crops can be made a year. Beans of all sorts, of which two or three crops can be made per annum, particularly of the navy bean. Nearly all the fruits will grow here in abundance and would pay. The range for cattle and horses is unsurpassed. What we now want,

First—Though our parish is filling up pretty fast, is the immigration of good citizens, who will yet find an abundance of [illegible] of it Government land), which can be had generally at reasonable prices.

Secondly—We want a rice mill. If any one will put up a steam rice mill they will be kept busy and make money too. I understand that twelve rice mills have been built since the war in this State; but this does not come up to the demand.

Thirdly—We want a cotton factory. There is a big fortune for some company slumbering in that direction. The people would supply them with all the cotton needed and then buy all their goods from the concern. Besides, our towns and villages would patronize them; and then the factory could send any surplus to New Orleans or Texas by railroad or water. By building a factory here the company would save the freight, storage, insurance, commission, drayage, etc., etc., on cotton. We hope that some one will inaugurate the movement.

LABORERS.

This class of people are in great demand here, as elsewhere in the South. Our planters are satisfied that no confidence can be placed in the hands now in the field. A large immigration will doubtless set in from the land of tea, and probably our parish will get her share. If "large planting" is to be continued, I suppose these will do as well as any others; but I believe that the greater wealth, intelligence, religion and happiness of our State, as well as the parish, lie in the small farm system.

RELIGION AND SCHOOLS.

Of the first we have all sorts in great abundance. As for churches, there are Catholic and Protestant churches built all over the parish. Though our public school system is yet in embryo, there are many private schools.

CROPS

are very promising.

J. R. B.

FOREIGN TRAVEL.

A Louisvillian Abroad—Warwick Castle—The Home of Shakespeare—A Journey to Scotland, Etc.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

LONDON, July 28, 1869.

We returned last night at 10 o'clock from Edinburgh. We have spent two most delightful weeks in Scotland. Just two weeks since we left London to visit the most interesting historical portions of the kingdom before leaving for Scotland. And now, as you cannot be with us to see these glorious historical monuments of antiquity, which impress one so thoroughly with the idea of indefinite distance of antiquity, shrouded in all its mystery, of solitude [illegible] and eternal, I will endeavor to give you faint impressions. Now, the most difficult undertaking of the traveller, in my humble opinion, is to translate into the language of the [illegible] imagination and mind of the reader the scenes, views, impressions, and sentiments that either nature or human [illegible] give rise to within him—not to express by lines and colours, like the artist, a simple and easy business; but by words, by ideas which contain neither sounds nor lines, nor colours. In a few hours we reached "Leamington Spa," which, in a sort of suburb, may be fairly called beautiful, and, at some points, magnificent: large numbers of Americans enjoy its streets, groves and gardens, it is not only a town of fashionable resort for health, but a central point in the very heart of England, from which some of the most historical and attractive of English scenes may be visited. Within sight of the town rise the stately Towers of Warwick Castle, and in a mile or two, the majestic views of Kenilworth, which has been immortalized by Scott, who has peopled it again to the eye of fancy with the pomp and pageantry of Elizabeth and Leicester. Warwick Castle is a magnificent structure, the finest monument of ancient and chivalrous splendor which remains uninjured by time. The remo[illegible] of its architecture, the richness of its interior in works of art, in articles of vertu, the spaciousness and beauty of its grounds, and the classic waters of the Avon [illegible] its bed, everything is full of interest. From Warwick we drove to "Stratford, on the Avon," the birth-place and tomb of the immortal bard, which possesses a magic attraction, potent as Prospero's wand. We passed through a beautifully wooded country with a constant succession of delightful views. Imagine our feelings when we entered the house where Shakespeare first saw the light of heaven; the cottage where he first told his love; and the church where his sacred ashes repose.

We left the classic Avon, with regret, to visit Chatsworth House, the princely seat of his grace the Duke of Devonshire. The palace is in every sense magnificent: the galleries contain thousands of original paintings, sketches and outlines by the most eminent masters of the Flemish, Venetian, Spanish, [illegible] schools, such as Raphael, Rembrandt, Da Vinci, Titian, Rubens, Claude Loraine, [illegible] and others [illegible] examples of [illegible] have secured for them the homage [illegible]

[illegible]

Monetary and Commercial.

[illegible]

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

[illegible]

Louisville Grocery Market.

[illegible]

Daily Review of the Markets.

[illegible]

Louisville Bagging and Bale Rope Market.

[illegible]

Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

[illegible]

Louisville Provision Market.

[illegible]

Louisville Live Stock Market.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 25, 1869.

BOURBON HOUSE STOCK YARD—E. F. VISSMAN, PROPRIETOR.

[illegible]

WINTERSMITH'S

Concentrated Compound

FLUID

EXTRACT BUCHU

—AND—

PAREIRA BRAVA,

A Certain and Specific Remedy for

Calculous Gravel, Non-retention or Incontinence of the Urine, Mucous Discharges, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Inflammation of the Bladder, Gleet, Diabetes, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female.

Prepared with Great Care and Skill by One of the Most Eminent Chemists of the Country.

Superior to Any Preparation of Buchu Ever Offered to the Public.

This highly concentrated extract is carefully made by displacement without the use of heat, from the best Buchu leaves, combined with Pareira Brava, Juniper Berries, and Cubebs, and is offered to the public as a safe, sure, and speedy cure for all derangements of the bladder, kidneys, &c.

The common method of extracting the properties of medicinal herbs, roots, &c., by heat is now known in many cases to injure, if not entirely destroy, their efficacy. By careful displacement with the proper menstruum, I have avoided this error, and have here provided an extract so concentrated that the dose, though small, contains more of the properties and virtues of the drugs than other preparations of same kind on the market. It contains all the virtues of the fresh Buchu leaves greatly increased in efficacy by being combined with the other ingredients in such a way as to add greatly to its curative powers.

Its good effects are immediate, and the patient is encouraged to persist in its use in chronic cases until a cure is effected.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu

IS A PREPARATION OF

Genuine Merit,

AND HAS

ALL THE VIRTUE CLAIMED FOR IT.

As a Diuretic it is Unrivaled, Cheaper in Price and Better in Quality than any Extract Buchu in the Market.

PRICE

$1 per Bottle, Six for $5.

For sale by all Druggists.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

PETER, POWERS, & COOPER,

[Successors to Wilson, Peter, & Co.]

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

273 Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

General Wholesale Agents.

jell deod&weowly

WINTERSMITH'S

TONIC SIRUP,

—OR—

IMPROVED CHILL CURE,

A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR EVERY FORM OF FEVER AND AGUE.

The Cure is Permanent—The Chill, Once Broken, Will Not Return.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

This preparation is carefully compounded of purely vegetable ingredients, and never fails, when properly taken, to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague, neuralgia, and all malarious diseases. Unlike chill remedies generally, it requires no purgative to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels, effectually removing the cause of the disease, not merely temporarily checking it. Herein consists one great advantage it has over all other preparations. The crowning excellence of this remedy, however, above the permanency and certainty of its cure, is the fact that no injury whatever can arise from its use, as is certain to be the case when quinine or arsenic are taken, which are the principal ingredients of most of the chill medicines now in use. Quinine, acting upon the nervous system, produces, according to our best authorities, "a feeling of tightness or distension of the head, ringing, buzzing or roaring in the ears, partial deafness," &c., and, when the dose is increased, "complete deafness, diminution or loss of sight, dilated or immovable pupil, coma, and great prostration."

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup leaves the system in a perfectly healthy condition, with no bad effects [illegible]

Another great virtue claimed for this medicine, and wherein consists its superiority over other medicines, is that the cure is permanent. It rarely requires more than a day or two to effectually break the chill, and, once broken, they will not return.

Hundreds of letters are daily received testifying to the efficacy and wonderful virtues of this remedy. It is very popular wherever sold, taking the place of any Chill remedy it comes in competition with.

WINTERSMITH'S

TONIC SIRUP

OR

IMPROVED CHILL CURE

Never Fails to Cure the Most Obstinate Case of Fever and Ague.

It Accomplishes the Work by removing the Cause of the Disease.

Chill Once Broken Does Not Return.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

For sale by

Peter, Powers & Cooper, H. C. Chambers & Co.,
R. A. Robinson & Co., Ed. Wilder & Co.,
J. S. Wheat & Co., E. Morris & Co.

And all Druggists.

PETER, POWERS & COOPER,

[SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER & CO.]

Wholesale Druggists,

273 Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

General Wholesale Ag'ts.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $8 [illegible]

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY & IRON WORKS, [illegible]

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS, [illegible]

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop [illegible] corner Main and Fourth street.

BOONE & BOONE, Attorneys at Law, No. [illegible] Court Place.

COOPER, W.—Portrait Painter at Hegan's, 138 Main street.

DESHLER, H. W., Manufacturer and proprietor of [illegible] Lightning Rod for the Southern States, [illegible]

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—Com. Merchants and [illegible] Warehouse, [illegible] W. Main.

GROVE, R.—Cemetery and garden designer, Twenty-sixth street.

JONES, R. R.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. 401 West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & MARINE, Marble Works, No. 15[illegible] north side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth.

JAMES & CO., THOS. (successors to [illegible] James & Co.) dealers in Pittsburg and other Coal. Office, [illegible] sixth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, [illegible]

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, [illegible]

LANEDAVID—Stonecrow Works, [illegible] Main street, bet. Twelfth & Thirteenth.

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market [illegible]

McELFATRICK, J. B., Architect, No. 140 Main street, below Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

MOUNT, W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 70 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the City Engineer until 12 o'clock M. on Friday, Aug. 27, 1869, to execute the following work:

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize Montgomery (or Twentieth) street from the south side of Jefferson street to the north side of Grayson street.

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize Jacob (or Vine) street from the east side of Campbell street to the west side of Beargrass creek.

To grade, curb, subpave, and macadamize High street from the west side of Bridge street, as extended from Portland avenue to High street, to the west line of Nineteenth street, if extended.

To grade and pave with block pavement the alley from Hancock to Jackson street, if extended, and between Jacob and Laurel street.

To grade and pave with block pavement the alley from Walnut to Marshall street and between Preston and Jackson streets.

[illegible]

To dig and wall a well at the intersection of Twelfth and Churchill streets.

The above work to be done in accordance with general ordinances concerning the same.

Bond with approved security required, and separate bids for each piece of work. The city reserves the right to reject any and all of the bids.

JO. H. BUNCE, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 dtd

Executive Committee,

GERMAN OPERA HOUSE,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 22, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned, until the 15th day of September, 1869, for a lot of ground for the German Opera House. The lot must be situated within the following boundary: Second and Sixth streets and Market to Chestnut street. As large fronts and depths are most preferable, parties owning property adjoining had better make propositions for either.

HENRY WEHMHOFF, Chairman Real Estate Committee.

au22 dtd

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the City Engineer until Friday, August 27, 1869, at 12 M., to erect a frame cottage on the city Almshouse grounds. Plans and specifications on file at the office of City Engineer. The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JO. H. BUNCE, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Aug. 24, 1869.

Proposals.

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, & LEXINGTON R. RDS., ASS'T SUP'T AND ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 7, 1869.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Superintendent and Engineer until the 24th inst., for the masonry in piers and abutments to Licking river bridge.

Proposals to cover work from low-water line to top of coping, inclusive, and a [illegible] per cubic yard. Proposition to cover excavation for foundation for piers in water.

Location of bridge at first falls of Licking river, three miles above its mouth.

Plans and specifications to be seen at office, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets, Louisville.

H. T. DOUGLAS, Ass't Sup't and Engineer.

au12 dtd

Proposals.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until September 15, for the graduation and masonry of the Glasgow Railroad. The road is a little over ten miles in length, running from Glasgow Junction, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, to Glasgow, Ky. Bids will be received for the whole work or portions thereof.

For further information address RUDOLPH FINK, Engineer in charge, at Louisville, or the undersigned, at Glasgow, Ky.

J. R. GARNETT, President Glasgow R. R.

au11 d&sep15

Notice.

STATE OF ARKANSAS, County of White.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals for the building of a court-house for the county of White, in the State of Arkansas, will be received by the undersigned at his office, in the town of Searcy, up until the 15th day of September, 1869. Plans and specifications of said house can be seen at my office, or at the office of M. R. Baldwin, Architect, Memphis, Tenn.

Parties submitting proposals will be required to furnish, at the same time, satisfactory evidence of their ability to execute a good and solvent bond for the faithful completion of their contract.

Said proposals will be opened by the County Court of White county, on said 15th day of September, 1869, and said Court reserving to itself the right to reject any and all bids.

The amount appropriated by the County Court for the erection of said building is $15,000.

[L. S.] JOHN A. COLE, Clerk White county, Arkansas.

Public Letting of Kentucky River Improvements.

THE party offering the highest bid for the Kentucky river improvements at the last proposed letting having failed to comply with the terms of the bid, said improvements will again be offered by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to the highest and best bidder, for the period of 20 years, on Thursday, the 26th day of August prox., at the court-house door, in the city of Frankfort, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., upon the terms and conditions mentioned in the last proposal for letting. The said improvements consist of five locks and dams, toll houses, tools, implements, apparatus, materials, &c. Among the articles enumerated is a large quantity of lumber, accumulated for the purpose of repairing the dams and gates on said river.

J. W. STEVENSON, Governor, and Chairman Commissioners Sinking Fund.

jy22 dtd

SUMMER RESORTS.

Crab Orchard Springs.

ALL those seeking health, comfort, or pleasure would do well to visit the waters of the West, as this is not open for the reception of visitors, for whose comfort and pleasure every effort will be made. This favorite place of resort is situated on the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad, with daily trains to and from the former place, within 4 or 5 hours, and near the base of mountains, possessing an altitude of several hundred feet above that of Louisville, where you have the pure mountain air, together with the finest mineral waters in the West, among which is the

GREAT AMERICAN EPSOM,

which is superior to any on this continent, and some of the following, in which is combined carbonates of iron, [illegible] and magnesia, sulphates magnesia, lime, sodium, and potash, chloride sodium, besides silica and bromine, which for the cure of chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and all uterine diseases, and for general debility and infantile diseases, is unsurpassed.

The proprietor will use his well-known indefatigable energy for the general comfort of all those who may visit. For the old and celebrated watering place, Crab Orchard Springs, for further particulars and circulars containing an analysis of the various springs, taken from the second report of the geological survey of Kentucky, by David Dale Owen, to Mr. reference is made to

Geo. D. JONES, Crab Orchard Springs, Ky.

my28 dtf

Farmers' & Drovers' Bank

No. 69 Third st., east side, bet. Main & Market,

I. L. O'BANNON, President. R. S. VEECH, Cashier.

IS now open and prepared to do a general Banking business. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

au13 d&wtf

JAMES M. CLARK & CO.,

Dry Goods Commission Merchants

AND COTTON FACTORS,

WOOL RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

No. 130 West Third St.,

CINCINNATI, O.

Reasonable advances made. au11 d6m

Kentucky Stencil Comp'y

125 Third st. (near Postoffice.)

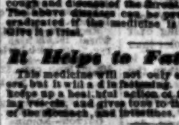
T. WALSH, Prop'r.

STENCIL BRANDS of every description cut and shipped to any address. Terms 1 to 6 cents per letter. Work warranted.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.'S REMEDY

For Hog Cholera.

Hog Cholera Can be Cured!



This medicine has been used in the most extreme cases, and has cured a certain cure. [illegible]

Farmers, look to your interest and give the medicine a trial. [illegible]

It Helps to Fatten Hogs!

[illegible]

CHICKENS.

The poultry powders will cure and prevent the disease commonly known as chicken cholera. [illegible]

[illegible] Agent, Louisville, Ky.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU [illegible]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU GIVES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, Consumption [illegible]

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder or kidneys, diseases of the prostate Glands, stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, or Brick-dust deposit, and all diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, or Dropsical Swellings,

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and [illegible]

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH. THEREFORE the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE REGAINED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED BY HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract Buchu

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

And all diseases of the

Urinary Organs,

Whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

How Long Standing.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the

Health and Happiness

and that of posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,

Established upward of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and

104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price—$1 25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

ap15 d&w [illegible]

DENTISTRY.

[illegible]

J. F. CANINE,

DENTIST,

No. 72 FIFTH STREET, [illegible]

[illegible]

LAWYERS.

THOS. T. BRAMLETTE. [illegible]

BRAMLETTE & DURBIN,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

Office at [illegible] Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in this city, and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. mv15 d&w

G. W. CHILTON, BLANTON DUNCAN,

No. 75 FIFTH STREET,

HAVE associated themselves together to practice law in the Courts of the State, and will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.

Louisville Lock Factory.

BAHR & SANDMAN

Manufacturers of Locks, Bell Hangers, and Dealers in Hardware, &c.,

(JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO),

91 Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson sts.

au15 WeFr&Sutf

FORTUNE TELLER.

ALL persons who are desirous to know what is before them should not fail to call on

MADAME ELIZABETH VETT.

Residence on Upper First, between Main and Water streets. [illegible]

Price—Gentlemen $1; Ladies 50 cents.

KENTUCKY SAFE MANUFATORY,

GIBSON & [illegible]MLER,

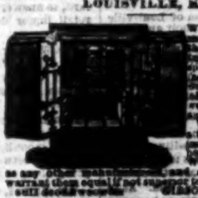
MANUFACTURERS

Fire Proof, Fire and Burglar Proof, and Burglar Proof Safes, Combination Bank Locks, Bank Vaults, Jail Work,

Iron Railings, &c.,

91 & 93 Green St., opp. Custom-house,

LOUISVILLE, KY.



We are the only safe manufacturers in the State of Kentucky who make a specialty of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. [illegible] We call special attention to our [illegible] proof work. [illegible]

GIBSON & [illegible]

LET US HAVE PEACE AND SLEEP!

Bell's Coalineum.

THIS valuable preparation has for many years been used throughout England, Germany, and many other places. [illegible]

Aikin & Drummond

(Successors to Pearce, Aikin & Co.)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Sole manufacturers of the [illegible] Sugar Mills and [illegible] Evaporators, [illegible] Steam Engines, Mill Work, and Castings of all descriptions.

GRAND EXCURSIONS

—TO—

Lake Superior.

THE splendid steamers St. Paul, Keweenaw, and Meteor, leave Detroit and Cleveland, Ohio, the following evenings at 8 o'clock, for Superior City, Duluth, and all points of interest on Lake Superior:

Steamer St. Paul, Tuesday, July 20, Aug. 3, 17, and 31, Sept. 14.

Steamer Keweenaw, Tuesday, July 27, Aug. 10 and 24, Sept. 7.

Steamer Meteor, Saturday, July 31, Aug. 14 and 28, Sept. 11.

[illegible]

834 ACRES

Choice Bluegrass Land for Sale.

IT lies in Smith county, Tenn., on the Caney Fork river, [illegible]

EXCURSION TICKETS

—TO—

Crab Orchard!

ON and after July 15, 1869, and until further notice, excursion tickets to Crab Orchard will be sold at the following reduced rates: [illegible]

Excursion tickets will be sold only to persons frequenting the springs, and can be used by persons traveling between Louisville and the springs during the season of the [illegible]

Excursion tickets are not transferable. [illegible]

For excursion tickets and further information, apply at Ticket Office [illegible] corner of Main and Brook streets.

ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't L. & N. R. R.

jy13 dtf

J. MORGAN COLEMAN, President. HARRY COLEMAN, Vice President.

Kentucky Rolling Mill Co.

NO. 201 MAIN STREET.

LOUISVILLE IRON TIES.

Iron, Nails, Steel,

Horse Shoes, &c.

jy1 codtf

Glass Fruit Jars.

KNOX, REED & CO.

MEDICAL.

DOCTOR HUNTER

[illegible]

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.

[illegible]

GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO., Wholesale Chemical Warehouse, 737 Market street, Philadelphia.

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,

104 1-2 [illegible]

[illegible]

FEMALE PILLS—A positive remedy for all obstructions. Price $1. [illegible]

CONFIDENTIAL.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, [illegible] Address DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO., Boston, Mass.

Gaton's Home Dispensary.

Office No. 70 [illegible] Jefferson street, between Second and Third streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

[illegible]

RAILROADS.

Louisville and Nashville

—AND—

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE

RAILROAD LINE.

ON and after JUNE 27, 1869, trains will run as follows: [illegible]

TRAIN No. 1 connects at Humboldt with trains for New Orleans and all points Southwest, and at Nashville for Chattanooga and all points Southeast.

TRAIN No. 3 connects at Humboldt with trains for Mobile, New Orleans, and all points Southwest. Does not run to Nashville.

TRAIN No. 17 connects at Nashville with trains for Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta and all points Southeast. No connection from Bowling Green for Humboldt or any point Southwest.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 1 run through to Humboldt and Memphis, and on train No. 17 through to Nashville.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 3 run through to Humboldt and New Orleans without change.

Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at [illegible] A. M. for Lebanon, Danville, Stanford, Crab Orchard, and Mt. Vernon, connecting by stage to all important points in Southeastern Kentucky.

Richmond Accommodation [illegible]

Bardstown Accommodation train leaves Louisville at [illegible] P. M. This train connects at [illegible] Station with stages for Fairfield, Bloomfield and [illegible]

Trains No. 3 and 17 run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.

ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Sup't.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI

Short Line Railroad!

ALL RAIL—NO CHANGE OF CARS.

TIME, FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $3.50.

Omnibus Transfer from Depot to Hotel or Residence in Cincinnati Free.

[illegible]

SAM'L GILL, Gen'l Sup't.

Louisville & Indianapolis R. R. Line

J., M. & I. R. R.

[illegible]

May 7, 1869—[illegible]

REMOVAL.

Removal.

HART & MAPOTHER

Have removed their LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING, AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT to the Johnson Block, [illegible]

HARBISON & GATHRIGHT

Main St., Louisville,

Saddles, Harness, and Saddlery Hardware.

We call the special attention of the trade to GATHRIGHT'S PATENT [illegible] TREE AND SADDLE.

Warranted superior in every respect. For sale by ALL FIRST-CLASS Saddlers. [illegible]

U. S. HOTEL,

Louisville, Ky.

[illegible] LEAHY & CO., Proprietors.

$2 50 PER DAY.

H. RUSCHHAUPT,

Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, of the University of [illegible]

Oculist and Aurist.

Office, [illegible] Chestnut st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 3 to 5 P. M.

MURPHY HOTEL,

MAIN STREET,

Bardstown, Ky.

F. G. MURPHY, Agent.......Proprietor.

German Bank

AND INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Louisville, Ky.

Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.

GERMAN SAVINGS, EXCHANGE, BANK AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL $200,000

[illegible]

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1869.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed yesterday at 133 1-8.

The first bale of new State hops was in the New York market yesterday.

Salvatori Patti, father of Adelina and Carlotta Patti, died in Paris on Monday.

President Grant notified the Union Hotel that he will reach Saratoga on the 28th inst.

Rear-Admiral Chads has been appointed to the command of the English Pacific squadron.

The Boston Advertiser has been lately sold to a new company for something less than $250,000.

John Quincy Adams was nominated for Governor of Massachusetts by the Democratic Convention at Worcester yesterday.

The Fenian Congress meets in New York to-day. Mr. Savage, who has returned from Europe, will present his report.

Thomas L. Evans, aged 68, was shot dead by his insane son, Michael, at his residence, on Tenth street, Philadelphia, yesterday.

The Baltimore fire department was out in full force on Monday afternoon, for the benefit of Capt. Shaw, of the London fire brigade.

Two more small distilleries have been closed by Government detectives in Philadelphia, but the contraband article is still manufactured and sold.

The annual pic-nic of the Fenian Brotherhood at Jones' Wood, New York, yesterday, was attended by 12,000 persons. The best of order was maintained.

A storm passed over Bridgeport, Conn., Saturday, doing considerable damage. Several houses and trees were struck by lightning. People were prostrated and oxen killed.

The Leavenworth Board of Trade have instructed their delegates to the Keokuk Commercial Convention to urge the claims of Fort Leavenworth reserve as the site of the National Capital.

The office of the Murphysboro (Ill.) Argus, with the entire contents, was burned last night. The insurance was in the Peoria Marine and Fire Insurance Company, which has just failed.

George Hills, a dissipated young man in East Hartford, Conn., was arrested on Monday, charged with burning his mother's barn, supposed to be out of spite, because his mother and sister locked him out.

It is stated that Gen. Laroche, the Haytien Minister at Washington, who has been trying to purchase some iron-clads of the Government, is negotiating to cede as part payment the harbor of Cape Nicholas Mole.

Vincent Colyer telegraphs from San Francisco that, if Governor Mitchell's unwise proclamation declaring the Navajoes outlaws be enforced, it will break up the agency and school at Fort Defiance, as there are no United States troops nearer than Ft. Wingate, forty miles distant.

Two negroes were sentenced to death at Memphis for murder a few days since. One named Woods confessed to having ravished a beautiful young lady during the war. Another negro was hung by a mob for the deed, Woods having stolen his hat and left it behind to mislead.

The New York Sun gives some interesting facts about the famous Forrest divorce suit. It seems that Mrs. Forrest has received but $4,000 out of the $60,000 alimony paid by Mr. Forrest. The rest has been absorbed in costs and counsel fees, Mr. O'Connor, of course, taking the lion's share. Another illustration of the unprofitableness of litigation.

The press ball at the White Sulphur Springs, Va., comes off August 31st. Among the managers are General Beauregard, the Turkish Minister, General Wise, Senator Bright, and others. Ten ex-Confederate Generals are now there; among them Generals Lee and Beauregard. They will not be present at Gettysburg.

On Sunday night a party of young men sought to enter a house in Staunton, Va., in search of a young man named John Stanley, the proprietor of a livery stable. The party were fired upon from the house and Jacob Sheiner shot through the heart. Stanley, who was suspected of being in the house at the time, has been arrested.

The extensive carpenter shop belonging to Travis, Carter & Co., and the Christian church, at Seymour, Ind., were burned to the ground on Monday. The church had just been completed. The loss to Mr. Carter is about $20,000, there being no insurance. At least twenty men were overcome by the excessive heat and exertion in saving the adjoining property.

A man named Jacob Mach, employed on a farm near Freehold, N.J., became very abusive toward Mr. John Conover, a neighbor, on Friday evening, and attacked him savagely with clubs and stones. Conover, being closely pressed, fired his gun at Mach, killing him almost instantly. He surrendered himself, and the coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

An extensive gang of horse-thieves and pickpockets has been unearthed by the detectives, through the arrest of several of the gang in Vincennes and at Washington, Indiana, one of whom turned State's evidence. The organization extends from Sedalia, Mo., via Mitchell and Seymour, Ind., to a town in Kentucky, members of the gang being stationed in all the large towns and cities along the route.

UNION.

The M. E. Churches "North" and "South"—Action of the Annual Conference at Westport, Indiana.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

WESTPORT, IND., Aug. 23.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted by the Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church at its late session here:

WHEREAS, The M. E. Church South has made such changes in her ecclesiastical polity and legislative economy that we see but little difference between theirs and our own, adopting a lay delegation equal to the itinerant (or clerical) in their General Conference, which is their legislative body, and lay delegates in all the sessions or conferences of the Church; and

Whereas, They have such literature, publications of all kinds such as we need, and can supply us with a number of efficient ministers to aid us in carrying the Gospel throughout this State and Ohio; therefore

Resolved, By this Annual Conference now in session in Westport, Decatur county, Indiana, August 21st, 1869, that we do hereby adopt the principles, rules, and regulations of said Methodist E. Church South, as set forth in her Discipline, to become thereby a Conference of said church: Provided, that this action, with proper explanations, be submitted, after due notice, say from four to eight weeks, to the vote of the members of the Evangelical U. B. church in this State. Provided, further, that the same shall then be ratified by a session of said Conference which shall meet in ———, October 27, 1869.

A committee of three was appointed to receive and count the vote when reported by the pastors, and name the place of meeting. All indications go to show that the above action will be overwhelmingly ratified. Bishop McTyeire will then meet the Conference, and the act be consummated and their delegates elected to the next General Conference, which meets next May in Memphis, Tenn.

The people sustain this move by every token of approval and the warmest demonstrations. The Conference thus constituted promises to move off with about thirty ministers and a corresponding membership, houses of worship, &c.

EXPLOSIVE OILS.

Something in Regard to the Test Suggested.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

The writer was pleased to see in the COURIER-JOURNAL of this morning the remarks in regard to the oil now in use for illuminating purposes, as calling attention thereto, and particularly with the suggestion in the closing paragraph. A pure, safe, non-explosive burning fluid, thoroughly demonstrated to be such by experts, would not only be a fortune to the discoverer, but what is of far more importance, would relieve any person using it from the continual dread of accidents which they now experience in the use of carbon oil, or as it is generally denominated, coal oil.

But, can coal oil be rendered non-explosive, is the question? Does the law that the "fire test," being 110° of Fahrenheit, guarantee its safety from explosion? Not at all. It is simply the fact that it will not take fire under that temperature, and not that it will not explode.

The safety, therefore, in density is, that in the ordinary handling it requires a greater degree of heat to fire, and is therefore that much the safer.

No law, in my opinion, can reach the case, to prevent accidents from coal oil, but would, in many instances, be found oppressive and arbitrary, and be more likely to reach the innocent than the guilty, as an honest dealer would take no precautions against being imposed upon by an impure article, while the dishonest can always "chase the devil round the stump" in some way. Besides, as I remarked before, coal oil per se cannot be made non-explosive; and in many cases, in careless handling—the cause of three-fourths of the accidents—the innocent seller might suffer more frequently than the guilty under the operations of any law that could be framed to meet the case.

The best remedy is, that science should discover an illuminating fluid that shall be safe, as it is possible to make such an article; and the next best, that those using coal-oil should exercise greater caution in its use; and this does not require any great amount of wisdom, one would think.

T.

August 24, 1869.

The Ohio and Cumberland Railroad—Spencer Votes It.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

SMILEYTOWN, SPENCER CO., KY.,
August 23, 1869.

Spencer county has almost as a unit voted in the affirmative to tax herself $300,000 for the Cumberland and Ohio Railroad. Louisville is our first love in every sense, and therefore we flatter ourselves the day is not far distant when we will have the desired commercial facility with our metropolis, and still come in the future as we have in the past in building her up.

J. D.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

TUESDAY, Aug. 24, 1869.

Only five drunk and disorderly parties were heard, as follows: Ichabod Carr, $5 fine and $200 bond for three months; James Trainor, $3 fine and $100 bond for thirty days; Joseph Redman, fined $5; Sanford Wilson and E. C. Horn, discharged.

Dora Hartnett vs. Ed. Hartnett, peace warrant; continued until Wednesday and defendant held in $500 to answer.

Andrew Morgan, stealing $4 from Richard Knott; held in $300 to answer. Same party, carrying concealed and deadly weapons, warrant suspended.

Eliza Cooly vs. Ben Powell, peace warrant; continued until Wednesday for service.

Frank Longaker, assault and battery upon Charles Church; continued for service.

John Neeman, assault and battery upon John Moran; $200 to answer and keep the peace.

John Moran vs. Ellen Clark, peace warrant; $200 for three months.

Michael Shay and Wm. O'Sharon, stealing money from Pat. Carroll; examination waived and $200 to answer.

Michael Shay, perjury; examination waived and $500 to answer.

Rosa Rock, Mary Ann Reily and Nellie Rock, vagrancy; held in $100 bond each for twelve months, and sent to St. Xavier Industrial School.

It was ordered that Bridget Reily be discharged from the work-house.

On motion of members of the bar it was ordered that the Marshal have the railing in the court-room changed, so as to give more space and air within the bar.

THE CITY.

Hatched in a Bureau.

On last Monday a week Mrs. [illegible], a resident of Princeton, Ky., purchased a lot of duck eggs, carried them home and, for convenient safety, placed them in her bureau drawer, where they remained undisturbed until Friday, when her attention was called to the bureau by an unusual noise therein. Upon pulling out the drawer, to her utter astonishment, she found three young ducks hatched out and scratching around for freedom.

Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of America.

The following gentlemen were elected as officers of the "Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of America," recently organized at Dayton, Ohio, to serve during the ensuing year: President—Judge Dennis Dwyer, of Dayton, Ohio. Senior Vice President—J. Louis [illegible], of Louisville, Kentucky. Junior Vice President—M. C. Broderick, of Delaware, Ohio. Secretary—J. J. Harrington, of Richmond, Indiana. Treasurer—Hon. Thomas Corcoran, of Springfield, Ohio. The next convention of the Union will be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the third Wednesday of October, 1870.

The Horticultural Society.

At the last meeting of the Horticultural Society, President Kennedy tendered his resignation. The matter was taken into consideration, and after a full and friendly discussion, the meeting resolved by a unanimous vote not to accept the resignation. It is understood that Mr. Kennedy will abide by this decision and continue in an office for which his experience and administrative energy endow him with peculiar qualifications. The last exhibition of fruits and flowers was one of the best of the season, and the prospects of the society were never better than now.

Base Ball at Cincinnati.

The Haymakers, of Lansingburg, New York, and the great Red Stockings, will meet on the Union Grounds, at Cincinnati, Thursday. Of course the game will attract a great deal of attention in base-ball circles everywhere, Louisville included. As a number here have expressed a desire to witness the game, the management of the Short-line route will run a special train, leaving this city at half-past 5 o'clock Thursday morning, arriving at Cincinnati in time for the game, and return at its close. The fare will be $4 only for the round trip, including conveyance from Covington to the grounds and return. A large party will go up from Louisville.

Personal.

Captain Joseph B. Rife, 6th United States Infantry, who was mentioned as being ill several weeks ago at the Galt House, has recovered sufficiently to proceed on his way to the Indian country, and left the city yesterday for St. Louis, en route to Fort Arbuckle, I. T.

Hon. Wm. Johnson, of Nelson, late Speaker of the Senate and acting Lieutenant Governor, is on a visit to our city. He is in excellent health, and, as he has a right to be, is proud of the magnificent majority his constituents rolled up for him the other day.

Mr. D. P. Faulds returned yesterday from a sojourn at Long Branch in excellent health and spirits.

The German Opera House.

At a regular meeting of the joint committees, on last Saturday evening, the various special committees offered their several reports, which were received, and the following times were set for special meetings, to be held at their rooms over the German Insurance Company: Charter Committee to meet August 24, at 5 o'clock P. M.; Press Committee to meet August 26, at 5 o'clock P. M.; Subscription Committee to meet August 28, at 5 o'clock P. M.; Finance Committee to meet August 31, at 5 o'clock P. M.; Building Plan Committee to meet September 4, at 5 o'clock P. M. The Committees on Real Estate, the Building Committee, and the Committee on Contracts will meet on the 13th of September, at 10 o'clock A. M. The Library Committee will meet September 16, at 5 o'clock P. M.

The Commercial Convention.

A meeting of the commercial convention committee was held last night. The only business done was to distribute the subscription lists to the sub-committee of finance, and to pass the accompanying resolutions:

Resolved, That the committee tender their acknowledgements to German & Brother for their liberality in presenting, free of charge, the handsomely engraved invitations of the commercial convention.

Resolved, That the business men of Louisville can in some slight manner show their appreciation of such public spirit by assisting them in making their Louisville Guide and Business Directory, intended for use at the convention, a success.

E. W. Rupert responded by telegraph that the convention could have his lot on terms which he had written to Kennedy & Irwin.

That Comet.

Though there have been some positive denials of the existence of a comet, which is to soon collide with the earth, the credulous are still straining their necks to get a glimpse of him. As to the truth of the report the astronomers have not officially said, but by looking at the sky on a clear night, a little north of west, one will observe a long, slender, nebulous, cloud-like substance, possessing merely the faintest trace of luminosity, lying against the firmament. It appears to be between thirty and forty feet long, and not more than two feet in breadth. Its posture is nearly horizontal, running north and south, and at its southern extremity dipping somewhat towards the earth. Except for its fixedness, a feature which clouds do not possess, it would have been difficult to recognize it as anything else, on account of its close resemblance to a thin, pale cloud.

The Owensboro Counterfeiters.

H. R. Wilson and W. H. Kendall, who were arrested at Owensboro by United States Marshal Murray on charge of having counterfeit money in their possession, were taken before United States Commissioner Ballard yesterday. It appears the prisoners had been operating under the firm name and style of Richardson & Bro., and pretending to send perfect counterfeit money to all parts of the country immediately on receipt of cash orders. As the sort of money they have been selling in this way is made up merely of photographic specimens by which no one could well be deceived, it is doubtful whether the Commissioner will hold them. At any rate, he decided to wait until to-day before determining what should be done with them, and they were taken back to jail. They have not, it seems, been engaged in the business a great while, and seem to have been operating on the plan of "Daily & Co., Broadway, New York," whose circular was published in this city not long since.

The Liederkranz.

This evening at 8 o'clock this excellent musical society give at Woodland Garden another one of their popular concerts. The programme is a choice collection of first-class vocal and instrumental music, and will be given as it should be by the "Liederkranz." Here it is at length:

1. Overture ... Orchestra.
2. Duett—"Barber of Seville" (Tenor and Bass) ... Rossini.
3. Introduction and Variations ... Vieuxtemps.
4. Les Compliments de Normandie (Soprano) ... Luigi Bordese.
5. Nachtliche Wanderung (Chorus) ... Becker.
6. Thou art gone far, far away ... Hieron Truhn.
7. Potpourri ... Orchestra.
8. Infelice, from Ernani (Bass) ... Verdi.
9. Concert No. 2 ... Beriot.
10. Der Kleine Hans (Soprano) ... Kurschmann.
11. I think of thee (Soprano and Alto) ... Richards.
12. Sonntag Morgen (Chorus) ... Mueller.

If the weather should be unfavorable, the concert takes place the next evening. As the weather bids fair to be favorable, let everybody go and enjoy the beautiful music and fresh air.

Postponement of the Henderson Land Sale.

The proprietor of the land and property embraced in the drawing of the 1st of September next has addressed a note to the managers of the enterprise asking delay until the 28th day of December, 1869, and they have consented to said delay, as may be seen by reference to their notice of postponement in our advertising columns.

The necessity of this course is regretted by the owner of the property, and he has authorized us to say to the public that *most positively no further postponement will be made.* It will be seen by the note addressed to the Commissioners, and their notice of postponement, that the owner of the property does not desire to hold any tickets himself, and asks for more time so as to complete the sale of all the tickets. This should give additional confidence in the scheme, and we repeat what we have often said before, that a more liberal scheme was never offered to the public, and we assure all who have and may hereafter invest in this enterprise that justice and fairness will be fully given. Those who have bought tickets should hold them, as they may have bought the lucky one, and they can also well afford to make some exertions to induce the purchase of tickets by their neighbors in order to make the enterprise a speedy success.

The Chapman Sisters Coming.

There are no actresses on the boards in whom the people of Louisville feel so lively an interest in and delight to honor as much as Blanche and Ella Chapman. They inherit all the dramatic talent and versatility of the Chapmans and Drakes—names so long recognized as among the greatest in the annals of the American stage. Natural and unaffected in manner, cultivated in mind, they combine their remarkable esprit and fascination in their school of acting, which is entirely devoid of rant, stage gags and other subterfuge to "split the ears of the groundlings" with. These accomplished artists are shortly to appear here in a variety of their best parts. Let them receive a rousing, hearty welcome; one which will show our high appreciation of these two violets of the stage. They have a prescriptive right to the position they now occupy, being connected by family ties on the father's side (the late Harry Chapman) with the Jeffersons, Warrens, and Marbles; and on the mother's side with the famous historic family of the Drakes. Mrs. A. Drake (their grandmother), the tragic Queen of the stage forty years ago, is still living in Kentucky.

THEIR PROFESSIONAL SUCCESS.

The professional history of the two sisters, Blanche and Ella, has been one continuous success. It was in Baltimore that their triumph as stars was first consummated in the burlesque of Aladdin, Cinderella, Ixion, Forty Thieves, and other extravaganzas. Their grace and beauty, while the theme of universal remark, were also the inspiration of poems, some of which we have republished.

C. B. BISHOP.

This distinguished comedian has been associated with the fairy sisters in all their triumphs. His irresistible and inexhaustible fun, which seems to grow with his growth and strengthen with his strength, enlivens all their entertainments, while his musical ear and steady devotion to his profession already entitle him to figure brilliantly in the songs which often fall to his lot.

WHAT THE BALTIMORE SUN SAYS:

In the brilliant career which Fortune is opening for these charming sisters, all future triumphs, all the success which may crown their later and more matured efforts, will date back to the generous appreciation, the warm-hearted sympathy and encouragement manifested by the Baltimore public at the outset of their career—the greeting they have received upon the classic boards which their father and grandfather trod before them, and where hereditary talent deserves to be attended by more than hereditary success.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dust distributed freely.

Two deaths from sun-stroke yesterday.

The magistrates are still busy with peace warrants.

Seventeen delinquents before the City Court yesterday.

Very little gas is used just now. Moonlight is cheaper and cooler.

Pat Bannon & Co. are to supply the city with sewer pipes until January 1.

Yesterday morning Louisville, by thermometer figures, was the hottest city in the Union.

First-street station is again open for the reception of guests. This from Mine Host Snyder.

Insects fell in showers and nearly extinguished the gas in some portions of the city last night.

Hippop O. Tamus, a pachydermatous gentleman from Africa, will be in the city on the 21st proximo.

Four horses, all drawing the same wagon, were sun-struck at the same time on Main street yesterday.

The United States Commissioner is hearing a great many cases of delinquency in the payment of special tax.

Wm. Williams was lodged in jail yesterday, charged with stealing cattle from L. Whittaker, in the county.

Policeman Wes. Ingraham yesterday lost a gold double-case lever watch in a Sixth and Broadway car.

There was a rumor yesterday that a liquor dealer living on Tenth street had been shot by his son, a lunatic.

The phenomenon of a dead mule will soon be no phenomenon at all. Several fell dead from sun-stroke yesterday.

A shooting affray occurred at a hall on the corner of Broadway and the Newburg road night before last. Nobody hurt.

George Schuman, a colored barber at the St. Cloud Hotel, died at 1 o'clock yesterday morning from the effects of sunstroke.

Three more recusant females under age were committed to St. Xavier Industrial School yesterday, by order of Judge Craig.

The little folks' concert at the residence of W. L. Weller, Esq., Monday night, for the benefit of the orphans, was quite successful.

The first bale of new cotton in Louisville this season was received yesterday by Guthrie & Co. from L. D. Hutchinson, of Harris county, Ga.

The projectors of the Humboldt centenary celebration in this city, on the 14th proximo, are working assiduously to perfect their arrangements.

Very few of the Louisville absentees have been able to get their consent this piping hot season to leave their retreats at the seaside and inland watering-places.

Letters for points South, too late for the regular mail, will be properly forwarded if dropped into the box at the postal-car in the Nashville depot before 7:30 A. M.

Stupid door-keepers are still kept up at all places of amusement in Louisville. It's about time managers of such institutions had done away with these nincoms.

The police last night found a man lying as if dead in the alley between Walnut and Chestnut streets. He showed some signs of life, and was taken home. Sun-stroke.

Early yesterday morning seventeen ice wagons crossed over to Jeffersonville and soon came back as they went—empty. The fondly expected cargo of ice did not arrive.

Town-talk is mainly about the military expedition to Marion county, but the affair is conducted with such painful secrecy that the "knowing ones" are exceedingly few.

Coroner Moore yesterday held an inquest upon the body of an infant child of Josephine Patterson, a resident of Lafayette street. The child proved to have been still-born.

Joseph Bowman, the murderer of Chas. Schneider, is to have a preliminary trial before Judge Craig this morning. Judge T. L. Burnett is counsel-in-chief for the defendant.

James Maydwell, an old citizen and a veteran of 1812, died at his residence on Gray street last night. He was 74 years of age, and had suffered a long time from paralysis.

Yesterday, Elijah Ford, of Henry county, gave $300 bail before United States Commissioner Ballard, to answer the charge of doing business as a retail liquor dealer without having paid special tax.

The Wheeler & Wilson delivery wagon was run away with yesterday from Masonic Temple to the corner of Fourth and Walnut. The driver was thrown against a curbstone and considerably injured.

Nobody (so to speak) promenades by sunlight, but everybody and his wife and little ones turn out by moonlight. Reason obvious—"too much weather" between the rising of the sun and the going down of the same.

Wm. Newby, an old gentleman residing at Salem, Indiana, came to Portland on Monday with a load of produce, was sun-struck, and died yesterday morning. His remains were forwarded to his friends at Salem.

James Campbell, Burrell Campbell, and James Edmundson, arrested by U. S. Deputy Marshal Jackson, in Logan county, are to have a hearing before Commissioner Ballard to-day on the charge of shooting a negro.

Wm. Waterhouse, a bellows-maker and reputed wife-whipper, was committed to jail yesterday by Justice Clement, in default of a bond of $300 to keep the peace twelve months as to his injured better-half, who alleged that he had been beating her for a day or two.

There was a fire at Beargrass distillery yesterday morning, resulting in a loss amounting to not more than $15. The underwriters say that the fire was caused by the steam-pipe leading from the boiler to the mash-tub, setting fire to a joist to which it ran very close. Rather a curious fact, if fact it be.

Major B. H. Butler is recruiting for the United States army on Third street, between Green and Walnut. Besides recruiting for white regiments, he is enlisting negroes for the Ninth and Tenth U. S. Cavalry, both colored regiments. All men enlisted here are to be sent to the Plains.

Mr. Kellogg, the agent of Mr. Pomeroy, has returned to this city, and, it is said, reserves all statements in regard to what may have led to suspicions against him until the return of Mr. Pomeroy. His return will do much to set at rest these suspicions, which may have done him injustice.

In passing along Jefferson street last night we heard a mother exclaim: "Come home, Willie, it's bed time." Around a dark corner the voice of a six-year-old Young America responded, with a loud hiccough, "I can't, mother; I'm drunk!" And he was: but a stout birch no doubt sobered him.

Yesterday Wm. Hendricks, a dealer in old rags, while driving his wagon along Congress alley, near Tenth street, was overcome by the heat, and fell to the ground, his head striking just in front of one of the wheels, which passed over him. He was picked up insensible, and was properly cared for.

The fire-alarm about 1 o'clock P. M. yesterday originated in the slight burning of a roof on the ell of James R. Beatty's residence, near the Presbyterian church, on Third street. Excitement ran much higher than the flames, for they were extinguished by the neighbors without the help of the fire engines.

James Anderson, a clerk at the Willard Hotel, and one of the most exemplary and highly esteemed young men in this community, died of typhoid fever Monday night, and was buried yesterday morning from the residence of his father, George Anderson, Esq., on Chestnut street, between Second and Third.

Mary Cain complained yesterday in Justice Clement's Court that Ernest Stennason had, without due authority, slapped a child of hers, some 8 years of age. Stennason, though he declared his intentions had been good in inflicting the punishment, was required to give a peace bond of $100 for three months.

Justices Matlack and Clement yesterday removed their offices to the fine basement rooms in the Dannecker block, center of Court Place, and dedicated their new temples of justice with a couple of peace warrant cases of an exceedingly lively character. Their present quarters, for business and beauty, are very an improvement on the old offices.

Charlie Topping, the accomplished and universally popular hotel clerk, late of the Willard, has been engaged by Michael Kean, Esq., to preside in the office of the new Maxwell House at Nashville, which is to be "inaugurated" about the middle of September. A guarantee that every guest will be treated politely and that the whole business of the house will work smoothly.

A Main street gentleman took his watch out of his pocket yesterday morning and laid it on his counter, when his attention was called to another part of the house, causing him to forget the time-piece. An hour later he thought of it, but his "turnip" failed to turn up. Some boys had been prowling about, and they undoubtedly watched their opportunity when the owner of the watch was not watching.

In Justice Matlack's court yesterday, Henry Johnson complained that Edmond Lacey, Ellen Lacey, Henry Lacey—son of Edward and Ellen Lacey—and John Hanlon, nephew of Edmond and Ellen Lacey, had been abusing and throwing stones at him and maltreating his children. On an investigation of the case, Ellen and Henry Lacey and Jno. Hanlon were each required to give a peace bond of $100 for six months.

During the past several days the supply of ice in this city has been so limited as to occasion no little suffering. The burning of a number of ice-houses at Crystal Lake, this side of Chicago, and a scarcity of rolling stock on the New Albany, Chicago and Louisville railroad, are said to be the causes of the threatened famine. Night before last and yesterday the ice depots in town were as dry as powder magazines. Dives of old now has many imitators in the cry for ice-water to cool parching tongues.

The newest trick among the town rogues is for an expert to enter a store, present a ten-dollar bill, ask the favor of two fives in change, get the small bills, and, while the storekeeper turns his back, slip a one-dollar note in place of one of the fives, contend that a mistake has been made, receive another five for the foisted one dollar, and leave the store with four dollars ill-gotten. One Andrew Morgan played this trick upon Mr. Richard Knott yesterday, but the trickster fell into the clutches of the law, and is likely to atone for the swindle by hammering rock in the Beargrass quarries.

After much ding-donging and a Job-like display of patience, Marshal Horan, of the City Court, yesterday obtained an order to have the railing partition in the main body of the court-room removed, so as to give more elbow-room and breathing space to the judge, lawyers and officers within the bar. The necessary alterations will be made soon after the adjournment of court, for which Mr. Horan deserves high praise. The vagabond hangers-on have thus been deprived of their only visible means of support (the railing), but the court and its attaches will experience a wholesome relief.

CITY FEATURES.

THE GIBSON HOUSE, OF CINCINNATI.

Remodeled and Refurnished Throughout.

The Gibson, which has for years been popularly regarded as a convenient and well-conducted hotel, assumes, under its new proprietorship (Messrs. Sinks, Corre & Co.), an attractiveness scarcely surpassed by the celebrated hotels of the metropolis.

The entire ground floor-front of this establishment is now a structure of glass, through which the busy scenes of the large vestibule, the reading-rooms, and office are observed, and, in our opinion, there is not to be found in the West, and perhaps not in the East, a more attractive scene of hotel life.

In the rear of their new and attractive office, embracing three-fourths of the width of the hotel, is the bar, which is known in the city for its superior liquors. Adjoining the bar is the cozy billiard-rooms, with six of Balke's tables, and on the same floor is the ample dining-room, well lighted and inviting in every respect. The remainder of the ground floor is occupied by a barber-shop, smoking-room, reading-room, baggage-room, water-closets, and the etceteras of an extensive establishment. This floor, embracing the many apartments we have enumerated, is covered with Italian marble, and the entrance-room, its walnut office, present an area of thirty-two by sixty feet, and, as we enter its extensive dimensions, elegant flooring and tasteful furniture strike us with a genuine idea of hotel ease and comfort.

Upon the first floor is the ladies' reception room and parlor, and a private staircase to the dining-room; also a convenient arrangement of baths, wash-rooms and closets, all of which have been newly papered, painted and furnished, presenting to the observer a scene of inviting cleanliness and freshness.

There are three other additional floors devoted to sleeping apartments, with their attendant modern conveniences, all having received the same thorough renovation, so that the guest seems transplanted from the old house to a new and elegant one, leaving only the name and locality of the original.

In location the Gibson House certainly cannot be excelled. It is opposite the Mercantile Library, Chamber of Commerce and the Provision Exchange. A few doors from it is the mart of Fourth street, and for the man of business no home could be more convenient.

At this point the various horse cars pass or converse. The Pendleton line passes the Gibson as well as the Seventh and Ninth, and the Fourth street and John street lines are within hailing distance, with their cars running to every portion of the city.

The management of the Gibson under the proprietorship of Messrs. Sinks, Corre & Co. dates from February, this year, all of which time has been devoted to remodeling and repairing. The proprietors are qualified, by long experience, for the business they are conducting; they enjoy an extensive and most favorable acquaintance throughout the South, and are extensively known and appreciated in the East and West, so that there can be little doubt that their establishment will be popular with the traveling community. Mr. Corre's many friends throughout Kentucky will bear with pleasure of his connection with this popular hotel. Mr. Sinks has supervision of the cuisine of the Gibson, and every day's dinner will convince the guests that he thoroughly comprehends his duties—the cooking is unsurpassed and the meats, vegetables and pastries are of the most palatable character.

Mr. Corre, a well-known resident of Cincinnati, discharges the duties of the office, for which his familiar acquaintance and genial manners well fit him.

The combined energies of these gentlemen is already manifesting itself in the systematic regularity of the house and the flow of remunerative business. The proprietors are greatly facilitated in their duties by the polite attention to guests extended by their clerks, Harry E. Jones and James H. Berry, both of whom have great hotel experience.

A feature which is attractive as any in this hotel, is its reasonable fare, and it is especially gratifying to find a house, first-class in every particular, charging but three dollars a day.

The Gibson is now in the hands of live men, and they are determined to maintain for it always the reputation which it now enjoys—that of the favorite hotel.

☞ The original fifty-cent store, 99½ Fifth street, is permanently located, and offers inducements to its patrons unequaled in the city. The stock embraces housekeeping goods, ladies' and gents' furnishing goods, fancy goods, notions, toilet articles, and the largest variety of plated jewelry in the Southwest.

Kitts & Werne, 120 Main Street—Sign of the Golden Eagle.

Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to visit the store and inspect the stock of Kitts & Werne, the fitting up of the store being universally pronounced the handsomest in the country, and their stock of fine watches, diamonds, jewelry, etc., unsurpassed in the West.

☞ The Trade Palace Dry Goods Store, that was recently burned out, is rapidly approaching completion. Mr. Neal intends renting part or the whole of the store. It is without doubt the very best stand in the city for most any business, and any one wanting the finest business stand in the city can get full particulars by either addressing or calling in person immediately on H. H. Neal, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

The Militia Companies Distributed at Points in Marion and other Counties.

A Telegram from the Quartermaster-General.

Nothing very reliable was afloat in the city yesterday in relation to the recent movements of the militia companies from Louisville. It is said that the people of Lebanon were considerably astonished at the sudden irruption of armed men into Marion county, and were puzzled to know what it all meant. Everybody arriving there from Louisville has been duly pumped, and the same process has been put into play upon all fresh arrivals from Lebanon. Thus far, however, there is little or nothing of a startling nature in all the news that has come to us. It is asserted that the force of United States troops at Lebanon is amply sufficient to squelch all the regulators in that section, and that this force is to be increased to over one hundred men within a few days. It is further said that the services of these troops may be had for the asking, thus saving the State the expense of keeping up a military force.

Yesterday morning the Tompkins Grays assembled at the courthouse in this city, pursuant to the published call of Lieut. Siegel, and, after receiving their arms, marched to the Nashville depot and took an early train for Crab Orchard, whither they had been ordered, to join some of the companies gone before.

The only official intelligence that has come into our possession is a telegram from Quartermaster General Hewitt to United States Marshal Murray. It appears that on Monday Gen. Murray sent a telegram to Capt. Davis, the officer in command of the Federal troops at Lebanon, asking for a detail of five men to go into the whisky country to break up some distilleries. Through some awkward mistake, this telegram fell into the hands of the Quartermaster General, who evidently supposing it to be addressed to the commander of the State troops, sent back the following reply, which considerably astonished Gen. Murray:

LEBANON, KY., Aug. 24.

To Gen. Eli H. Murray, U.S. Marshal:

There is but a small number of militia called out. They are all infantry, and none of them are at this point, but have been sent to points in this and neighboring counties.

FAYETTE HEWITT,
Quartermaster Gen'l.

By this it would seem that the boys in gray and the boys in red have left Lebanon, and scattered into several counties, leaving the court of Marion to take care of itself. No doubt, they are raiding the regulators, or at least creating a good impression, and will be heard from soon.

MELINDA ANN WESTERMAN.

A Woman who Cannot Talk.

A very singular character was picked up on Breckinridge street by the police last night—a woman, who, though not exactly dumb, cannot speak an intelligible word, and, so far as can be ascertained, is a lone, friendless wanderer from East Tennessee. She is rather tall, with dark eyes, and dry, dusty black hair, sheltered by no sort of a hat or bonnet, and she carries an old black carpetbag in which she keeps her shoes, leaving her feet to go bare, that the contents of the carpetbag may not go lonesome, perhaps. In her mouth she persistently carries a "dip" or stick for the administration of tobacco and snuff, and appears to have but a dull comprehension of any of the thousand and one questions put to her to ascertain her name and home. The carpet-bag has a queer variety in its contents: locks of hair from the dark tresses of her dead child—she points to heaven when she sees them—a ball of yarn, pieces of cloth, an old shawl, a paper of tobacco, sticks for "dipping," a thimble, bits of paper bearing fragments of songs, articles of female apparel too sacred for newspaper mention, soiled stockings, pieces of faded calico, and countless trinkets, the use of which it would be quite difficult to effectively imagine. She answers "yes" and "no" to the same questions in a guttural, incoherent way, and does not seem to understand what is said to her. She sometimes makes motions with her hands and a puffing noise with her tongue and teeth in imitation of a locomotive, as if to indicate that she arrived here on a railway train.

On a soiled piece of paper which she carries is written with ink, "Melinda Ann Westerman, Danville, Tennessee," and "Calvin Westerman, living near Foundav, Stewart county, Tennessee." On this same paper is marked in pencil, "$6 50 cash." She also has an old bill, showing that J. W. Oswald bought a quantity of tobacco from Glenn & Co., New Orleans, in April, 1859.

She has now been an occupant of Clay street station two nights, having been found twice by the police, wandering about the city. She will probably be presented in the City Court this morning, and will, no doubt, eventually find her way to the work-house.

Weather.

The mercury took an early start yesterday and kept well up throughout the day. A New Albany thermometer fainted at [illegible], but the less ambitious instrument to which we are indebted for our weather record had nothing above 98. Last night rain was falling in Nashville, and at 9 o'clock this morning fleecy clouds were passing over Louisville. The air was considerably cooler than at that time yesterday morning. The season is too far advanced for us to expect more than the present week of oppressive weather. The change must come soon, and there are prophecies that when it shall come the mercury will drop from thirty to forty degrees. Yesterday the thermometer at Gaul, Goodman, & Co.'s put in the following figures during the day: 7 A. M., 84; 8 A. M., 86; 9 A. M., 88; 10 A. M., 90; 11 A. M., 92; 12 A. M., 94; 1 P. M., 95; 2 P. M., 97; 3 P. M., 97; 4 P. M., 98; 5 P. M., 96; 6 P. M., 95; 7 P. M., 92.

NEW ALBANY.

NEW ALBANY, August 24.

Mr. John S. McDonald [illegible] yesterday [illegible] border-state.

Forty-five colored delegates left for Indianapolis yesterday to attend the Colored Baptist Convention.

A daughter of Abraham Dyer, of Harrison township, Harrison county, was sunstruck on Monday, but not fatally.

Michael Coyle was before Justice Jocelyn on the charge of horse thieving yesterday afternoon. He confessed his guilt and was remanded to jail in default of bail.

The roof of the Commercial building caught fire three times yesterday. The proprietors of the paper say that it was set on fire by the heat of the sun. It is a tar and gravel roof.

Mayor Hart had seven offenders before him yesterday. Two were discharged on receiving a reprimand; one for disorderly conduct was fined $5 60; two for fighting, $10; and one for violating the liquor ordinance, $8 15.

Very few persons have ventured in from the country during the past few days. Those who do come bring umbrellas, and report their neighbors doing as little work as possible and taking all precaution to protect themselves from sunstroke.

A farmer named Newby, a resident of Fredericksburg, Washington county, was sunstruck on the Portland ferry Monday afternoon, and died in this city yesterday morning. Another fatal case of sunstroke was reported of a farmer living near Lanesville. The report could not be traced to any reliable source.

There was considerable difference of opinion as to whether yesterday was hotter than Monday or not. According to some thermometers it was a degree or two hotter, others just the reverse. The public verdict, judging from the general remarks made, was that it lacked a degree or two of being as hot as Monday.

Petitions have been presented to the School Trustees asking that German be taught in the public schools. They lacked the requisite number of signatures, and were presented too late. The law requires that such petitions must be presented before the appointment of the teachers, consequently the matter is now delayed until the next scholastic year.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

JEFFERSONVILLE, August 24.

Hon. John C. Shoemaker, Representative of Perry county, was in town yesterday.

Several ship-carpenters were compelled to "knock off" yesterday to prevent sun-stroke.

Farmers arriving in from the country express a great desire for rain, and report their neighbors very industrious in hunting shady nooks.

A large delegation of our colored population left for Indianapolis yesterday afternoon to attend the State Convention of colored Baptists of Indiana.

A gentleman named Davis was in town from the cement mills yesterday, and reported to Marshal Baxter that his house had been burglarized of a quantity of clothing on Saturday night.

COUNCIL MEETING.

A regular Council meeting was held in the Council Chamber last evening.

Present, Mayor Sparks, Councilmen Plumadore, Beck, Steel, Diffendaffer, Burk, Cole and Keigwin.

The lobby was well filled with aspirants for policeman honors.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Caspar Lausman & George Brother were granted license to retail liquor.

POLICEMEN.

Mr. Diffendaffer moved to proceed to the election of six policemen.

Mr. Beck moved to postpone the election in consequence of the absence of several Councilmen, which prevailed. Upon which result the lobby thinned out.

At this point Councilmen Stratton and Lewman arrived and took their seats.

LONGER TIME.

The time of the contractor on the alley running from Mulberry to Pearl street between Market and Front was extended to October 1st.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

Mayor Sparks was authorized to procure the Mozart hall, at the expense of the city, and tender the same to the Horticultural Societies of Floyd and Clark counties, for the exhibition next Saturday.

Col. Keigwin called the attention of the pump contractor to the condition of the pump on old Market street, between Penn and Graham streets.

Mr. Cole called attention to the pump on Maple and Mechanic streets.

A few bills were allowed and the Council adjourned until Thursday evening for special meeting.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug 24—P. M.

Wall street to-day has been a scene of more activity and animation than for some time, and there have been lively speculative movements in the Stock Exchange and Gold rooms. The bears of the Stock Exchange opened dull, with a grand raid chiefly in Vanderbilt stocks, and the result was a general decline of 3@4 per cent, and a considerable amount of stocks thrown overboard. The bulls finally came to the rescue, which, in connection with the covering of the bears turned the tide of speculation and caused a partial recovery from the lowest point. Gold was also lively. It is estimated about [illegible] have been taken by prominent bulls within a few days at low prices.

Money easier at 5@7 per cent, closing at 6 per cent. Shipments of currency to the West are less than last week.

Sterling steady at [illegible].

Gold active and strong; opened at 133⅛, and closed at 133@133¼. The carrying rates were 3 per cent to flat.

Clearances at the Gold Exchange bank to-day were [illegible]. The Hammonia took [illegible].

Government bonds quiet but steady.

Coupons [illegible] | Coupons [illegible] | Ten-forties [illegible] | Pacifics [illegible]

State bonds dull.

Missouri [illegible] | Old N. Carolina [illegible] | Old Tenn. [illegible] | New N. Carolina [illegible] | New Tenn. [illegible]

The stock market was subject to great pressure at the sales this afternoon, under which prices fell 3@4 per cent. Toward the close there was a more settled feeling and a partial recovery, closing weak and still excited.

The following were the closing 5:30 prices:

Canton [illegible]; Cumberland [illegible]; Western U. Tel. [illegible]; Quicksilver [illegible]; Mariposa [illegible]; Do preferred [illegible]; Pacific Mail [illegible]; Adams Ex. [illegible]; Wells & Fargo [illegible]; Amer. Ex. [illegible]; U. S. Ex. [illegible]; Merch'ts' U. Ex. [illegible]; N. Y. Cent. [illegible]; Harlem [illegible]; Hudson [illegible]; Reading [illegible]; Erie [illegible]; Do preferred [illegible]; Michigan Cen'l [illegible]; Michigan S. [illegible]; [illegible]; Northwestern [illegible]; Do preferred [illegible]; C. C. & C. [illegible]; Rock Island [illegible]; St. Paul [illegible]; Do preferred [illegible]; To. & Wabash [illegible]; [illegible]; Ohio and Mis. [illegible].

Mining shares dull—Gregory 200; Smith and P. 225.

Copper at Boston—Copper Falls 24½; Franklin 13½; Quincy 32.

Sub-treasury balance ... [illegible]

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24—P. M.

COTTON—Without decided change; sales [illegible] bales at 35c for middling uplands.

FLOUR—Receipts [illegible] bbls; market dull and 5@10c lower; [illegible]. Rye flour quiet; sales 170 bbls at $4 50@6 65.

CORNMEAL—Scarce and quiet.

WHISKY—Without decided change; sales 175 bbls of Western at $1 [illegible].

GRAIN—[illegible] white Kentucky. Rye dull and heavy. Barley and barley malt nominal. [illegible]

GROCERIES—Rice firm at [illegible] for Carolina. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; sales 518 hhds Cuba at 11½@[illegible]; and Porto Rico at [illegible], and 700 bxs Havana at 12¼c. Molasses dull, and sales of 120 bxs Muscovado at [illegible].

PETROLEUM—Dull at 16¾@16⅞c for crude, and 31½c for refined.

HOPS—Quiet at 8@25c for American.

OILS—Linseed dull at [illegible].

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Dull at [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork dull and heavy; [illegible]. Lard heavy and drooping; [illegible] for steam and [illegible] for kettle rendered.

BUTTER—Dull at [illegible] for Ohio.

CHEESE—Steady at [illegible].

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool quiet; shipments of 13,000 bush wheat at [illegible] per sail, and [illegible] per steamer, and 700 bbls flour per sail at [illegible].

LATEST—5 P. M.

FLOUR—Closed at 5c lower.

GRAIN—Wheat 1c lower, with a moderate export demand. Rye nominal at $1 [illegible] for Western. Oats dull and heavy at [illegible] for new Western. Corn lower and dull at [illegible] for unsound, and $1 [illegible] for sound mixed Western.

PROVISIONS—Pork nominal. Beef quiet. Cut meats unchanged. Bacon firm and rather quiet. Lard dull at [illegible] for prime steam.

[illegible]

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.

Market more active and prices rule firmly. The only change of importance is the advance of ½c on Pemberton A bleached canton flannels, which now bring [illegible].

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 24—P. M.

FLOUR—Dull; family [illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat quiet, but holders firm and not much demand; red $1 [illegible]; white, $1 [illegible]. Corn advanced to $1, and demand good. Oats dull at [illegible]; supply increasing. Rye [illegible] and quiet.

TOBACCO—In active demand; sales [illegible] hhds at [illegible]; prices still tend upward owing to the unfavorable condition of the growing crop, which has suffered seriously by drouth in Kentucky and elsewhere.

COTTON—Nothing doing in cotton worthy of note and but little here.

WHISKY—Advanced to $1 [illegible], but was less buoyant at the close.

PROVISIONS—Quiet but firmly held, though there is but little demand for any article; mess pork held at [illegible]. Bulk meats [illegible]. Bacon [illegible] for shoulders, and [illegible] for clear rib and clear sides; [illegible] hhds clear rib sold at [illegible], to come out of smoke in ten days. Lard dull and not inquired for, and prices nominal. Sugar-cured hams [illegible].

BUTTER—Unchanged; best brings [illegible].

EGGS—Very dull at 15c selected.

OILS—Linseed dull at [illegible]. Lard oil advanced to $1 [illegible].

PETROLEUM—Unchanged and steady at [illegible].

CATTLE—Beef cattle dull and [illegible] lower; common $[illegible], fair to prime [illegible], and choice [illegible] to fancy extra [illegible] per cent gross.

SHEEP—In large supply and dull at $2@4, the latter an extreme rate.

HOGS—Dull; good to extra $7 [illegible]; common [illegible]; receipts large and the demand limited.

COAL—Steady. Youghiogheny 15c by the barge load and 16c delivered.

GOLD—133½ buying.

EXCHANGE—Steady.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24—P. M.

EXCHANGE—Eastern a trifle firmer at ⅛@[illegible] discount buying and par selling.

FLOUR—Quiet at [illegible] for spring extras.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and weak; No 1 [illegible] lower; No 2 opened at $1 [illegible], and closed at $1 [illegible] market this afternoon at $1 31, seller August; sales at $1 31 in settlement. Corn went [illegible] lower; No 2 opened at [illegible], and closed at [illegible]; rejected [illegible] lower at [illegible]; no grade [illegible]; market this afternoon at [illegible] for No 2, seller August, [illegible] seller September. Oats moderately active and [illegible] lower; No 2 opened at [illegible], and closed at [illegible]; rejected [illegible]. Rye quiet and steady at yesterday's quotations; sales of No 1 at [illegible]. Barley [illegible].

[illegible]

LIVE HOGS—Dull and [illegible].

CATTLE—Quiet at $[illegible] for Texas steers and $[illegible] for fair to good cows, [illegible] for fair to medium, and $[illegible] for good smooth shipping steers.

[illegible]

FREIGHTS—More quiet. Corn 5c and wheat 5½c to Buffalo.

RECEIPTS—Flour [illegible] bbls; wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush oats.

SHIPMENTS—[illegible] bbls flour, [illegible] bush wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush oats.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24—P. M.

TOBACCO—Offerings liberal and prices easy, but not materially lower.

COTTON—Nominal at [illegible].

FLOUR—[illegible] holding off for lower prices; [illegible] double extra.

GRAIN—Wheat opened firm but closed from 2 to 3c lower; No 2 spring $1 [illegible]; No 1 red fall $1 [illegible]; strictly prime red at $1 [illegible]; choice red $1 [illegible]; No 2 white $1 [illegible]; choice to fancy $1 [illegible]. Corn firm but [illegible]

[illegible]

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 24.

COTTON—Low middling 30c. Receipts 14 bales; exports 14 bales.

GRAIN—Corn [illegible]. Oats [illegible]. Wheat $1 [illegible].

HAY—[illegible].

BRAN—$17.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Bacon [illegible] sides [illegible]; shoulders [illegible].

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 24—P. M.

FLOUR—Dull.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and heavy; prime red $1 [illegible], and fair to good $1 [illegible]. Corn firm; prime white $1 [illegible]; yellow $1 [illegible]. Oats dull at [illegible]. Rye dull at [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork quiet at $34. Bacon quiet. Lard quiet at [illegible].

WHISKY—Less firm at $1 23.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.

PETROLEUM—Active at [illegible] for refined on spot, and [illegible] for September to December; crude [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Unchanged.

FLOUR—Dull and weak.

GRAIN—Wheat dull; red Western $1 [illegible]; white $1 [illegible]. Rye $1 [illegible]. Corn dull; mixed Western $1 [illegible]. Oats dull; new [illegible]; old Western [illegible].

WHISKY—$1 25 free.

PITTSBURG OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24—P. M.

The crude petroleum market is firm and prices unchanged; sales [illegible] bbls, seller August, at [illegible]; we quote seller all year at 14½c; buyer all year offered at 16c; refined stronger in feeling; sales of 1,000 bbls, seller August, at 32c; we quote September [illegible], and September to December, at [illegible].

NASHVILLE MARKET.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 24.

GRAIN—Wheat, demand brisk at $1 10 for red; $1 15 @1 20 for amber; $1 [illegible] for white. Rye 90c. Oats 65c. Corn 80c. Barley $1@1 10.

FLOUR—[illegible] for fancy brands.

PROVISIONS—Bacon sides [illegible]; shoulders 16c, hams 19c, lard 21½c.

DIED.

MAYDWELL—In this city, August 24th, at 10 o'clock P. M., JAMES MAYDWELL, aged 74 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, Gray street, between Floyd and Preston, this afternoon at half past two o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

Weisiger Hall.

For One Week, and a Saturday Matinee.

UNDER the management of MR. JNO. T. FORD, of the Baltimore and Washington Theaters, the

CHAPMAN SISTERS' *Burlesque Opera Company*

And the famous Comedian

Mr. Chas. B. Bishop.

MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 30, will be presented the famous operatic burlesque, ALADDIN, or the Wonderful Scamp. Aladdin, Miss Blanche; Pekoe, Miss Ella; the Widow Twankey, Mr. C. B. Bishop. To commence with THE HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE.

Tuesday—CINDERELLA.

Admission—Parquette, [illegible]; Balcony, [illegible]. Reserved Seats, [illegible], to be had at D. P. Faulds', No. [illegible] Main st., and Will S. Hays', 118 Fourth st., commencing Saturday morning. [illegible]

Base Ball at Cincinnati

Thursday, 26th.

Haymakers of Lansingburg (N. Y.) B. B. C.

Red Stockings of Cincinnati B. B. C.

VIA

Louisville & Cincinnati Short Line R. R

Champion, Prest of R. R., will [illegible]. Train leaves Louisville via the Short Line at [illegible]. Fare from Depot to B. B. grounds, & return, only $4. Tickets good for [illegible] hours. Members of clubs and friends, ladies and gents, are invited.

Trains leave Louisville and Cincinnati as follows: Leave Louisville at 5:30 A.M., arrive at Cin'ti [illegible] P.M. Leave Cincinnati at 11.15 P.M., arrive at Lou. [illegible] A.M.

This rate includes omnibus transfer from Covington to B. B. C. grounds and from hotels in Cincinnati to Depot in Covington.

P. S.—At close of game, take street cars to hotel, and at [illegible] omnibus will call and transfer you to the Short Line Depot. [illegible]

LIEDERKRANZ CONCERT

AT THE

Woodland Garden

ON

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 25, 1869.

Tickets to be had at D. P. Faulds' music store and H. Knoefel's and Dale & Holmes' book stores.

Tickets $1. Ladies free.

Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock P. M.

au19 d8

MARION COUNTY FAIR!

BEGINS AUGUST 31,

And Will Continue Five Days.

OUR fair grounds have been greatly improved since our last exhibition; our premium list more liberal; entrance fees much lower; our trotting track in fine condition; and our hotel accommodations are ample and good.

Special trains from Louisville, Richmond, and Lancaster will arrive at depot daily. Refreshments furnished on the grounds for all. The Louisville Star Band will discourse fine music. In fact, we intend to have nothing undone to make our fair the most pleasant and profitable to all who may visit us.

JOSEPH SPALDING, Prest.

R. MARSHALL, Secy. au13 deodtd

THIRD ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE

Warren County Agricultural and Mechanical Association

WILL be held near Bowling Green, Ky., Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Sept. 1, 2, 3, and 4. jy31 eodtd

AUCTION SALES.

TO-DAY.

BY C. J. MATTHEWS & CO.,

No. [illegible] Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

A Valuable Lot of Second-hand Household Goods, also Fine New Furniture, AT AUCTION.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, Aug. 25, at 10 o'clock, at auction rooms, a lot of fine new bedsteads, chairs, mattresses, &c.; also a large lot of second-hand goods of every description. Sale positive. Terms cash.

C. J. MATTHEWS & CO., Auctioneers.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

A Large and Fine Assortment of New and Second-hand Household Furniture, &c., AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 25, at 10 o'clock, at our auction room, [illegible], we will sell a splendid assortment of [illegible], extra fine wardrobes, fine marble-top bureaus, spring mattresses, [illegible] clocks, chairs, tables, and a numerous assortment of household goods, &c. Terms cash.

HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY WHARTON & CO.,

No. 382 Third street, between Main and Market.

REGULAR Furniture sale THIS MORNING at 10 o'clock—[illegible] mahogany parlor sets, 2 pieces, [illegible]; 1 set fine rosewood do, 9 pieces; 1 set second-hand brocatelle do, 3 pieces; together with 40 trunks, and valises, unclaimed baggage, and 1,000 other things. Come early. Terms cash.

WHARTON, Auctioneer.

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES

BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Aug. 25th and 26th, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., we will sell a general assortment of [illegible] and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, [illegible]. Also, at [illegible] each day, a large and desirable stock of seasonable Clothing, [illegible] since last sales. To all of which we invite the special attention of the trade. Terms cash.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

First Fall Sale Boots and Shoes for 1869.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 25, 1869, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at our auction rooms 1,000 cases and cartoons of Men's and Boys' [illegible], [illegible] calf and buff [illegible], [illegible] and fall stock boots, [illegible] stock we have ever offered.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

FUTURE SALES.

BY E. P. THIXTON & CO.,

No. 89 Market st., between Third and Fourth.

THURSDAY MORNING, Aug. 26, 1869, at 10 o'clock we will sell, without reserve, 300 dozen glass fruit jars; English tapestry, Brussels, and two-ply all-wool carpets; household and kitchen furniture of all kinds, office desks, pictures, china, glassware, &c. Sale positive to close consignments.

Terms cash.

E. P. THIXTON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY MERIWETHER & ISAACS.

U. S. Collector's Sale of Whisky and Vinegar.

WE will sell at public sale, by sample, to the highest bidder, at our office, No. [illegible] West Jefferson street, in the city of Louisville, on TUESDAY, September 7, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to-wit: [illegible] barrels whisky, [illegible], and 1 barrel vinegar.

Terms of sale cash.

J. H. BUCKNER, Col. 5th Dist. Ky.

MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Auctioneers. au24dtd

$5 Reward.

I will pay the above reward for the return of my [illegible] black-and-tan pup, "[illegible]."

MATTIE B. LUCAS,

[au24] No. [illegible] East Jeff. st.

WINTERSMITH'S

REMEDIES.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.

Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.

For sale by W. H. SUTTON,
au27 d4 corner Fourteenth and Jefferson.

LIFE OF ELDER JOHN SMITH

(Familiarly known as "Raccoon" Smith),

BY JOHN AUG. WILLIAMS.

The publishers of the "Christian Standard," edited by Isaac Errett and J. S. Lamar, have arranged to issue the Life of Elder John Smith [illegible]. [illegible] about 600 pages. [illegible]

R. W. CARROLL & CO., Publishers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HILL'S GOLD PEN

MANUFACTORY.

NO. 88 FOURTH STREET, [illegible]. [illegible] Pens repaired. Address E. C. HILL & CO.

STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER

PUBLIC SALES.

Sheriff's Sale.

J. D. Mathews, plaintiff, vs. Thos. E. Brown, &c., defendants—Jefferson Court of Common Pleas. Execution No. 4,[illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

The following property: A lot of ground on the north side of [illegible] street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, [illegible]. Levied on as the property of [illegible]. Surrendered by defendant to satisfy above execution.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

H. W. KORNHORST, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

Hall & Long, plaintiffs, vs. H. A. Hughes, &c., defendants—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. Execution No. 5,[illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale at the Court-house door in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

a lot of [illegible] feet of ground and improvements thereon, on west side of Third street, between Kentucky and Oak streets, subject to a mortgage in favor of J. W. Edwards, dated July 15, 1869. See deed book [illegible], page [illegible].

Levied upon as the property of Frank L. Hall to satisfy execution No. [illegible], which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of Hall & Long against H. A. Hughes.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

THOMAS SHANKS, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 20, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

Henry Zimmerman, plaintiff, vs. John Rotermund, defendant—Jefferson Court of Common Pleas. Executions Nos. 5,006 and 5,007.

I WILL expose to public sale at the Court-house door in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Kentucky, on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

The following property: A brick cottage and lot, situated on the east side of Garden, between Walnut and Marshall streets, said lot having a front of 27 feet on Garden street and extending back to Beargrass creek. See deed book 127, page 33.

Levied on as the property of John Rotermund to satisfy executions Nos. 5,006 and 5,007, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of Henry Zimmerman against John Rotermund.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

H. W. KORNHORST, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

J. B. and D. W. Linsey, plaintiffs, vs. J. M. Onion, &c., defendants—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. V. E. No. 1,269.

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

The following property: A lot of ground on the south side of [illegible] street at Myrtle avenue, having a front of 25 feet and extending back 200 feet to a 15 foot alley, together with improvements thereon. Deed book 141, page 133.

Levied upon as the property of C. D. McCallum, to satisfy V. E. No. 1,269, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of J. B. and D. W. Linsey, against J. M. Onion, &c.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

H. W. KORNHORST, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

Solomon Scheenfield and A. A. Quarier, plaintiffs, vs. B. Marks, &c., defendants—Court of Appeals and Jefferson Common Pleas Court. Executions Nos. 3,349 and 3,869.

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

The following described property: A lot of ground in square 1 of the subdivision between Rowan's heirs, between Harvey and Duncan and Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, having a front of 30 feet and extending back 145 feet. (See deed book 129, page 10.)

Levied upon as the property of B. Marks, to satisfy executions Nos. 3,349 and 3,869, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals and Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of Solomon Scheenfield and A. A. Quarier, against B. Marks, &c.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

H. W. KORNHORST, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

First National Bank of Louisville, plaintiff, vs. W. E. Hughes & Co., defendants—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. V. E. No. 5,214.

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

The interest of W. E. Hughes and J. E. Bowman in a house and lot on the east side Twelfth street, between Grayson and Walnut. [For better description see deed book 145, page 379.]

Levied on as the property of Hughes & Bowman, to satisfy V. E. 5,214, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of First National Bank, against W. E. Hughes & Co.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

FRED. HOPKE, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

Thomas Coleman, plaintiff, vs. G. W. Womack, defendant, Jefferson Court of Common Pleas. V. E. No. [illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door in Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1869,

[illegible] acres of land bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone in John Blankenbaker's line, thence north [illegible], east [illegible] poles and [illegible] links, thence north [illegible] deg. [illegible] min. west [illegible] poles to a stone, thence south parallel with line first named [illegible] poles [illegible] links to a stone corner to Blankenbaker's line in [illegible] line, thence south parallel with second line named [illegible] poles to the beginning.

Levied upon as the property of George W. Womack, to satisfy V. E. No. [illegible], which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of Thomas Coleman against Geo. W. Womack.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

R. G. VANCE, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 20, 1869. au21 d2d

Sheriff's Sale.

John Christopher, plaintiff, vs. Katherine Fillion, defendant, Jefferson Court of Common Pleas. Execution No. [illegible].

I WILL expose to public sale, at the Court-house door in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county, Ky., on

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1869,

the life interest of the defendant in and to the following property: A lot of ground on the east side of Sixth, between Prather and York streets, having a front of 40 feet and extending back 160 feet, together with all the improvements thereon. (See deed book 93, page 201, and also deed book 99, page 404.)

Levied on as the property of Katherine Fillion to satisfy execution No. 1,400, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Court Common Pleas, in the name of John Christopher against Katherine Fillion.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

H. W. KORNHORST, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, Aug. 21, 1869. au21 d2d

Executrix Sale of Blacksmith's Tools and Lease of Blacksmith Shop.

ON NEXT THURSDAY, August 26th, at 3 o'clock P. M., I will offer at public auction, on the north side of Market street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, a large lot of blacksmith's tools. Also a two-years lease on the shop. The same is in one of the best localities of the city.

a20 dtd LOUISE HUBY, Executrix.

Chancery Sale of Valuable Cotton Mills and Land in Lawrence County, Tenn.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of Columbia, Tenn., at the March term thereof, 1869, in the case of J. R. R. Carpenter and wife vs. Lenora E. Wilson et al, I am now offering for sale that valuable property known as the Laurel Hill Cotton Mills, situated in Lawrence county, Tenn., on Little Buffalo river. Said mills are in good running condition, with 1,000 spindles, batting cards, 32 looms, and all machinery necessary for manufacturing four-quarter sheetings. The building is brick, [illegible] feet, four stories, with other buildings, sufficient for one hundred operatives. Also a good frame cottage, with 8 rooms, a good store-house, saw-mill, and grist-mill with two sets runners, with a good gin attached. Also a tan-yard with dyes, all the machinery and fixtures in good condition, with water power sufficient for fifty per cent. more machinery.

Also 1,500 acres of land, upon which said mills are situated, about 300 of which are in cultivation.

Bids will be received at the office of the Clerk and Master of said Court until the 17th day of September next for said property, subject to the approval of said Court.

TERMS—One, two, three, four, and five years' credit, with interest from date, the purchaser required to execute notes with good security, and a lien retained for the payment of the purchase money.

Parties desiring to examine the property can call upon John T. Wilson, Esq., on the premises.

[illegible] J. E. WILLIAMS, Receiver.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of Columbia, I will sell on the [illegible] day of September next, at the court-house door in Columbia, to the highest bidder, the [illegible] farm of [illegible], situated in Maury county, Tennessee. [illegible]

TERMS—Half cash; balance [illegible] January, 1870, the other half 1st day of January, 1871, notes with good security, with interest from date, and a lien retained on the land until the purchase-money is paid.

[illegible] GID. J. PILLOW, Commissioner.

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1869, about the hour of 12 o'clock M., I will sell, on the premises, at public sale, to the highest bidder, the farm lately owned by Maj. John B. Bonny, deceased. It contains about [illegible] acres, and is situated in Jessamine county, Ky., on the Nicholasville and Danville turnpike road, six miles south of Nicholasville. [illegible]

TERMS—One-third cash, and the residue in two equal annual installments, with interest secured.

STEPHEN BONNER, Trustee.

N. B.—Address me at Cincinnati, Ohio, or J. S. Bronaugh, Esq., at Nicholasville, Ky.

S. B.

Notice.

LARGE SALE of IRON.

DEPOT Q. M. OFFICE, JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Aug. 14, 1869.

I WILL sell at public auction, at the Depot at Jeffersonville, Ind., at 10 o'clock A. M. on WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of September, 1869, a large lot of iron, consisting of various sizes, as follows, viz:

About [illegible] lbs band iron of the following sizes, viz: [illegible]

About [illegible] lbs round iron of the following sizes, viz: [illegible]

About [illegible] lbs square iron of the following sizes, viz: [illegible]

About [illegible] lbs bar iron, consisting of the following sizes: [illegible]

About [illegible] half-round iron.
About [illegible] oval iron.
About [illegible] ambulance tire iron.
About [illegible] wagon tire iron.

Terms of sale cash.

By order of Q. M. General.

J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen., & Q. M. U. S. A., Depot Q. M.

PIANOS.

[illegible] HINTZEN & ROSEN [illegible]

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS

Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

[illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—[illegible]. [illegible] at a bargain. [illegible] Main street, between Sixth and Market. [illegible]

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING—[illegible] rooms, bath-room, gas and water, on First street, near Breckinridge. Apply to WOODS & BRO., 119 Fourth street. au21 d6*

FOR RENT—UP STAIRS—The upstairs of [illegible] Main street, nearly finished, [illegible]. Inquire at [illegible] Walnut, above Jackson. Reference required. au21 d5*

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A comfortable two-story brick house, all newly papered and painted, 8 rooms and kitchen, cellar, hall, gas, and water, large yard and stable, [illegible] outbuildings, situated on south side of Madison street, between Fourth and Thirteenth. Rent very low to a good, careful tenant. Apply to E. B. JONES, Tobacco Factory, No. 475 Market street, or GRESHAM, BARNETT & CO., 74 West Main street. au25 d2

FOR RENT—DWELLING—The dwelling on the north-east corner of Seventh and Jefferson streets, containing twelve rooms, newly painted, in complete order, suitable for a boarding-house. Apply to Mrs. ALICE F. MARSHALL, No. 1[illegible] Third st. au21 d3

FOR RENT—HOUSE—On Third street, between Main and Market, at present occupied by F. M. Jones. ALFRED T. POPE, Trustee. au21 d5*

FOR RENT—SCHOOL ROOM—Large enough to accommodate 80 or 90 scholars, completely furnished with desks, blackboard and stove, situated on Chestnut street, near Second. Apply to R. B. WILSON, Agent, 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. au21 deod 5t*

FOR RENT—HOTEL AND STORE-ROOM—The Broadway House, opposite the Nashville Railroad Depot, containing 27 rooms. The store-room attached will rent by itself, or I will remodel and put in order for [illegible]. This is one of the best stands in the [illegible] city for a small hotel or a grocery, or the store-room for a [illegible] would make an admirable stand for hardware or dry goods, boots, shoes, &c. Apply to W. E. CURD, at Curd & Craycroft's.

au21 Frank Wolf

FOR RENT—A house of nine rooms, attic, kitchen, coal-house, &c. Address W. [illegible] West Main street. au21 d3*

FOR RENT OR SALE—BUILDING—A large three-story brick building with a dry house attached, [illegible] brick smoke-house, [illegible], together with an engine, boiler, shafting, &c., all in good working order. The building is on a large lot, 120 feet front, and is suitable for any manufacturing purpose or foundry. Possession can be given immediately. For terms of rent or price of property address Box L., P. O. au21 d5*

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—The very desirable residence, No. 133 Broadway, bet. Fourth and Fifth streets. Contains 12 rooms. Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, or R. W. Marsh & Son, 143 West Market. au21 d3*

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—On Preston st., bet. Broadway and Jacob, containing 7 rooms. Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, 136 Main st. au21 d3*

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—The store-house No. 115 Main st., between Third and Fourth. Apply at the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky, to J. H. LINDENBERGER. au21 d6*

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A large and well-lighted store-house on Bullitt street, well adapted for manufacturing or storage. Apply to D. G. FAIR, 180 Fourth st. au21 d3*

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the centrally located building southeast corner Third and Market, containing large hall [illegible], suitable for a lodge room, two small halls [illegible], and several rooms for offices, &c. Apply to HART & NAPOTSKY, 118 & 120 West Main st. au21 d6*

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—OFFICE—[illegible]. The front office on second floor, southwest corner Fourth and Main, is for rent and furniture for sale. Possession given immediately. Apply on the premises to M. L. RUSTON. au21 d6*

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—COW AND MARE—A yellow cow, [illegible] marked in both ears. The owner can have her by proving property. Also a brown mare, 15 hands high, without any white marks, blind in one eye. Owner can prove property and take her away. Six miles from town on Bardstown road. J. [illegible] BIRKS. au21 d3*

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Three or four young men can be accommodated with first-class day boarding, by applying at No. 200 Fifth st., bet. Chestnut and Broadway. au21 d5*

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a fine large front room, with good board, in a private family. Apply at 130 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth streets. jy5 deodtf

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—MULE—On last Tuesday one brown horse mule 14 hands high, four years old, lame in the right hind leg. A liberal reward will be paid for his delivery at my brick yard, corner Floyd and Kentucky. H. S. LYTLE. au21 d3*

STRAYED—COW—From the undersigned, August 4, a small light roan cow, [illegible] regular-shaped horns, with gimlet-holes in them. Any one who will deliver said cow or will give information which may lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded. J. EHRIGER, No. 16 W. Market. au21 d3*

LOST.

LOST—A GARNET EAR-RING—A reward will be paid for its return to E. J. DAUMONT & CO., Jewelers, 76 Fourth st. au21 d3*

LOST—POCKET-BOOK—On Market street, between Chapel and Twelfth streets, a new calf-skin pocket-book containing $9 or $10, three cash notes payable to T. W. Mitchell, and other papers. Finder will confer a great favor by returning the pocket-book and papers to the LOUISVILLE TOBACCO WAREHOUSE, corner of Tenth and Main streets, keeping the cash for his trouble. au21 d3

STEAMBOATS.

Notice to Shippers.

I am giving through bills of lading to Shreveport, Jefferson, and all intermediate points on Red river, and to all points on White, Little Red, and Black rivers, and to Kansas City, Omaha, and Council Bluffs on Missouri river. Also to Brian, Cheyenne, Corrinne, Ogden, Sacramento, and San Francisco on the Union Pacific Railroad, and to all points on the Hannibal and St. Joe. and Des Moines Valley Railroads via St. Louis.

au17 d1m H. W. SATTERWHITE, 39 Fourth street.

United States Mail and Adams Express Co.'s Packet For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson.

TARASCON ... MATHER, Master,

Will leave as above on This Day, the 25th, at 5 P. M., from New Albany.

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

Regular Express Line Packet For Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis.

KATE KINNEY ... JAS. FENISTON, Master,

Will leave as above on Thursday, the 26th inst., at 12 m., from city wharf.

MONTGALM & CO., Agents.

Regular Mem. [illegible] Arkansas River Tri-Weekly Packet Company.

JOS. [illegible] D. ADAMS, [illegible] ...

[illegible] Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday for all points on the Arkansas river. [illegible] White river. [illegible]

JOS. T. FORBES, Agent, 4 Fourth st.

"Old Reliable."

Louisville, Madison, and Carrollton Packet,

LENORA No. 2,

NOAH NEAL, Master ... W. LILLEY, Clerk.

Leaves the foot of Fourth street [illegible] for Madison, Carrollton, and all landings [illegible] every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 o'clock M.

ap16 dtf THOS. SMALL, Agent.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE

U. STATES MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

FARE [illegible] including meals [illegible].

UNITED STATES MAIL MORNING LINE AT 5 A. M. One of the magnificent steamers.

GEN. BUELL ... [illegible], Master.

[illegible] ... C. DAVIS, Master.

[illegible] EVENING LINE AT 7 P. M. One of the new and splendid double-decked steamers.

ST. CHARLES ... D. WHITNEY, Master.

GEN. LYTLE ... R. W. WADE, Master.

Landing only at Madison.

[illegible] Freight [illegible] between Louisville and Cincinnati will be received [illegible].

[illegible]

au23 dtf FRANK CARTER, Supt.

GRAIN BAGS.

5,000 3-BUSHEL Seamless Cotton Bags.
5,000 3-bushel Union A Sacks.
2,500 3-bushel Gunny Burlaps.
2,500 3-bushel California Bags (used ones).
10,000 4-bushel Gunny Burlaps.

Now in store and to arrive.

au21 d3 MORRELL, WRIGHT & SANDERS.

Entire New Stock of Carpets

JUST received, a full line of carpets, consisting of the following: Velvet, English Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three-ply Ingrains, Venetian Hemp, Rag and list, canton, cocoa and China matting, and mats. Also, a fine line of floor and table oil cloths, window shades, lace and Nottingham lace curtains, all of which will be sold very low for cash.

C. KETCHUM,

au21 deod3 No. 79 Main street, between Second and Third.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer to the trade in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates, ranges, stoves, and furnaces. It gives a more intense heat than ordinary coal, and will last from 2½ to 3 times as long. It saves storage-room, labor, and attention. When once lighted a fire may be kept up all season without rekindling. For cooking purposes it cannot be equaled.

jy28 d3m O'NEIL & CO., 4[illegible] Fourth st.

Flannels and Linseys.

60 BALES scarlet, white, yellow, and mixed Flannels;

25 bales scarlet and mixed Twill Flannels;

20 cases Irvine & Salmon, Park Mills, Columbia, White Rock, and other brands 6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 Plaid Linseys;

10 cases all-wool Rob Roy Plaids, assorted;

10 cases brown Canton Flannels;

10 cases bleached "

Received and for sale by

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,

au21 76 and 78 Sixth street.

Jeans.

20 CASES assorted Eastern Jeans;

[illegible]

Received and for sale by

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,

au21 76 and 78 Sixth street.

Blankets.

25 CASES Bed Blankets, assorted grades;

[illegible] bales heavy blue Blankets.

Received and for sale by

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,

76 and 78 Sixth street.

JAMES T. HELM, M. D.

OFFICE, Northwest corner of Second and Jefferson streets. Residence, No. 397 Second street, between Gray and Broadway. [illegible]

KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.

WE are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, [illegible].

W. F. WATERS & CO.,

93 Main s [illegible]

H. STRUBY,

Architect.

[illegible] corner Main and Seventh sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

[illegible]

WANTED.

WANTED—100 GIRLS—By the best of KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets, to [illegible] at once. All competent females who [illegible] are invited to call and obtain situations free of charge. MILLER & CO.

WANTED—HELP, &c.—Situations for 1 grocery clerk, [illegible] coachmen, drivers, 3 porters, 3 traveling [illegible], [illegible] boys, laborers, &c. Mechanics, farm hands, [illegible]. Apply at KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson.

WANTED—50 TEAMS—On the Nashville Branch of the [illegible] Railroad. Good wages given. Apply on the work at Jeffersonville, Ind. [illegible] PATTERSON, Contractor. au25 d3*

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a first-class circular sawyer who can operate successfully in all kinds of timber. Address Box 58, [illegible], Ky. W. L. MILLER. au21 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—A young lady graduate, who has had several years' experience as teacher of the common English branches, desires employment. Address "Teacher," Box 70, Steubenville, Ohio. au21 d2

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE—Modern improvements, at No. 164 Main st., near Fifth.

WANTED—A WET NURSE—One without a child preferred. Apply at the residence of Jas. Bridgeford, on Broadway, between Fourth and Fifth. au21 d3*

WANTED—FEATHERS—All the good second-hand feathers I can get, for the next ten days. Will pay the highest cash price at my furniture store, southwest corner of Twelfth and Market streets. J. B. DEEN. au21 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—As book-keeper in a first-class house, by a young married man, at present employed by a wholesale firm. Reference given to present employers. Address BOOK-KEEPER, this office. au21 d3*

WANTED—A GOOD COOK—At the northeast corner of Mulberry and old Market streets, Jeffersonville, Ind. au21 d3

WANTED—SITUATION AS TEACHER—By a young lady well qualified to teach the higher English branches and Latin. Can give good references. Address TEACHER, Box 67, Augusta, Ky. au24 d3*

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a young lady, as first-class milliner. Address L. S., Postoffice. au24 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—A lady, who has had some experience in teaching, desires a situation. Her course of instruction comprises the usual English branches, with French, music, drawing and painting. Best references given and required. Address Miss E. L. MORTIMER, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pa. au23 d6*

WANTED—TO LEASE—A nicely-furnished modern built brick house of six or seven rooms, within the limits of Brook and Seventh and Walnut and Breckinridge streets. Will lease for twelve months and pay a liberal price. Apply to WARFIELD & WEST, Agents, 93 Jefferson st. au21 d3 Sun, Tues, and Wed*

WANTED—SITUATION—By an experienced man in a wholesale or retail business. Will loan party $1,500 or $2,000. Address with real name, "CASH," Courier-Journal. au21 d3*

WANTED—INFORMATION of A. McKENZIE—The above-named has sandy complexion, sandy hair, blue eyes, and is 5 feet 11 inches high. May have assumed an alias. Has with him a boy child 11 months old. When last heard from, about 12 weeks since, was in Elizabethtown, Ky. Any information regarding said person will be thankfully received by addressing M. E. F., at the Courier-Journal office. au21 d3*

WANTED—INFORMATION—Any information concerning the whereabouts of a colored boy, named Eugene Freeman, who left Jeffersonville, Ky., on Sunday, will be thankfully received. Said boy was last seen on the Taylorsville pike going towards the city. He was from New Richmond, Ohio, and about 15 years old, quick spoken, and a good talker. Address T. S. RUFFANER, 84 Beargrass street, or LOUIS TRIPP'S music store, 118 Main st. au21 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—A lady competent to teach all the English branches and French, desires a situation in a school or private family. Satisfactory references given. Address E. J. C., Evansville, Indiana. au21 d6*

WANTED—A house of six or eight rooms. Must be in good repair. Call at 323 West Main street. au21 d3*

WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—Well established. For particulars address Box 144, Bowling Green, Ky. je5 dtf

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—DISTRICT AND LOCAL AGENTS—Germans and Americans, both ladies and gentlemen. Business remunerative and highly respectable. None but those of high social standing need apply. Address "Manager," P. O. Box 21, Louisville, Ky. au15 d3&w3m

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 A DAY—To male and female agents to introduce the Buckeye $20 Shuttle Sewing Machine. Stitch alike on both sides, and is the only licensed shuttle machine in the market sold for less than $40. All others are infringements, and the seller and user are liable to prosecution and imprisonment. Full particulars free. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio. au21 d4t

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—GROCERY—I will sell my grocery, situated on Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at private sale. This is a most excellent stand, and situated in one of the best business localities in the city for a retail grocery. If not sold by Saturday, it will be put up at public auction. F. A. BARTELS. au21 d4

FOR SALE—TWO NICE BUILDING LOTS—Each [illegible] feet to an alley, situated on the south side of Walnut street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth. For particulars apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 296 Market street. au21 d3

FOR SALE—TWO DWELLINGS—Situated on the north side of Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth streets. The lots to each are 30 feet front by 198 feet deep to an alley. The houses are complete, having eight rooms each, with gas and water, [illegible], and all modern improvements. Apply to PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, Main, between Fourth and Fifth streets, or to SNEAD & CO., Market, between Eighth and Ninth streets. au21 d3

FOR SALE—COTTAGES AND LOTS—Two nice cottages and lots, on the southeast cor. of Madison and Fourteenth streets, will be sold cheap for cash. The corner cottage would make an excellent stand for a grocery store. Each cottage has four rooms, gas, water, cistern, cellar, &c., and is in a good neighborhood. Call on JOHN McCARTHY, No. 3 Court Place, Aug. 23, 1869, for one week. au24 d5

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE RESIDENCE—With ten acres of land attached, delightfully located on the Bardstown road, half mile from Broadway, containing six rooms, kitchen, pantry, and attic, large yard, with all necessary out-buildings, in good repair. Will rent or lease for a term of years to a responsible tenant. Apply at [illegible]. au21 d5*

FOR SALE FOR 1 WEEK—HOUSE AND LOT—A very desirable house and lot, 7 rooms and attic, water, gas, stable, and carriage house, all in good order, centrally located, in an unobjectionable neighborhood. The furniture can be had if desired. Will exchange a part for vacant ground in the city. For further particulars apply to or address [illegible] REMINGTON & CO., 74 west Main, near Third st.

au21 deod3t

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of parlor, bed-room, dining-room and kitchen furniture, nearly new—everything complete for a small family—at No. 210 Center street, between Walnut and Chestnut. The house, containing six rooms, kitchen and cellar, is for rent. Apply between 1 and 3 o'clock P. M. au21 d4

FOR SALE—A handsome BRICK COTTAGE—Containing 8 rooms, located in a good neighborhood, will be sold on easy terms, at a bargain. Apply to E. D. PRYER, 184 Fourth st. au21 d3*

Bamberger & Bloom Block.

FOR SALE—SALOONS—Two of the best saloons in the city. SHERMAN F. WHALEY, 32 West Market st.

FOR SALE—CORN MILL—Situated on Washington street, between Pocahontas and Buchanan, complete and in good order. Apply to DANIEL F. ROBERTS, at Glue Factory, Butchertown, Louisville, Ky. au21 d3*

FOR SALE—LEASEHOLD—The leasehold of the building at northwest corner of Second and Market streets. Possession given the 1st September. Inquire at the store. G. M. KRIM. au21 d3

FOR SALE—PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY—Centrally located, with splendid sky and side lights, the best of instruments, stock, chemicals, &c., and well-furnished rooms—the best stand in the city—for small amount cash, balance on long time. For full particulars address, for one week, P. O. Box 689, Louisville, Ky. au21 d3*

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—I offer for sale my residence, situated on the north side of Broadway, between Floyd and Preston streets. The house is entirely new with all the modern improvements. It has an irregular double front with veranda, contains four large rooms with hall, kitchen, china closet and store-room on the first floor. The second floor has the same number of rooms, with bath room and closets adjoining, also a high attic with [illegible] well-finished rooms. [illegible] for servants' rooms [illegible] opposite [illegible]. [illegible] a comfortable house would do well to examine the property before purchasing elsewhere, and apply on the premises. Mrs. A. GRAY. au21 d3*

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—One of the most desirable residences in Portland. A double house, containing [illegible] rooms, with stables for horses or cows, carriage house and wood-shed, and lot 100 feet front by [illegible] feet deep, running to a 20-foot alley, situated on the corner of Market and Chestnut streets, Portland, will be sold at a liberal price. The yard is splendidly planted with grapes, several hundred of the choicest fruit trees, evergreens, &c. There is also a fine view of the river and the city of New Albany. For further particulars apply to JOHN OTTO MUNCH, southside Market street, between Fifth and Sixth. au21 d1m

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—The undersigned would sell his residence, situated on Chestnut, between Sixth and Seventh streets. The lot is 30 feet front by 200 to a 15-foot alley. Improvements good. The property will be sold on part cash, balance in 1, 2, and 3 years, or would exchange for a farm in [illegible] county, Kentucky, or other property [illegible]. WM. H. GROVES. au21 d3*

FOR SALE—A RETAIL DRUG STORE—Apply to J. M. ARMSTRONG & CO., corner Green and Preston. au21 d3*

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS—CHEAP—Some valuable lots on Broadway and Jacob street. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers. jy31 dtf

FOR SALE—12 SPRING WAGONS—Different sizes, suitable for city express or country use. J. FINN, No. 1[illegible] Jackson street, between Jefferson and Green. je21 dtf

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE DWELLING-HOUSE—With all the modern improvements, and in first-rate order, situated on the west side of Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway. Apply to JOS. T. TOMPKINS, Sixth street, bet. Market and Main. je21 dtf

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE OR RENT—25 ACRES CHOICE GARDEN LAND—With two large brick dwellings, and out-houses of every kind, all in perfect order, together with a variety of choice fruit, situated at the terminus of the Fourteenth street Railroad, fronting the Ohio river. The grounds around the houses are tastefully laid out, and set with shade and ornamental trees and shrubbery. Will be sold low or rented cheap. Apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 296 Market street, bet. Seventh and Eighth. au21 d3

FOR SALE—TWO SHEET-IRON TANKS, 14 feet long, 3 feet diameter, [illegible] inch thick, and [illegible]. Also, four sheet-iron stills, [illegible] inch iron, 4 feet high, 3 feet diameter, and eight [illegible] inch cylinder, [illegible] inch stroke. [illegible] are in good condition. Address W. L. ABBOTT, Agent, Maysville, Ky.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM—One of the best fruit and stock farms in Jefferson county, [illegible] miles from the city, containing [illegible] acres, [illegible] cleared and under fence, [illegible] good house, [illegible]. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, 168 West Jefferson st. au21 dtf

FOR SALE—ATTENTION GARDENERS AND SPECULATORS—Twenty acres of No. 1 Beargrass land, [illegible] suitable for gardening or [illegible], [illegible] on the Bardstown road. [illegible]. Apply to WARFIELD & WEST, 93 West Jefferson street. [illegible]

FOR SALE—BOILER AND ENGINE—[illegible] engine, [illegible] in good running order. [illegible] SMITH, Brandenburg, Ky. [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] [illegible]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM AND [illegible] LANDS—[illegible] [illegible] MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, [illegible] West Jefferson st. au21 dtf

FOR SALE—60 ACRES OF NO. 1 LAND—On [illegible] road, [illegible] miles from the city, [illegible]. Apply to MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers. [illegible]

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell my tobacco factory, located in Henderson, Ky. [illegible]. For further particulars apply to the proprietor, at Henderson, Ky. J. H. TAYLOR. jy31 d3m